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The Bombay Gazette.

No. 29,068—New Series.
BOMBAY:—TUESDAY, MAY 30, 1893.

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PRICE, 8 ANNAS.
THE INDIAN RAILWAY TRAVELLERS' GUIDE,
CONTAINING
The Special Time and Fare Tables of all the Indian Railway Companies, Steam Boats and Dak Companies, Places of Interest along the Coast, Postal and Telegraphic Information, the Routes between the Principal Towns of Northern, Central, Southern, and Western India, &c.
WITH A MAP OF INDIA.
BOMBAY:
Printed & Published at the *Bombay Gazette* Steam Press.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	1893. Friday.
B.I. SUTLEJ	4189	800	W. D.G. Worcester	2nd June.
†* ASSAM	3090	500	T. F. Creery	9th „
B.I. ORIENTAL	5045	800	S. H. Moule	16th „
†* SIAM	3050	500	H. T. Weighell	23rd „
B.I. SHANNON	4189	800	E. Crewe	30th „
†* ASSAM	3090	500	T. F. Creery	7th July.
B.I. MASSILIA	4918	1000	C. Fraser	14th „
†* SIAM	3050	500	H. T. Weighell	21st „
B.I. CARTHAGE	5013	1000	M. de Horne	28th „
†* ASSAM	3090	500	T. F. Creery	4th Aug.
B.I. PENINSULAR	5045	1200	A. C. Loggin	11th „

The Steamers marked B.I. proceed to Brindisi, Malta, Gibraltar, Plymouth, and London.

† * These Vessels proceed to Aden only, and Passengers tranship there to a Steamer for Brindisi and London. No Passengers for Marseilles can proceed by these Steamers.

Single and return Railway Tickets from Brindisi to London by the Mail route can be obtained, and Coupons are issued for places in the Sleeping Cars of the special "P. & O. Express."

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A Steam Barge leaves the Victoria Dock Wall at 3 p. m. on the day of sailing to convey passengers on board, and only hand-packages will be received.

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Passage-tickets are issued to London *via* Japan and Vancouver.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AUSTRALIA, AND NEW ZEALAND.

Steamers leave Bombay on or about the undernoted dates, conveying H. M.'s Mails from Colombo to China. Passengers for Australia tranship at Colombo:—

31st May. 28th June. 26th July.
14th June. 12th July.

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For further particulars apply to

H. W. ULOTH,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 23rd May, 1893.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S.N. Co.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

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Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail on
IMPERATOR	C. Bechtinger	4,070	750	1st June 1893.
AMPHITRITE	B. Vidos	3,820	600	1st July „

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 600	Rs. 325	Rs. 150

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 3rd, and BRINDISI on the 5th. of each month.

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Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail on
MARIA VALERIE	A. Mitis	4,260	350	9th June 1893.
THISBE	G. Costanzo	2,867	300	9th July „

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THIS ROUTE.

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TO TRIESTE	Rs. 500	Rs. 300	Rs. 150

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Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail
GISELA	F. Cossovich	4,253	350	21st June.

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O. VON HOFFER,
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Sassoon House: Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, May 9, 1893.

ANCHOR LINE.

BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail about
ISPANIA	3,380	S. Abrey	6th June.

Passengers can book through to London (Overland from Marseilles) on favourable terms.

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Each Steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and an experienced Stewardess, and is fitted out with every comfort for First Class Passengers.

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S. S. "PEMBA," 1,552 tons, on the 4th June, at 11 a.m., or as soon thereafter as the Incoming English Mail arrives, calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bushire, Fao, Mahomerah, and Busreh, in the foregoing order.

FOR KARACHI DIRECT.

S. S. "PACHUMBA," 1,168 tons, on the 3rd June, at 10 a.m.

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S. S. "KERBELA," 1,961 tons, on the 1st June, at 2 p.m., calling at such Ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the Undersigned.

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Bombay, 29th May, 1893.

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"KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES."
"KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES."
"KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES."

"A Simple Fact about" KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES. Ask throughout the World, in any country that can be named, you will find them largely sold. There is absolutely no remedy that is so speedy in giving relief, so certain to cure, and yet the most delicate can take them.

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"94, Commercial Road, Peckham, July 12.

"Dear Sir,—I am a poor hand at expressing my feelings, but I should like to thank you. Your lozenges have done wonders in relieving my terrible cough. Since I had the operation of "Tracheotomy" (the same as the late Emperor of Germany, and unlike him, thank God, I am still alive,) performed at St. Bartholomew's Hospital, no one could possibly have had a more violent cough; it was so bad at times that it quite exhausted me. The mucus, which was very copious and hard, has been softened, and I have been able to get rid of it without difficulty.—I am, Sir, yours truly, J. HILL."

MEDICAL NOTE.

The above speaks for itself. From strict inquiry it appears that the benefit from using Keating's Cough Lozenges is understated. The operation was a specially severe one, and was performed by the specialist, Dr. H. T. Butlin, of St. Bartholomew's Hospital. Since the operation the only means of relief is the use of these Lozenges. So successful are they that one affords immediate benefit, although from the nature of the case the throat irritation is intense.

UNRIVALLED TESTIMONY:

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Keating's Cough Lozenges, the unrivalled remedy for COUGH, HOARSENESS, and THROAT TROUBLES, are sold in Bottles by all Chemists.

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of the Blood, whether the after-effect of Contagious Disease, hereditary taint, or foul matter of any description, are positively carried out of the system by taking "CLARKE'S WORLD-FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE," the great Blood Purifier and Restorer. For cleansing and clearing the Blood from all impurities it cannot be too highly recommended. For Scrofula, Scurvy, Eczema, Skin and Blood Diseases, and Sores of all kinds, it is a never-failing and permanent Cure. It is the only real specific for Gout and Rheumatic Pains for it removes the *cause* from the blood and bones. To be had of Chemists, &c., everywhere at 2s. 9d. and 11s. per bottles. Thousands of Testimonials.

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TRY, AND YOU WILL ALWAYS BUY "BAHADUR" CIGARS.

SMOKE, AND YOU WILL ALWAYS ENJOY.

BAHADUR REGALIAS	6	inches long, in boxes of	50
BAHADUR PRINCESSES	5	„ „	50
BAHADUR No. 1	4½	„ „	100
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COMPLETELY RESTORE PHYSICAL VIGOUR, MENTAL ACTIVITY, AND BUSINESS CAPACITY.

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Taken with great advantage as a direct nutrient to brain "nerve" tissue in all cases of Loss of Power, arising from Excessive Activity of the Nervous system. They contain the usual dose of unoxidized Phosphorus. Invaluable in Neuralgia, and cases of Extreme Exhaustion.

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A valuable combination. As a *nutrient tonic* it gives power to the brain and spinal cord, imparts tone to the organs, increases functional activity, and improves the condition of the whole system. Largely employed during the convalescent stages of intermittent and remittent fevers. An excellent remedy for *Malaise* induced by residence in tropical climates.

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Given with great advantage in all Neuralgic affections, and debilitating diseases. A powerful restorative. Especially useful in Loss of Power following Excesses.

COMPOUND PHOSPHORUS PILL, No. 9.
(Containing Phosphorus, Iron, Quinine and Strychnine).

This combination of Nerve Tonics has a very large application. It is most efficacious in all disorders characterised by impoverished blood and diminished nerve power, especially in that low condition of general health induced by dissipation and excesses of various kinds, in which state Iron and Phosphorus are needed. In Constitutional Syphilis it has a high remedial value by stimulating regenerative power. It is exceedingly energising and strength-giving as a tonic for convalescents recovering from fever and other exhausting diseases.

STRONG COMPOUND PHOSPHORUS PILLS, No. 173.

This combination is double the strength of No. 9 *as regards Phosphorus and Quinine*, and therefore should be given *only* in cases where the larger dose of Phosphorus is needed.

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Given with highly beneficial effect in Anæmia, Sciatica and all Neuralgic and debilitating diseases.

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A valuable tonic, the use of which will be gathered from what has been said of the preceding Formulae, Nos. 3 and 6. For a similar combination with Iron, see No. 9.

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This pill produces *no irritation* of the gasrot intestinal mucous membrane, but operates as a gentle stimulant to the genito urinal organs. It is especially useful in premature failure of power, induced by passive discharges due to debility. It is useful also as a stimulating emmenagogue in obstinate cases of *Amenorrhœa Leucorrhœa*, and *Atony of the Uterus*. Formula 30 is the same pill with the addition of Iron, and is most suitable as a tonic for *feeble, anæmic* females.

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This Pill is made from the *True* Damiana Plant, which is a valuable aid to Phosporus when required as a remedy for impotence. No. 36 contains Nux Vomica in addition, and for some cases is a more suitable preparation.

In Bottles, 3s. 5s. & 10s. each (English Money). The 10s. Bottle contains sufficient for 4 weeks.

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OGDEN'S SILVER VEIL TOBACCO

Is packed in their Patent Tins, which are guaranteed to keep their Contents in Fresh and Beautiful Condition in any Climate of the World.

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NOTICES.

BOMBAY CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

NOTICE is hereby given that, in Accordance with the Rules passed at the GENERAL MEETING of the CHAMBER of COMMERCE, held on the 10th instant, the Committee have appointed WEDNESDAY, 31st May, 1893, for the purpose of BALLOTING for the Election of a Representative of the Chamber to be proposed to H. E. the Governor in Council for nomination as an Additional Member of the Council of the Governor of Bombay for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations, under the Indian Councils Act, 1892.

The BALLOT-BOX will be open at the Offices of the Chamber from 10 a.m. till 6 p. m. on the above day.

By Order of the Committee.
JOHN MARSHALL,
Secretary.
Chamber of Commerce: Bombay, 22nd May, 1893.

MRS. MARIE C. BOND,

DIPLOMAED MIDWIFE.
Duncan Road, opposite Treacher and Co., Byculla.

SUCCESSFUL TREATMENT in Gynæcological cases, Uteri diseases, Obstetrics, and all Diseases peculiar to Females.

Has had 19 years' practical experience in most intricate and difficult cases, all of which have been successfully treated.

Having in that branch of my professional duties, to which I have more especially devoted my attention, treated some hundreds of cases with the utmost success both in Obstretics and Gynæcology in every feature of disease, I am in a position to confidently offer the public my services with a certainty of success in each ailment.

I am aware that I am indebted to numerous patients for their friendly wishes and recommendations to such I take this opportunity of tendering my thanks again, assuring them of my continued devotion to the interests of those who may favor me with their confidence.

☞ Strict privacy observed in all cases and contracts for ure entered into.

AN ACKNOWLEDGMENT.
[By Kind Permission.]

I have much pleasure in certifying to the abilities of Mrs. Marie C. Bond, both as Nurse and Physician, who attended me in my late illness. She is clever and has unlimited knowledge in every branch of her calling. She has my suffrage for her well doing. G. G.

Colaba, Bombay, the 7th October, 1892.

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Those who prefer writing, or who are compelled by distance to adopt that course; will do well to furnish in simple style every particular as to their complaint.

Mofussil and Up-country Patients can have consultation and advice gratis by letter. A FEE OF RE 1 ONLY is made to maintain establishment towards this end.

Postal Address—MRS. MARIE C. BOND,
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PIANOFORTES,

Warranted Sound and in Perfect Condition,
Are FOR SALE at
THE BOMBAY PIANOFORTE DEPOT,
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For CASH or on the HIRE Purchase System.

		Rs.
I.	Ebonized Grand, by Broadwood	280
II.	Do. do. do.	380
III.	Rosewood Sympathetic Square	475
IV.	American Walnut Sympathetic Square, by Schiedmayer and Soehne	540
V.	Walnut Cottage Transposing Piano	500
VI.	Ebonized Cottage Piano	400

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BOMBAY AND POONA.

CUMMU JAFFER SULLIMAN & Co.'s BAZAR.

FOR SALE.

"JUST ARRIVED, Per s. s. "CHYEBASSA," a Bran New English light and stylish Canoe-shaped Landau with Patent head, by Lewis Fulker of Salisbury."

One new elegant Canoe-shaped Landau, by Windovers with Patent Hood.

One new single-seated light office Brougham by Windover.

One light and elegant varnish colour new Dog-cart, suitable for an Arab or Waler.

One Cee and Underspring second hand Victoria, by Holland and Holland, in very good order.

"Also New and Second-hand household furniture of the newest Pattern."

For prices and other particulars apply to

CUMMU JAFFER SULLIMAN & Co.

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FOR SALE, at Chiklda, the Sanitarium of Berar, in the Satpura Hills, Ft. 3700 above sea level. TWO BUNGALOWS in Compounds, adjoining each other, the property of NARAHAR BHAGWANT PURSHOTTOM BHAGWANT DESHPANDIAS, Ellichpur City, to whom application should be made.

Any offer above Rs. 4,300 will be accepted for the Bungalows jointly, or Rs. 4,200 for Bungalow No. 1, Rs. 400, for Bungalow No. II.

THE Undersigned keeps in Stock MISCELLANEOUS STORES for immediate supply, such as Mills, Ship and Railway Stores, Hard ware, Ammunition, Sulphur, Blasting Powder, Fuses, Red Lead, Turpentine, Brushes, Pig Lead, all sorts of Paints, Oil, Varnishes, Ropes of best quality and all sizes, Kerosine Oil, of the well-known Brands, Cocoanut Oil, Castor Oil, and many other articles too numerous to mention.

FOR SALE.

SNOW FLAKE KEROSINE OIL 150°, arrived.

A fresh consignment, ex-Paul Revere,

Orders for large and small quantities will be attended to.

હેપતુલા શેકઆદમની કું૦

i. e., HEPTOOLA SHAIK ADUM and Co.,
Agents for Messrs. Curtis's and Harvey's Gun Powder and Blasting Powder.

MACLEAN'S GUIDE TO BOMBAY

AND

BOMBAY DIRECTORY

FOR

1893.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED
At the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" OFFICE.
INDIAN PRICE—Rs. 5, with Postage, Rs. 5-4.

THE GUIDE AND DIRECTORY for the year 1893 contains much new and valuable information brought down to date, and gives the history of the remarkable progress made by the City in recent years.

While recording the advance that has been made in the commerce and manufacturing industry of Bombay the GUIDE gives a comprehensive account of the numerous charitable institutions of the different communities, and accurate and detailed descriptions of many public buildings which have been completed during the year.

THE
BOMBAY DIRECTORY

Has been carefully enlarged, verified, and revised up to the day of going to Press. Valuable information has been added, and special care has been taken that the local information shall meet the wants of commercial men and the general public.

To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office, Albert Buildings, Esplanade, Fort.

THE "ST. JAMES'S BUDGET,"
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If paid in England the Rates of Subscription, including Postage, is 8s. 2d. per quarter.

OFFICE:—Dorset Street, Whitefriar, London.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE.

TO-NIGHT! TO-NIGHT!!
TUESDAY, MAY 30.
THE WILLARD OPERA COMPANY.
DIRECTOR..............MR. PEMBERTON W. WILLARD.
"MISS DECIMA."
WEDNESDAY—"DR. BILL."
THURSDAY—"THE GONDOLIERS."
FRIDAY—"HADDON HALL."
SATURDAY AND MONDAY,
THE NEW BURLESQUE,
"THE NAUGHTY FORTY."

SEAMEN'S INSTITUTE,

FRERE ROAD.
A VARIETY ENTERTAINMENT BY THE OFFICER AND CREW OF P. & O. S. S. SUTLEJ
Will be given in the above Institute
TO-NIGHT, at 9 P. M., Sharp.
Admission, Front Seats, Re. 1, and, Second Seats 8 As.
Proceeds for the Benefit of the Institute.

BOMBAY TO ZANZIBAR DIRECT.

H. H. the SULTAN of Zanzibar's S. S. "NYANZA", 2,028 Tons, WILL SAIL for ZANZIBAR, &c., on the 31st May. For Freight and Passage apply to

VISRAM EBRAHIM and Co.,
Agents.
Mandvi, Khoja Mohla.

GERMAN EAST AFRICA LINE.

CONSIGNEES of CARGO, Per s. s. "SAFARI," arrived from ZANZIBAR via LAMU and MOMBASSA, are hereby requested to PRESENT their BILLS of LADING for COUNTERSIGNATURE and to TAKE DELIVERY of their respective GOODS from the PRINCE'S DOCK.

The Steamer's Surveyor Captain CLARK will attend every morning to survey damages, &c., and all Claims in this respect must be made before the Goods are removed from the Landing Shed. No claims will be admitted after the vessel has left the Port and after the removal of the Goods from the Landing Shed.

F. HEYER, Agent,
5, Bell Lane.
Bombay, 30th May, 1893.

FOR SALE.

A PAIR of High Pressure Condensing ENGINES, having 26 inches Cylinders, 4 feet Stroke, indicating 425 Horse Powers, of Messrs. Hick, Hargreaves and Co.'s make.

For Prices and other Particulars apply
મુળજી જેઠાની કું૦.
i. e., MOOLJEE JAITHA & Co.

FEVERS, AGUE, CHILL!

IN all cases use at once Squibb's AGUE SPECIFIC, the King of all Fever Remedies: a wonderful cure, acting as at Charm, instantly relieving most annoying symptoms of Fevers, Ague, Chill, &c., and enabling the sufferers to battle against the disease and recruit their strength. Re. 1, Mixture or Pills, of all Chemists.

23, Hummum Street. } MADON, SONS & Co., { Fort, Bombay.

THE OLDEST AND ONLY HOUSE IN BOMBAY FOR THE WELL-KNOWN
WATCHES,
SUITABLE FOR PRESENTATION,
GOLD AND SILVER,
By JOHN JONES, of 338, Strand.

CHUBB'S BOX & LOCK MART,

37, PARSEE BAZAAR STREET, FORT, BOMBAY,

In the Matter of the Indian Companies' Act VI of 1882, and The AGRA SAVINGS BANK, Ld.

NOTICE is hereby given (1) that on the Petition of a Creditor Resolution No. 5 of a Special General Meeting of The Agra Savings Bank, Limited, that the Bank be Wound-up voluntarily under the supervision of the Court, has been declared to be invalid by an order, dated 18th May 1893; (2) That Mr. W. E. HOWATSON has been appointed to be Provisional Official Liquidator of the Company by an order dated 19th May, 1893; (3) That all notices issued or advertised by the Company in pursuance of the said Resolution are hereby cancelled; (4) That the District Judge has directed a Meeting of the Creditors and Contributories of the abovenamed Company to be summoned, pursuant to the above Act, for the purpose of ascertaining their wishes as to (1) whether the Company shall be wound-up (*a*) by the Court or (*b*) voluntarily under the supervision of the Court; and (2) as to the appointment of an Official Liquidator: and that such meeting will be held on the 10th day of August 1893, at 3 o'clock p.m., at the Mayo Hall, Allahabad, at which time and place all the Creditors and Contributories of the said Company are requested to attend. The said Judge has appointed Mr. R. Wall, I. C. S., retired, to act as Chairman of such Meeting.—Dated this 25th Day of May, 1893.

By Order of the Court,
W. E. HOWATSON,
Provisional Official Liquidator.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital..$	100,00,000
Reserve Fund...$	36,00,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors.........$	100,00,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

T. JACKSON, *Chief Manager.*

London Bankers.—LONDON and COUNTY BANKING COMPANY, LD.

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ALBERT DEACON, Esq., (of Messrs. E. & A. Deacon).
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Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 1 Per Cent. per annum on Daily Balances if not under Rs 1,000, and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000.

Money taken on Deposit for fixed Periods on terms to be learnt on application.

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every Description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China, and Japan.

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Acting Agent.
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SALES BY AUCTION.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.,

No. 4, FORBES & MEDOWS STREETS, FORT.

SALE OF 100 BALES COTTON (GOOD BHOWNUGGER.)

THIS DAY, TUESDAY, the 30th instant at 3 p.m., Messrs. MEHRJEE JOHNSTON and Co. will sell by Public Auction in The New Moffusil Company, Limited's Jatha, at Colaba, by order of The New Mofusil Company, Limited, and on account and at the risk of Messrs. Ebjee Sewjee and Co.—100 bales cotton (Good Bhownugger) marked J.

NOTICE OF POSTPONEMENT OF SALE.

SALE OF (100) bales cotton (Good Bhownugger) advertised to be sold THIS DAY, TUESDAY, the 30th instant, at 3 p.m., by order of the New Mofussil Company, Limited, and on account and at the risk of Messrs. Ebjee Shivjee and Co., has been POSTPONED to THURSDAY, the 1st June, 1893, at 4 p.m.

SALE OF UNSERVICEABLE CANVAS BAGS, SEPOYS' COATS, PARCEL SCALES, &c.

By order of the Post-Master, General, Bombay, Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co. will sell by Public Auction, on WEDNESDAY, the 31st May, 1893, at 2 p.m., at their sale rooms, No. 4, Forbes and Medows Street, Fort, the old articles of Stock Depot, consisting old canvas bags, I. R. sepoys' coats, broken clocks, letter boxes, parcel scales, lamps, brass badges, scissors, locks, &c.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.
Bombay, May 30, 1893.

A LECTURE READ BY
PROFESSOR JAMES DARMESTETER
(In Pamphlet form),
Reprinted from the *Bombay Gazette*,
Annas 2. Post free.
To be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Press.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &c.

CLUB WINES.

PHIPSON AND Co., Bombay, are now supplying 165 Military Messes and 47 Clubs with the finest VINTAGE WINES from the following well-known Houses:—

CHRISTOPHER AND Co.	London.
GEORGE TANQUERAY & Co.	London.
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JOHN HARVEY AND SONS.	Bristol.
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POMMERY AND GRENO.	Rheims.
LANSON PERE ET FILS.	Rheims.
PERRIER JOUET AND Co.	Epernay.
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RUINART PERE ET FILS.	Rheims.
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COLIGNY FRERES.	Rheims.
VEUVE MONNIER ET FILS.	Epernay.
J. SACCONE.	Gibraltar.
KIDD AND SHADBOLT.	London.
CURLIER FRERES.	Cognac.
LEACOCK AND Co.	Madeira.
COSSART GORDON AND Co.	Madeira.
COCKBURN SMITHES & Co.	Oporto.
VAN ZELLERS AND Co.	Oporto.
P. J. VALCKENBERG.	Worms.
NATH. JOHNSTON & SONS.	Bordeaux.
A. DE LUZE ET FILS.	Bordeaux.
WOODHOUSE AND Co.	Marsala.
JAMES CATHCART AND Co.	Leith, N. B.
CHAS. MACKINLAY AND Co.	Leith, N. B.
J. & R. GRANT.	Rothes, N. B.
SIR ROBERT BURNETT & Co.	London.
W. E. EDDISON & Co.	London.
GOVERNMENT CELLARS.	Budapest.
MAX GREGER & Co.	Budapest.
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WILLIAMS HUMBERT & Co.	Jerez.
C. MAREY & LIGER-BELAIR.	Côtes d'Or
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C. A. LINDGREN AND Co.	Stockholm.
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T. P. GRIFFIN & Co.	London.
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Secretaries and Presidents of Clubs and Military Messes can now obtain Wines from the above well-known Firms, without the inconvenience and expense of importing direct.

Price List on Application to
PHIPSON & CO.,
BOMBAY.

HIGH CLASS COGNAC BRANDY.
AGED AND MATURED IN WOOD.
LAFAYETTE & Co.'s WIRE BRAND.

	Per doz. Rs. a.
BLACK CAPSULE OLD CLUB, "20 Years Old," Guaranteed	50 0
WHITE CAPSULE (Four Diamonds) Very Choice..	40 0
GREEN (Three Diamonds) Extra Soft Old Pale	36 0
BLUE (Two Diamonds) Very Soft Old Pale	32 0
YELLOW (One Diamond) Soft Old Pale	28 0

Special Terms to Messes, Clubs, and Traders.
R. RAMCHANDRA & Co., SOLE AGENTS,
11, FORBES STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL—£3,000,000.

Absolute Security Funds now exceed...£8,486,434
Funds invested in the best and safest Securities amount to........................£7,894,357

FIRE BRANCH.

POLICIES COVERING RISK on MERCHANDISE BUILDINGS, SPINNING MILLS, COTTON and JUTE PRESSES, SHOPS, BUNGALOWS, HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, HOTELS and CLUBS, both in BOMBAY and in the MOFUSSIL, granted on most favorable Terms COALS on the BUNDERS and KEROSINE OIL also covered.

Fire Premium for 1875	£742,553
" 1880	£333,078
" 1885	£966,107
" 1891	£1,607,030

NATIVE LIVES ASSURED AT EUROPEAN RATES.

LARGE REDUCTION IN RATES.

POLICIES granted by the Undersigned without reference to head Office on APPROVED LIVES. MILITARY LIVES in CIVIL EMPLOY have extra Premium returned.

ENDOWMENT ASSURANCES payable at Fixed Periods on Adults and Children on very Favourable Terms.

LAST REVERSIONARY BONUS 7½ Per Cent.

REDUCTION to EUROPEAN RATES when Assured leave either Alexandria or Port Said.

ACCUMULATED LIFE AND ANNUITY FUNDS now amount to............ { £4,546,577

TOTAL ACCUMULATED FUNDS...£7,894,357

GROWTH OF FUNDS.

1881	£4,673,299	1891	£7,894,357
1886	£5,672,041		

Increase of Funds in 10 years £3,221,058

THOMAS H. MOORE & Co.,
Agents, Royal Insurance Company.
Hummum Street.

THE SUN LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA.

I.
IF YOU WANT
The simplest and best form of investment policy which is issued by any company.

II.
IF YOU WANT
Term Assurance at the lowest possible rate, with an investment for your savings at compound interest.

III.
IF YOU WANT
Cheap Life Assurance while your children are young, and an endowment to yourself when they are grown up.

IV.
IF YOU WANT
The accumulation of Reserved profits without the risk of losing all you have paid by missing any payment.

V.
IF YOU WANT
Assurance with an unconditional policy which is sure to be paid without delay or trouble.

THEN YOU WANT
A NON-FORFEITING
"RESERVED DIVIDEND" POLICY
IN THE
SUN LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA.

For information Apply to
ALF. H. ELLIS,
Manager for India, Bombay.

THREE IMPORTANT ADVANTAGES

OFFERED BY THE

UNIVERSAL LIFE OFFICE.

SECURITY.—The Universal has a larger proportion of Funds to the Assurances in force than any other Life Office doing business in India.

LIBERALITY.—It declares larger Cash Bonuses than any other Company.

The Bonuses are paid annually, and can be taken in reduction of Premium, or added to the Sum Assured.

ECONOMY.—Policy-holders receive the full value of every Premium paid, the interest on the Society's Investments being sufficient to pay all expenses, including Dividend to Shareholders nearly twice over.

Risks accepted on First-Class Native Lives.
Claims settled immediately on Proof of Death.
Please apply to
Messrs. KING, KING & CO.,
Agents and Secretaries,
BOMBAY.

INSURANCES.

FIRE INSURANCE.

		Exclusive Reserve Fund.
The NORTHERN ASSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	£	3,000,000
The GENERAL INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL, inclg. RESERVE FUND.,	"	3,000,000
The TRANSATLANTIC FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	M	6,000,000
The NORTH GERMAN FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	"	7,500,000
The HAMBURG-BREMEN FIRE INSURANCE Co.. CAPITAL	"	6,000,000
The FIRE INSURANCE Co., of 1877, CAPITAL	"	2,600,000
The BALOISE FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	Frs	10,000,000
The BATAVIA FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	Fl	3,000,000
The SAMARANG FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	"	2,000,000
The FIRE INSURANCE Co., "INSULINDE," CAPITAL..................	"	1,000,000

MARINE INSURANCE.

The GENERAL MARINE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL, inclg. RESERVE FUND	£	3,000,000
The NEW SWISS-LLOYD TRANSPORT INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL.	Frs	4,000,000
The BATAVIA MARINE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	Fl	3,000,000
The SAMARANG MARINE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	"	2,000,000
The NETHERLANDS-INDIA SEA & FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL.	"	2,250,000
The BAVARIAN LLOYD MARINE INSURANCE Co., Ld., CAPITAL ...	M	4,000,000

The FIRE and MARINE INSURANCE in the above Companies apply to the UNDERSIGNED, who can offer all FACILITIES and most FAVOURABLE TERMS. Rates and other particulars can be obtained on application.

VOLKART BROTHERS,
Agents.

EXAMPLES OF THE COST

OF ASSURANCE TO A MAN AGED 30 NEXT BIRTHDAY.

Rs. 10,000 payable at death would cost at the rate of—

Rs. 26-13-4	per mensem (*a*)	If premiums are payable for whole of life; or
Rs. 35-1-4	" (*b*)	If premiums are limited to 20 years; or
Rs. 41-8-0	" (*c*)	If premiums are limited to 15 years; or
Rs. 45-13-4	" (*d*)	If the Sum Assured is made payable at age 50, or at death if previous.

AFTER being three years in force, each year's payment of premium under *b*, *c*, *d* secures proportionate part of Sum Assured as explained in Prospectus. For instance, after five years a man Assured under plan *b* would be entitled to a *Free* Paid-up Policy for 5/20ths of Sum Assured, *viz.*, Rs. 2,500, should he wish to discontinue future payments.

THE same provisions, if commenced at age 40 n. b., would cost respectively (*a*) Rs. 34-9-4, (*b*) Rs. 41-14-8, (*c*) Rs. 48-5-4, (*d*) Rs. 91-2-8 per mensem.

F. A. PREVOST,
Acting Secretary, STANDARD Life Office.

N.B.—The Standard Company's Indian Rates have been recently reduced.

COST PRICE LIFE ASSURANCE.

Before deciding in what Company to insure your life send for Prospectus and all particulars of the Co.: its "New Plan," Endow. the Oriental Life Assurance
BEAR IN MIND THAT A

Rs. 5,000 Policy
CAN BE SECURED IN THE
ORIENTAL
LIFE OFFICE

At the following rates per month, under the Co.'s "New Plan" System:—

At age 20 next birthday	Rs.	7	7	0
At age 25	do.	"	8	5	0
At age 30	do.	"	9	7	0
At age 35	do.	"	10	14	0
At age 40	do.	"	12	11	0
At age 45	do.	"	15	0	0

INTERMEDIATE AGES AND LARGER OR SMALLER AMOUNTS AT PROPORTIONATE RATES.

FUNDS IN GOVERNMENT PAPER ONLY.

Liberal Surrender Values (after only one year's payment): No fines for reviving clapsed Policies and every modern improvement in Life Assurance granted.

Write for Prospectus, Proposal Forms, and any further information, to—

D. McLAUCHLAN SLATER,
Fellow of the Institute of Actuaries,
Oriental Life Office, Albert Building, Bombay, or any Local Agent throughout India.

COMMERCIAL UNION ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

FIRE—LIFE—MARINE.

CAPITAL FULLY SUBSCRIBED...	...£2,500,000.
Life Fund in Special Trust for Life Policyholders	...£1,372,227

TOTAL INVESTED FUNDS EXCEED TWO-AND-A-HALF MILLIONS.

Total Annual Income	...£1,500,000

AGENTS AT BOMBAY:—WALLACE & CO.

THE HIMALAYA SEED STORES,

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LARGE CONSIGNMENTS of flowering bulbs just to hand:—

AMARYLLIS—From one of the finest collections in the country, grown on the Plains, and warranted to give full satisfaction. Flowering bulbs finest mixed.

Per doz. Rs. 4-8, per 100 Rs. 30.

GLADIOLUS AMERICAN HYBRIDS.

A grand selection of this popular genus. Flowering bulbs in splendid mixture.

Per doz. Rs. 5, per 100 Rs. 35.

Also Anemore, Ranunculus, Narcissus Iris, Polyanthus, &c. in variety. At reasonable prices.

Also a large selection of the choicest VEGETABLE AND FLOWER SEEDS.

Descriptive and fully illustrated Catalogue for season 1893, 94. (Ready July 1st) on application. (Postage As. 2½.)

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A most useful work; for all interested in gardening, cloth Rs. 5. Paper Rs. 3-8. Published by

THE HIMALAYA SEED STORES
Mussoorie, N.-W. P.

TO LET OR FOR SALE.

"WHYTBANK CASTLE". A very commodious house, beautifully furnished, having immense grounds. Rent greatly reduced. Apply to PROPRIETORS, Himalaya Seed Stores

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Being a Reprint of Two Letters to the "Bombay Gazette." And a Lecture by
F. BEAUCLERK.
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Messrs. THACKER and Co., Bombay and Poona.
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PAINS IN THE BACK, GRAVEL, LUMBAGO, GOUT, RHEUMATISM, DISEASES OF THE KIDNEYS, AND BLADDER, STRICTURE, &c.

DR. DE ROOS'

COMPOUND RENAL PILLS

Are a safe and speedy Remedy for the above dangerous complaints, Discharges and Diseases of the Urinary Organ, generally, which too frequently harass the sufferer over the best years of life, and end only in an agonising death. For weakness across the loins, sandy or other deposit in the water, and in all cases of renal or urinary disturbance, they are, indeed, unrivalled. They correct acidity of the stomach, and promote the functions of the kidneys, thereby preventing stone in the bladder, &c. Many complaints, long supposed to be nervous, often arise solely from contamination of the blood with certain impurities which should have been carried off by the kidneys. Thousands of testimonials from grateful Patients attest their marvellous efficacy. In packages, 2s. 9d. and 4s. 6d.

DR. DE ROOS'
PILULÆ VITÆ, OR

VEGETABLE LIFE PILLS.

The most wonderful Pills in the world for Indigestion, Billiousness, and all Disorders of the Liver, Stomach and Bowels. Their action is mild yet effectual; they do not gripe or purge, and for habitual costiveness, loss of appetite, disturbed sleep, harassing dreams, wind, indigestion, sick headache, furred tongue, unpleasant taste in the mouth on rising in the morning, sallowness, scurvy, pimples, blotches, boils, &c., they are of unexampled efficacy; and being prepared solely from the vegetable kingdom, may be taken by the most delicate of *either sex*, equally with the robust, merely regulating the dose according to the printed directions accompanying each box.

Those who are subject to occasional attacks of Biliousness instead of resorting to the old-fashioned blue pill and nauseous black draught, will do well to keep a box of these Pills by them and never leave home without them: an attack may thus be nipped in the bud by taking a dose or two, which, if allowed to run its course for a few days, would probably almost completely prostrate its unhappy victim. Sold in boxes at 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d. and 4s. 6d.

DR. DE ROOS'
WORLD-FAMED

GUTAE VITAE,

OR LIFE DROPS.

The Great European Remedy for Nervous and Functional Debility, Spermatorrhœa, &c.

This remarkable rejuvenating essence strengthens the vitality of the whole system, gives energy to the muscles, and speedily restores the impaired powers of life, imparting strength and manly vigour to the most debilitated and worn-out constitution. Those who suffer from Premature Decay, or deficieny of the Vital Forces owing to long residence in India, or any other cause, will find this medicine just what they require. Equally adapted for the studious and sedentary; the aged and infirm; the nervous and debilitated; as also for delicate females and weakly children. All sufferers from loss of appetite, nervous headache, lassitude, and despondency—too often accompanied with suicidal thoughts—should make immediate and fair unprejudiced trial of this wonderful medicine, which is daily effecting the most remarkable cures in patients who had been given up by the Faculty. In all cases of nervous and functional debility (arising from whatever cause), it is truly unrivalled. To married persons especially, this preparation will prove invaluable, giving strength and vigour in place of lassitude and incapacity.—Price 11s., or four times that quantity, 33s. per bottle.

Dr. De Roos' Medicines are sold by all the Principal Chemists and Merchants in India. Purchasers are particularly requested to see that every package bears the British Government Stamp, with the words, "WALTER DE ROOS, LONDON," impressed thereon in white letters on a red ground, and refuse worthless imitations frequently put forward by unscrupulous vendors for the sale of extra profit.

WHOLESALE AGENTS FOR INDIA,

TREACHER & COMPANY, LD.,

BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

N.B.—The Trade and Native Dealers supplied under Special Discount.

Debilitated and nervous young men should read the "Medical Adviser," by Dr. De Ross, on the secret causes of nervous debility, impotency, depression of spirits, and confirmed melancholy. Sent post free on receipt of Postal Order for one Shilling by Mr. LAWES, Medical Publisher, 14, Hand-court, Holborn, London, W.C.

NERVOUS EXHAUSTION.

PULVERMACHER'S WORLD-FAMED GALVANIC BELTS, for the cure of NERVOUS COMPLAINTS, have received Testimonials from THREE PHYSICIANS TO HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN and the leading Physicians of Nine London Hospitals, including Forty Members of the Royal College of Physicians of London.

The distressing symptoms of NERVOUS EXHAUSTION, loss of MUSCULAR POWER, RHEUMATISM, SCIATICA, PARALYSIS, EPILEPSY, &c., are speedily removed by means of **Pulvermacher's World-famed Galvanic Belts,** which convey the electric current direct to the affected parts, gradually stimulating and strengthening all the nerves and muscles, and speedily arresting all symptoms [illegible] and decay.

Dr. C. HANDFIE[illegible] F.R.C.P., F.R.S., Physician to St. Mary's Hospital, says: "I am satisfied that Mr. PULVERMACHER is an honest and earnest [illegible] field of science, and I think he deserves to meet with every encouragement [illegible] the profession and scientific men."

Sir CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M.D., Physician to Her Majesty, says: "PULVERMACHER'S BELTS are very effective in Neuralgia and Rheumatic Affections, and I have prescribed them largely in my practice for other similar maladies, paralysis, &c."

For Full Price List and Particulars, see new Pamphlet, "GALVANISM: NATURE'S CHIEF RESTORER OF IMPAIRED VITAL ENERGY." Post free from

**PULVERMACHER'S GALVANIC ESTABLISHMENT,
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(ESTABLISHED OVER FORTY YEARS).

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THE NATIONAL GUARANTEE AND SURETYSHIP ASSOCIATION, LIMITED.

THE OLDEST SCOTCH GUARANTEE OFFICE.

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THE ASSOCIATION provides Security for the Actings, Intromissions, and Fidelity of Persons in situations of Trust and Responsibility.

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EWART, LATHAM & Co.,
Agents in Bombay.

GRATEFUL! COMFORTING!!

EPPS'S COCOA.

BREAKFAST.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws, which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. EPPS has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately-flavoured beverage, which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us, ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—See article of the *Civil Service Gazette.*

Made simply with boiling water or milk.

Sold in ½lb. and pound tins, labelled thus:

JAMES EPPS & CO.,
HOMŒOPATHIC CHEMISTS, LONDON.
ALSO MAKER OF EPPS'S CHOCOLATE ESSENCE

"KEATING'S POWDER."
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This Powder, so celebrated, is utterly unrivalled in destroying BUGS, FLEAS, MOTHS, BEETLES, and all Insects (whilst perfectly harmless to all animal life.) All woolens and furs should be well sprinkled with the Powder before placing away. It is invaluable to take to the Seaside. To avoid disappointment insist upon having "Keating's Powder." No other Powder is effectual.

KILLS { BUGS, FLEAS, MOTHS, BEETLES, MOSQUITOES.

Unrivalled in destroying FLEAS, BUGS, COCKROACHES, BEETLES, MOTHS in FURS, and every other species of insect. Sportsmen will find this invaluable for destroying fleas in the dogs, as also ladies for their pet dogs.

The PUBLIC are CAUTIONED that packages of the genuine powder bear the autograph of THOMAS KEATING, Sold in Tins and Bottles only.

"KEATING'S WORM TABLETS."
"KEATING'S WORM TABLETS."
"KEATING'S WORM TABLETS."

A PURELY VEGETABLE SWEETMEAT, both in appearance and taste, furnishing a most agreeable method of administering the only certain remedy for INTESTINAL or THREAD WORMS. It is a perfectly safe and mild preparation, and is especially adapted for Children. Sold in Bottles, by all Druggists.

Proprietor, THOMAS KEATING, London.

OVERLAND SUMMARY, published Weekly on the departure of English Mail, 28 Pages of the "Pall Mall Budget" size, containing all the information of the previous week carefully arranged; Army Orders, &c. Indian Subscription, Rs. 12 per year, free of postage. English Subscription, Rs. 17 per year including postage.

NOTES:
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CLARKE'S

WORLD-FAMED

BLOOD MIXTURE

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER & RESTORER

FOR CLEANSING and CLEARING the BLOOD from ALL IMPURITIES it cannot be too highly recommended.

For Scrofula, Scurvy, Eczema, Skin and Blood Diseases, and Sores of all kinds, it is a neverfailing and permanent Cure. It

Cures Old Sores.
Cures Sores on the Neck.
Cures Sore Legs.
Cures Blackhead or Pimples on the Face.
Cures Scurvy.
Cures Ulcers.
Cures Blood and Skin Diseases.
Cures Glandular Swellings.
Clears the Blood from all impure Matter,
From whatever cause arising.
It is a real specific for Gout and Rheumatic pains
It removes the cause from the Blood and Bones.

As this Mixture is pleasant to the taste and warranted free from any thing injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the Propritors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

Translation of letter from Fiji.

The Letter of Jonathan to Mr. Dunsford

"My Friend.—I write to you to-day to tell you about my illness. I love you very much to-day because of the medicine you gave to me. Three months I was very ill, truly, because of my leg I could not plant yams. I could not go fishing. I could not eat or sleep; but now I am quite wel again. It is truly a wonderful medicine. I beg you, Mr. Dunsford, give me one more bottle, as the month of boils is near.

"Preparation Day (Saturday), Bua, Vanua Levu."

Explanation of above Letter.

"In Fiji, at certain times of the year, both the European residents and the natives themselves break out in boils, which, if not immediately seen to, not infrequently develop into terrible running sores. At these times I can conscientiously assert that I know of no better medicine than 'Clarke's Blood Mixture,' wich I have used with unfailing success both among my white and black neighbours. The enclosed letter from 'Jonathan,' a Christianised Fijian, speaks for itself. For three months he had been almost a cripple, and yet one of your large bottles completely set him up. In ordinary cases even a less quananity will effect a cure.—I am, dear Sir, yours faithfully.

"T. EDGCUMBE DUNSFORD.
"45, Leicester-square, London, W.C.,
"21 June, 1892."

THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS.

Clarke's Blood Mixture is sold in Bottles 2s. 9d. each, and in cases containing six times the quantity, 11s.—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long standing cases, BY ALL CHEMISTS and PATENT MEDICINE VENDORS throughout the world. Proprietors, THE LINCOLN AND MIDLANDS COUNTIES DRUG COMPANY, Lincoln, England Trade Mark—"BLOOD MIXTURE."

CLARK'S BLOOD MIXTURE.

CAUTION.—Purchasers of Clarke's Blood Mixture should see that they get the genuine article. Worthless imitations and substitutes are sometimes palmed off by unprincipled vendors. The words "Lincoln and Midland Counties Drug Company, Lincoln, England," are engraved on the Goverment stamp, and "Clarke's World-famed Blood Mixture," blown in the bottle, WITHOUT WHICH NONE ARE GENUINE.
GOLDPRIZE-MEDAL, NATIONAL ACADEMY.

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COMMERCIAL AND LAND MORTGAGE BANK (LIMITED.)

ESTABLISHED AT MADRAS A.D. 1885.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL, RUPEES TEN LAKHS

CAPITAL CALLED UP............	Rs. 6,30,000
CAPITAL IN RESERVE	Rs. 3,70,000
ACCUMULATED RESERVES......	Rs. 5,96,500

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Full information and Rules furnished on application.

(By order of the Board)
P. A. CHURCHWARD,
Offg. Manager.
Bombay, 2nd January, 1893.

NATIONAL BANK of INDIA, LIMITED.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ....£	1,000,000.
PAID-UP CAPITAL ....£	500,000.
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HEAD OFFICE:
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BILLS of EXCHANGE payable in the Principal Cities of Europe, India, and Australia, purchased or collected.

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The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividends when due.

H. CHALMERS,
Manager.

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P. RENAULT,
Acting Manager.
Bombay, Rampart Row, 16.

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(INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER, 1889.)

CAPITAL FULLY PAID-UP.................	£1,000,00
(With power to increase to	£4,000,00
RESERVE FUNDS	£100,0
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	£1,000,0

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FIXED DEPOSITS

Are received at 4½ per cent. per annum for twelve mont Terms for longer periods can be ascertained on applicatio

A. F. SIMPSON,
Agen
Bombay Office: Old Secretariat, Apollo Street, Dec. 18

THE BANK OF CHINA, JAPAN, A THE STRAITS, LIMITED.

CAPITAL FULLY SUBSCRIBED... ...	£2,000,
CAPITAL PAID-UP	£250,
UNCALLED CAPITAL	£1,750,

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FIXED DEPOSITS

Are received on the following terms:—

3	per Cent.	per Annum	for 3 Months.
3½	"	"	" 4 "
4	"	"	" 6 "
4½	"	"	" 8 or 9 Months.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened on t which may be ascertained on application.

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Agen
Bombay Office: Old Secretariat, Apollo Street, Decem 1892.

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Who suffer from NERVOUS DEBI Loss of VIGOUR, EXHAUSTED VIT KIDNEY DISEASES, &c. A Treatise ex ing the renowned MARSTON treatme local absorption, the only positive cure out Stomach Medicines, will be se plain wrapper, post free, upon applic The MARSTON REMEDY Co., 493, Holborn, LONDON.

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ALL kinds of Produce and Stores imp and exported on LOWEST POSSIBLE TERM

H. L. TOTTENHAM,
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London, E

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BOMBAY BANK AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

Names.	Shares.	Amount.	Paid-up.	Last Half-Yearly Divd.	Cash Rate.
INDIAN BANKS.					
Bank of Bombay	20,000	Rs. 500	Rs. all	Rs. 10 pr. ct.	Rs. 1,087½
Bank of Bengal	40,000	500	all	9 pr. ct.	1,050
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	9 pr. ct.	981
EXCHANGE BANKS.					
Agra	100,000	£10	all	5 pr. ct.	81
Charter Bank	40,000	£20	£20	7 pr. ct.	£20
Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation	80,000	$125	all	£1	£ 35
National Bank of India	40,000	£25	£12½	6 pr. ct.	205xd

SPINNIG AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

Names.	Shares.	Amount.	Paid-up.	Last Half-Yearly Divd.	Cash Rate.
Ahmedabad	600	1,500	1,000	90	1,400
Alliance	1,500	100	all	Rs. 25	515
Anglo-Indian	1,345		100	5	80
Bellary S & W Co, Ld. (Bellary)	871		all	9 per ct.	301
Bombay United	900	1,000	1,000	30	600xd
Bombay Cotton Manfg. Co.	800	500	500	20	375
Bombay National Manfg. Co., Ld.	50	1,000	1,000	...	350
Britannia Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	400
Central India	1,000	500	500	Rs. 30	1,050
China Mills Co. Ld.	800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	511
City of Bombay Mills	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	1,010
Connaught Mills	800	500	500	10 pr. ct	730
Colaba Land & Mill	4,000	700		Rs. 15	640xd
Cooria Mills	800	1,000	1,	Rs. 40	415
Dewal Mills Co. Ld.	5,098	100	100	50	440
David Mill	1,400	500	500	Rs. 15	405
Dhun Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	50	600
Empress	2,100	500	500	10 pr. ct.	640
Framjee Petit	1,250	1,000	1,000	Rs. 25	510
Hindustan	875	1,000	1,000	Rs. 3	880
Hingunghat Mill	780	500	500	40	860
Heward and Bulloughs	1,500	500	500	25 Rs. 50	880
Hyderabad	700	1,000	1,000	...	1,140
Imperial Cotton	900	500	500	...	410
Indian Manfg.	900	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1,080xd
James Greaves	1,100	500	500	10 pr. ct.	650
Jaffer Alli	600	500	500	Nil	340
Jamshed Manufacturing Co.	1,800	250	250	12	195
Jewraz Baloo	1,000	1,000	1,000	35	845x1
Jubilee Mills Co., Ld.	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	500x1
Khandeish	750	1,000	1,000	30	730
Khangaum Manfg. Co.	400	250	250	Nil	75
Khatao Makunjee	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	530
Leopold	3,500	100	100	15 pr. ct.	180
Lord Reay Mfg	445	1,000	1,000	35	550
Lukmidas Spinning & Weaving Co	1,000	1,000	1,000	50	985
Madras United	350	1,000	1,000	500	2,500
Mahaluxmee	600	1,000	1,000	Nil	480
Mahboob Shah Mills (Gulburga)	2,400	500	500	15 pr. ct.	4,757
Manockjee Petit	4,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 70	1,625
Mazagon	5,000	0	250	6	155
Morarji Goculdas	1,650	1,000	1,000	70	1,875
Maharaja Mysore S & M Co.	4,500	100	100	12 p.c.g.d	101
Madura Mills	7,779	100	100	Nil.	par
National	500	1,000	1,000	Nil.	150
New Great Eastern	1,400	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	475
Oriental	5,725	625	625	Rs. 15	435
Presidency Mills Co (Ld.)	743	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1,250
Queen Mills	800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	610xd
Ripon Mills	600	1,000	1,000	R 60	975
Sassoon	1,500	1,000	1,000	5	1,400
Sholapore Mills	500	1,000	1,000	0	1,275
Seonderdas	750	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	560xd
Southern India	1,000	500	500	Nil	220
Southern Mahratta	1,212	250	250	12½	325
Sun Mills, Ld.	1,380	250	250	12½	220
Star of India	1,000	1,000	1,000	20	400
Swadeshi Mills	475	500	500	Rs. 15	485
Union Spinning and Manufacturing Co.	900	1,000	1,00	50	551
Venishunker Lukhmishunker C. Mill Co Ld.	900	500	900	15	500
Victoria Mills	550	1,000	1,000	25	370
Western India	1,200	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	670xd
Wadia Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	...	700
Union Mil's, Ld	900	1,000	1,000	...	580

MISCELLANEOUS.

Names.	Shares.	Amount.	Paid-up.	Last Dividend.	Cash Rate.
Alcock Ashdown	1,000	200	200	10	270
	750	50	150	7½	190
Back Bay Baths	500	50	50	12	40
Badham Pile	5,000	100	100	10	93
Bapty Brothers	6,625	200	185	18	42
Berar Oil Mills Co., Limited.	1,250	100	all	Nil.	100nom
Bombay Fire Insurance	600	2,500	1,000	75	1,100
Bombay & Burma Trading Corporation	1,000	2,500	1,500	270	4,325
Do. New Issue.	500	375	625	67½	1090
Bombay Ice Mfg. Co. Ld.	1,350	100	100	ex div 2	80 w d
Bombay Land and Building Co., Ld.	400	500	500	3 pr. ct.	630
Bombay Flour Mill	1,000	500	500	Rs. 25	265xd
Deccan Ice Co.	1,170	100	100	4 pr. ct.	15
Deccan Paper Mills	1,000		500	5 pr. ct.	300
Delhi and Northern India Flour Mills	1,500	200	200	Rs. 14	150
Geyer & Co., Ld.	500	100	70	...	70 nom
Indian Guarantee Surety Ship Assn	5,000	100	10	10 pr.ct.	16½
John Roberts & Co.	1,500	100	100	10 pr.ct.	125
Kemp & Co.	4,000	200	175	div 23½	314
Kurrachee Landing	500	500	300	30	190
Maharanee Ice Manufacturing Co.	3,500	100	100	Nil.	3
Marcks & Co., Ld.	,000	100	100	Rs. 10	95
Napier Hotel Co	2,000	100	100	9 pr.ct.	50
Napier Foundry	1,000	100	200	...	61
Oriental Govt. Security Life Insurance	5,000	200	50	12 pr. ct	200xd
Oriental Loan	5,000	20	20	8 pr. ct.	15
Phillips & Co., Ld.	4,000	100	100	6 pr. ct.	82
Port Canning Co.	6,000	1,000	1,000	20	455
Prince of Wales Fire In.	250	8 000	1,000	N dvd.	2,350
Royal Flour Mills	2,500	100	100	...	1
Soundy & Co.	1,000	100	100	9	55
Southwell and Austin, Ld. Ord.	1,000	100	100	5 pr. ct.	InLqdn
Do. Prf.	1,000	100	100	10 pr. ct.	120
Treacher & Co.	2,000	500	all	60	905
Thacker & Co.	1,500	100	100	10	55
Telephone Co.	9,200	25	25		18½Exd

PRESS COMPANIES.

Names.	Shares.	Amount.	Paid-up.	Yearly.	Rs
Akbar	200	1,250	1,250	75	11,20
Albert Ginning Co	160	500	all		457
Albert (Kurrachee)	200	1,000	1,100	18 pr. ct.	945 205
Apollo	750	2,200	2,200	90	300
Bellary	167	1,000	1,000	Nil.40	320
Bhownugger City Press & Manfg Co, Ld	550	250	250	..	300
Bombay Cotton	1,000	125	125	Rs. 10	110
Breul's Cawnpore Press Co. Ld.	500	200	200		190
Broach City Press Co., Ld.	600	200	all	16	220 240
Colaba	500	1,880	1,880	20	265
East India	350	1,000	1,000	45 dvd	1,350
English Press and Manfg.	400	250	...	130	125
Fort	515	2,500	2,500	Rs. 35	1,200
French	300	500	all	100	480
Harvey and Sabapathy	450	500	500	50	475
Hingoli Press Co., Ld.	750	400	all	50	100
Khangaum	240	450	450	33½	365
Mahmadpura Cotton G. and P. Co., Ld.	300	500	500	63	85
Mercantile	1,000	125	125	7½ pr. ct	117½
Mofussil Co.	3,125	400	400	Rs. 40	425
Munmar M.	1,000	250	all	Rs. 32½	290
New Berar	1,200	500	500	Rs. 55	595
New Indian	1,000	125	125	Rs. 12	120
Prince of Wales	100	500	500	Rs25dvd	410
Sabapathy (Bellary)	500	500	75	20	481
Sassoon	300	500	500	20	501
Sind and Punjab Co.	100	1,000	,00	25	1,600
Sind	400	2,000	750	35	500 w.d
Sorab Woollen Mills	1,200	250	250	35	200
Surat City Press Co., Ld.	375	200	all	75 ...	235
Volkart	...	1,000	180	Rs. 100	930

PRICES OF BULLION, &c.

English Bar Gold	Rs.	26
China Leaf	"	25-14 Nominal.
Pekin, Bar Gold old	"	25-5 "
Do. do. new	"	25-2 "
Australia do.	"	25-14
Bombay do.	"	25-13
English Sovereigns	"	16-5
Do. Dragons	"	16-4
Bar Silver 17 Betterness	"	108-8
Do. 17½ do.	"	108-11
Carolus Dollars	"	226 Nominal.
Mexican do.	"	223 "
vo-Francs	"	321

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Music at the Yacht Club, 6 p.m.

Polo.—There will be a game to-day, at 5-15 p.m.

Abduction of a European Girl.—The case in which a Eurasian widow, named Ellen Schneider, is charged with abducting a European girl, named Florence Maria Miller, is postponed till Saturday next, at 3 p.m.

Prince's Dock.—The s. s. Nedjee, Satrunje, and King Arthur entered the dock on Sunday and the s. s. Safari, Sutlej, and Ponani yesterday; the s. s. Oberon, Egremont Castle, City of Perth, and Kaveri left it on Saturday, and the s. s. Afghan and Tregenna on Sunday.

Victoria Dock.—The s. s. Maria Valerie entered the dock on Sunday, and the s. s. Alberta left it on Saturday.

Mill Accident.—Rama Doolba, a mill-hand, aged fifteen years, residing at De Lisle Road, had the fourth finger of his right hand injured accidentally, while at work in the Union Mill, Parel. He was immediately removed to the J. J. Hospital, where the injured finger was amputated.

Music at the Yacht Club.—The following programme will be played at the Royal Yacht Club by the Band of the 5th Bombay Light Infantry (weather permitting), at six o'clock, this evening:—

Quadrille	Arcadia	C. Coote.
Overture	Macbeth	J. L. Hatton.
Valse	Ma Mie Rosette	Ivan Caryll.
American	Barn Dame	H. Elliot Lath.
Fantasia	Paul Jones	Planquette.
Gavotte	The First Kiss	Schubert.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

Accident to Telegraphic Wires.—On Saturday, at about 11 p.m., Tookaram Ramji, a muccadum in the employ of Mr. Dinshaw Maneckji Petit, was removing a boiler from the Prince's Dock, along Frere Road, when it accidentally collided with a Government telegraph post, at Malet Road, breaking two wires and bending the post. At about 3 a.m. on Sunday, also the telegraphic wire at the junction of Clark and De Lisle Roads was broken by coming into collision with a chimney attached to a boiler, which was being conveyed in a truck to Sir Dinshaw Maneckji Mill, at Mahaluximi. The telegraphic department was informed of the occurrences.

Arrest of Gamblers.—At the Girgaum Police Court, yesterday, before Mr. Mirza Abbas Alli Baig, Acting Fourth Presidency Magistrate, Constable Butfoy placed Chapsy Khimji and seven others, No. 1 on a charge of keeping a common gaming house in Cammatipoora and the rest, with No. 1, gaming therein with dice and money. On Friday night, Constable Butfoy, on a certain information received by him, went to a house in the 3rd Lane Cammatipoora, and arrested the accused while they were playing with dice and money. The Magistrate convicted all the accused, and fined No. 1 Rs. 20, another man Rs. 8, three others Rs. 5 each, and the rest Rs. 3 each.

An Alleged Rash Act.—At the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday, Mr. W. Webb, Third Presidency Magistrate, disposed of the case, in which Orlof Anderson, steward on board the s. s. Felbridge, was charged with committing a rash and negligent act, and thereby causing the death of Mahomed Husein, a ship's labourer. The facts of the case have already been reported in these columns. The Magistrate, in delivering judgment, observed that the position of the deceased on the ladder was such that the slightest shake would have thrown him into the water, and his Worship thought that probably on noticing the accused looking towards him from the ship's side, he got frightened and fell into the water. The evidence against the accused, appeared to his Worship, not to be of a reliable character, and under the circumstances he felt bound to give the benefit of doubt to the accused, whom his Worship acquitted. The Magistrate finally remarked that, as the chief officer stated in his evidence, one of the dinghies, sent to rescue the deceased, probably passed over him, and struck him. The accused was accordingly acquitted.

Seamen's Institute Concert.—A variety entertainment will be given at the Institute, Frere Road, this evening, when the following programme will be given:—

PART I.

Song (Auchond)		Mr. Daniell
Song (character)	Boozing Booziliers	" Cormick.
Recitation	Shamus O'Brien	" Notly.
Song	The song that reached my heart	" Evans.
Cutlas Exercise	Sutlej	Invincibles.
Song	I'm off to Philadelphia	Mr. Copwell.
Recitation	The Feather-light Brigade	" Jones.
Song	The Miner's Dream	" Watson.
Sailor's Hornpipe		" Notly.
Song	The Men of Merry England	" Evans.
Song (character)	7th Royal Fusiliers	" Cormick.
Stump Speech	Temperance	" Notly.
Song	Long Shoreman	" Copwell.
Sketch		Black (in) Justice
Judge, Mr. Daniell	Prisoner for murder	Mr. Gates.
Clerk of Court, Mr. Notly	Do. for Drunkenness	" Watson.
Constable, Mr. Cormick	Mr. Wiggles	" Kirkam.
Boy		Master Hayward.
Song (character)	Coster's Serenade	Mr. Jones.
Songs	Kathleen	" Watson.

The whole to conclude with marvellous feats of strength by Jamaica Tom alias Burmondsey Chicken.

Cheating by False Representations.—At the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday, before Mr. W. Webb, Third Presidency Magistrate, Sirdar Mir Abdul Ali Khan Bahadur and Superintendent Brewin charged Abdul Ali Kikabhoy, a notorious character, with cheating a Borah, named Alibhoy Adamji, by false representation and thereby obtaining Rs. 10. Mr. Davur, barrister-at-law, appeared for the accused. The defence was that the offence, with which the accused was charged was alleged to have taken place six months ago, and that the evidence against the accused was not satisfactory. The magistrate, however, convicted the accused and sentenced him to two years' rigorous imprisonment. After this case was disposed of the case in which the accused and one Alegan Kikabhoy were charged with being found within the area of a Presidency Magistrate's jurisdiction, notwithstanding their notorious character as burglars and thieves, was proceeded with. The police demanded that the accused must furnish proper security for their future good behaviour. From the evidence it appeared that the accused were arrested somewhere between the common jail and Bengalpura. The accused were also overheard to say that one of them attempted to go into a house for the purpose of committing theft. A crow-bar was found concealed in the trousers. The second accused had previously been five times convicted. The first accused having been convicted in a cheating case for two years the police did not conduct the case against him, whilst the second accused was ordered to produce two sureties of Rs. 500 each as security for his good conduct in future.

A Charge of Using Abusive and Threatening Language.—Hoosain Goolam Alli, the editor and proprietor of a Mahomedan paper, named "Kasidi-Moombai," and his father, Goolam Alli Goolam Hoosain, the manager of the paper, and his (Goolam Alli's) wife appeared at the Girgaum Police Court, yesterday, before Mr. Mirza Abbas Alli Baig, Acting Fourth Presidency Magistrate, to answer a summons taken out against them by one Abdool Hoosain, charging them with using abusive and threatening language with the intent to provoke a breach of the peace. Mr. Sealy appeared for the complainant and Mr. Valinkar appeared for the accused. The complainant is a landing and shipping contractor, and lives at Mazagon, where the accused persons also reside. It appears that for some time past, there had been ill-feeling existing between the parties regarding a mosque, at Mazagon, of which the first accused was formerly a manager, but was subsequently removed from that office. On the 5th instant, at about 8-30 p.m., the complainant was passing by the accused's house, and going on a visit to a friend, when the three accused persons, who were at the time seated on the verandah of their house, abused the complainant and called him bad names. The accused denied the charge, but the Magistrate, after recording some evidence, thought that a *prima facie* case was made out against the accused, and he accordingly framed the charge against them. At this stage Mr. Sealy got up and said that his client would be satisfied if the accused would tender him, either oral or written, an apology for what had occurred on that day. The Magistrate gave time to the accused to consider over the proposal made by Mr. Sealy on behalf of his client. After a short consultation Mr. Sealy informed his Worship that the accused had tendered a written apology, and the matter was settled. Mr. Velinker then asked the magistrate to take the case as settled, as it was a compoundable offence. The party then left the court.

Robbing Travellers.—At the Girgaum Police Court yesterday, before Mr. Mirza Abbas Alli Baig, Acting Fourth Presidency Magistrate, Ramlal Ramnath and Elaibux Ramjan were placed, the former being charged with theft of a gold necklet, weighing eight tolas, valued at Rs. 220, the property of Ranooji Chimanlal, and the latter with aiding and abetting the first accused, in the commission of the offence. On Saturday morning, at about half-past 6 o'clock, the two accused and the complainant and the complainant's son, named Chunilal, arrived in Bombay from Poona. On alighting at the Dadar station, the complainant found the gold necklet missing from the person of his son. He also missed the two accused who were travelling with him at Coorla. The complainant reported the matter to the railway police, and gave them the names of the accused, on whom he rested his suspicion. The complainant said that he, his son, and the first accused travelled in one compartment, while the second accused travelled in an adjoining compartment. The two accused got out of the train at Coorla, and since then the two accused disappeared. A telegram was immediately wired to Coorla, informing the authorities of the theft. While the railway police were thus making inquiries, a policeman No. 410 of the G Division brought the two accused to Dadar Station with the stolen article in their possession. It appears that the accused were arrested on suspicion on their way to Bandora at Dadar by the policeman and on searching their person the gold necklet was found with the first accused, while a piece of copper gilded over with gold and a copper finger ring, also gilded over with the same metal, were found in the possession of the second accused. The complainant identified the gold necklet as his own property. The first accused, in his defence, said that on Friday night, while they were standing with the complainant on the Poona Railway Station, a bundle containing the above property was found. The complainant distributed the property amongst them, and he (the first accused) got the gold necklet as his share, while the second accused got the other two articles. The second accused, in his defence, said that the first accused engaged him as a coolie to carry his baggage and that he did not know that the copper piece and the copper ring found in his possession were stolen property. His Worship, in convicting the first accused, remarked that he must have been robbing the passengers while asleep in the train. He accordingly sentenced the first accused to undergo fifteen months' rigorous imprisonment, and discharged the second accused against whom, his Worship remarked, there was not sufficient evidence.

BOMBAY HUNT.

The annual meeting of subscribers to the Bombay Hunt was held at Graham's Buildings, Fort, yesterday, at 6 p.m., Mr. H. C. Burder presiding. On the motion of the chairman the following report together with the accounts was adopted:—

Your committee beg to submit their report for the season 1892-93 with account of receipts and expenditure. Your committee regret that, owing to the low rate of exchange and to the fact that nearly the entire pack of hounds have died, the accounts show a deficit of Rs. 224-2-4, as a debt due to Messrs. Finlay, Muir & Co. This deficit will be further increased, as most of the hounds sold to the Ootacamund Hunt have also died, and your committee think that the Ootacamund Hunt cannot be asked to pay for such hounds as have died. The question of how the deficit is to be met will have to be considered by the subscribers to the Hunt at the general meeting. Twenty couple of hounds were purchased by Walter Bell and arrived by the s. s. Clan Monroe on the 9th November.

Hunting commenced on the 7th December and ended on the 15th March, hounds having been out altogether thirty-three mornings. Of the twenty couple of hounds landed in November, three couple died from casualties and one hound was lost; eight couple were sold to the Ootacamund Hunt, one couple to Mr. Fielden, 7th Hussars, and one hound remains, which Mr. Buckland is keeping.

The remaining seven couple died of an epidemic of malarial fever, which appeared towards the end of the season, and has appeared also among the hounds sold to the Ootacamund Hunt; in the case of these hounds, the disease must have been contracted before they left Bombay.

Mr. H. W. Buckland was appointed master of hounds and Mr. H. M. Steuart honorary secretary.

The following committee was elected:—Mr. H. C. Burder, Mr. C. Gray, Mr. J. L. Symons, Mr. J. F. N. Graham, Major Woodrow, Mr. F. C. Macrae, and Mr. H. M. Steuart, (secretary).

It was then resolved to request the committee to order out and purchase twenty pairs of hounds for the ensuing season.

On the motion of the chairman a hearty vote of thanks to the secretary was passed.

The usual compliment to the chair terminated the proceedings.

THE WILLARD OPERA COMPANY.

The season of Mr. Willard's Company, at the Gaiety, has reached its third week, and the large audiences that have assembled nightly to witness the performances show no signs of diminishing. The pieces produced during the past week were "Haddon Hall," "Aladdin," "Boccaccio," "Arabian Nights," and "Manteaux Noirs." This is the first occasion Bucalossi's charming comic opera, "Manteaux Noirs," has been produced in Bombay, and it is not too much to say that it proved to be one of the best items in the company's generous repertoire. The opera, many years ago, scored a great success in Europe, and on Saturday night Mr. Willard's Company revived past recollections of its beauty and humour in a manner that was heartily appreciated by a large audience. The music is full of rich and charming melody, whilst the libretto is replete with sparkling wit and irresistible humour. Mr. Bathust as Don Phillip made a decided hit, and his rendering of the serenade in the second act brought down the house. Miss Vera Patey as Girola infused all her *chic* and vivacity into the character, and her vocal efforts throughout the evening were a series of triumphs. Harry Hall was the spirit of fun as Dromez, the miller, whilst Mr. Munro kept the audience merry as Don Jose. Miss Ethel Mackay and Miss Madie Bennett both looked and acted charmingly as Queen Isabel, and Donna Clarinda respectively. Mr. E. Fearnly is also deserving of praise for his clever portrayal of the role of Don Luis. The other parts were in good hands and the dressing and staging of the opera were effective. During the present week the company will appear in "Miss Decima," "Dr. Bill," "The Gondoliers," "Haddon Hall," and the "Naughty Forty."

THE THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY AND CHICAGO.

The Theosophical Society has been granted representation in the Parliament of Religions, which is to open at the World's Columbian Exposition on the 11th September next. The Society will thus have an opportunity of setting forth its ethical and philosophical teachings under the most favourable auspices. The matter was first proposed by Mr. W. Q. Judge, Vice-President of the Society, who made a formal application for representation on behalf of the Society at large. At the convention of the American section of the Theosophical Society, held at New York, on April 23 last, the plan of the proposed Congress was clearly set forth, and the matter having been referred to a special committee, it reported recommending that the convention give its unqualified endorsement to the Congress, and urging branch Societies and individual Theosophists all over the world to join in an effort to make it a success to the fullest possible extent. The report was adopted, and a committee appointed to co-operate with the World's Congress Auxiliary. At the same time messages were received from the Secretaries of the Indian and European sections endorsing the Congress and promising the cordial assistance of the foreign members. The Parliament of Religions opens on Monday, September 11, and the Theosophical Congress will be held on Friday and Saturday, September 15 and 16, having two sessions each day. It is expected that many of the leading members of the Society will be present. Among others, Mrs. Besant, who has already signified her consent to deliver addresses before the Congress.

Sir Somers Vine, the Assistant Secretary of the Imperial Institute, who has just been made a C. M. G., is by profession a journalist. He is but forty-seven; has been neither editor of a London daily nor prominently associated with the direction of any of the great organs of political opinion, and yet when he had attained his fortieth year he could boast of being a knight and the friend of princes. Sir Somers was born in Somerset and educated at Spalding. Early in life he was connected with a Huntingdonshire journal. Removing from that country he became secretary to Sir Sydney Waterlow, and acted in that capacity when Sir Sydney became Lord Mayor of London. Sir Somers took the tide at the flood, and it led on to fortune. He was secretary to the Bengal Famine Relief Fund in 1874. Perceiving the possibilities of the South Kensington enterprise, he became City and official agent—this was in 1883—to the Fisheries Exhibition, and was connected with both the Healtheries and the Colinderies. When the Imperial Institute was initiated Sir Somers's experience was taken advantage of. Sir Somers boasts a genial disposition, and is popular as the secretary of the Savage Club. He was made a great personage of when he recently visited Australia, and tells many stories of his Colonial experiences. His tour through the Empire is held by some to have saved the Imperial Institute from collapse.

POONA RACES.—1893.

ENTRANCES—15th MAY.

THE MAIDEN GALLOWAYS.

H H Aga Khan's b a gal, Showhiman
Aga Junghi Shah's b a gal, Grain
Mr Cursetjee's b a gal, Corsair
Mr Abdoola Bin Fara's b a gal, Bannerol
Mr Ali Bin Taleb's g a gal, Honeysuckle
Mr Ali Bin Ameer's ch a gal, Bombay
Mr Newton's c a gal, Perhaps
Mr P Rattanjee's ch a gal, Civilian
Mr S A W's g a gal, Dholpore
Mr Cooverjee Ardaseer's ch a gal, Briton
Capt Harrison's c a gal, Mutineer
Mr Esau Bin Khaliffa's b a gal, Nesand
Do. b a gal, Budder
Mr H E A W's b a gal, Columbus
Aga Moortaza Khan's ch a gal, Pallat

THE ARAB PONY DERBY.

Mr J Desaraj Ur's g a p, Iron Duke
Mr Cursetjee's ch a p, Express
Mr H McMicking's g a p, Ransom
Messrs Abdoola bin Fara's and Ali bin Taleb's b a p, Confederacy
Messrs Raymond's and Stewart's g a p, Jem
Major Milton's g a p, Success II
Mr Wexford's b a p, Bunny
Mr B's c a p, Jamil
Mr S A W's c a p, Zouaf
Aga Z Shah's bk a p, Soldier
Mr Hadden's br a p, Last Straw
Mr Cooverjee Ardaseer's b a p, Chikara
Mr Esau bin Khaliffa's g a p, Sir Frank
Mr Hassan bin Budder's b a p, Marquis
Mr Macpherson's br a p, Magnet, aged 4 years
Do. ch a p, Mystic
Mr H E A W's g a p, Cummer
Mr Whitehead's g a p, Geordie

THE POONA DERBY.

H H Aga Khan's ch a h, Sterling
Do. g a h, Donovan
Do. g a h, St Kildare
Do. b a c, Ali Ameer
Aga Junghi Shah's b a h, Shabaz
Mr J Desaraj Ur's ch a h, Premier
Mr Abdoola bin Fara's b a h Presentiment
Do. ch a c, Napier
Mr Ali bin Taleb's ch a h, Arrow
Do. ch a c, Nasir
Do. gr a c, Monsoon
Mr Ali bin Ameer's b a h, Albert Victor
Do. b a c, Sir Robert
Mr. Newton's ch a h, Regent
Capt Holdsworth's b a h, Speculation
Mr S A W's b a h, Victor
Mr Cooverjee Ardaseer's b a h, Toofan
Do. c a g, Briton
Do. b a h, Robinhood
Mr Robert's ch a h, Moslem
Mr Hassan bin Budder's b a h, Atlantic
Mr Esau bin Khaliffa's b a h, Rajeeb
Mr Macpherson's bn a h, Claverhouse
Mr H E A W's g a c, Richmond
Do. b a h, Shummer

THE TRIAL STAKES.

Colonel Macintire's ch aus g, Zoroaster
Do. b aus g, Riverside
Capt Morris ch e m, Her Ladyship by Friar Tuck—Little Annie
Mr J Desaraj Ur's b aus g, Marvel
Capt Ross' ch w m, Shears
Aga Coochick Shah's b aus m, Minnichaha

THE CRITERION.

Mr B's c a h, Buttercup
Capt Peyton's b a h, Commissioner
Mr Newton's c a h, Regent
Lieut-Col Steven's b a h, The Bey
Capt Holdsworth's b a h, Speculation
Mr H Fielden's b a h, FitzWilliam
Mr Frankland's Prosperity.
Messrs Ralli and Graham's g a h, Noffil
Mr Macpherson's b a h, Cluny

H. H. AGA KHAN'S PURSE.

H H Aga Khan's ch a h, Sterling
Do. g a h, Donovan
Do. g a h, St Kildare
Do. b a c, Ali Ameer.
Aga Junghi Shah's ch a h, Red Jacket
Mr Abdoola Bin Fara's b a h, Presentiment
Do ch a c, Napier
Mr Ali Bin Taleb's g a c, Monsoon
Do ch a c, Nasir
Mr Ali Bin Ameer's b a h, Albert Victor
Do b a c, Sir Robert
Capt Holdsworth's b a h, Speculation
Mr S A W's g a c, Nuserat
Mr Robert's ch a h, Moslem
Mr Esau Bin Khaliffa's b a h, Rajeeb
Do b a gal, Nesand
Mr H E A W's b a h, Shummer

THE WELTER.

Col Macintire's ch ans g, Zoroaster
Do b aus g, Riverside
Capt Morris' b e m, Zingara by Penton—Forest Maid, 4 years.
Capt Ross' ch w m, Shears
Capt Chance's ch aus geld, Albemarle
Major John Hotham's b aus g, Seyton by Glorious out of Catherine-Seyton
Mr Petre's b aus g, Harlequin

H H AGA KHAN'S COMMEMORATION PLATE.

H H Aga Khan's ch a h, Sterling
Do g a h, Donovan
Do g a h, St Kildare
Do b a c, Ali Ameer
Aga Junghi Shah's b a h, Shabaz
Mr Abdoola bin Fara's b a h Presentiment
Do b a h Merrily
Do ch a h, Artist
Mr Ali bin Taleb's ch a h, Arrow
Do ch a c, Fareek
Mr Ali bin Ameer's b a gal, Turkish Flag
Do b a c, Sir Robert
Mr S A W's b a h, Victor
Mr Macpherson's br a h Claverhouse
Mr H E A W's g a h Dameron

THE PONY CUP.

H H Aga Khan's ch a gal, Russian
Do b a gal, Showhimman
Do b a gal, Bismarck
Aga Junghi Shah's b a gal, Grain
Do b a p, Success
The Firm's ch aus p, Sunshine
Capt Morris' ch e m, Golden Fleece
Mr J Desaraj Ur's g a p, Iron Duke
Do br aus g Vengeance
Do br aus p, Beeswing
Mr C A B Beatty's g a gal, Arabia
Mr Cursetjee's g a p, Haughty Boy
Mr H McMicking's g a p, Ransom
Messrs Abdoola bin Fara's & Ali bin Taleb's b a p, Confederacy
Mr Ali bin Taleb's g a p, Honeysuckle
Major Radcliffe's g a gal, Memory
Messrs Raymond and Stewart's g a p, Jem
Major Milton's g a p, Success II
Capt Holdsworth's br a geld, Signor
Mr S A W's c a p, Zouaf
Aga Z Shah's b a g, G G
Mr Haddon's br a p, Last Straw
Dr Martin's bk e m, Zenobia
Mr Cooverjee Ardaseer's b a p, Chikara
Do b a p, Rangoon
Mr Esau bin Khaliffa's g a p, Sir Frank
Mr Macpherson's g a gal, Carlton
Mr H E A W's g a p, Cummer
Do g a p, Dunbar
Mr Whitehead's g a p, Geordie
Mr P's b a p, Minton
Mr Framjee Dorabjee's b a p, Gazee
Do b a P, Kaitan
Mr P Rattanjee's ch a gal, Civilian

THE STEWARD'S PURSE.

Capt Morris' ch e m, Her Ladyship
Mr J Desaraj Ur's b aus g, Marvel
Capt Ross' ch w m, Shears

THE GALLOWAY PLATE.

H H Aga Khan's b a gal, Bismarck
Do b a gal, Showhiman
Mr F W Smith's br m b g, Zouave
Mr Cursetjee's b a gal, Corsair
Mr Abdoola Bin Fara's b a gal, Bannerol
Mr Macquoid's b a gal, Puddamjee
Mr Ali Bin Ameer's ch a gal, Bombay
Mr Newton's c a gal, Perhaps
Mr S A W's g a gal, Dholpore
Mr Cooverjee Ardaseer's ch a gal, Briton
Mr Esau bin Khaliffa's b a gal, Nesand
Do b a gal Budder
Mr Macpherson's g a gal, Carlton
Mr H E A W's b a gal, Columbus
Mr Petre's b a gal, Redeemer

THE GOVERNOR'S CUP.

H H Aga Khan's g a h, Venture
Do b a h Tenebreuse
Do ch a h, Sterling
H H Aga Khan's g a h, Donovan
Do g a h, St Kildare
Do b a c, Ali Ameer
Do b a h, Dutchman
Aga Junghi Shah's b a h, Shabaz
Col Macintire's br m b g, The Moor
The Firm's b m b m, Senora
Mr Cursetjee's ch a b, Alert
Abdoola bin Fara's b a h, Presentiment
Do b a h, Merrily
Do ch a h, Artist
Ali Bin Taleb's ch a h, Arrow
Do ch a c, Fareek
Mr Stewart's ch a h, Red Gold
Ali Bin Ameer's b a gal, Turkish Flag
Do b a c, Sir Robert
Mr S A W's b a h, Victor
Aga Z Shah's ch cb geld, Scarce Tonners
Mr Cooverjee Ardaseer's ch a h, Briton
Do ch cb m, Duchess
Do b a h, Robinhood
Mr Newton's c a h, Regent
Mr Robert's ch a h, Moslem
Mr Hassan bin Budder's b a h, Patna
Mr Macpherson's br a h, Claverhouse
The Desai of Mungsuli's g a h, Soocab
Mr H E A W's g a h, Dameron
Do b a h, Shummer
The Maharajah of Vizianagram bk cb m, Fedora

THE CORINTHIAN STAKES.

Mr C A Beatty's g a gal, Arabia
Major Radcliffe's g a gal, Memory
Messrs Raymond and Stewart's g a p, Jem.
Major Milton's g a p, Success II
Capt Arbuthnot's b cb p, Ishmael
Capt Holdsworth's br a p, Signor
Capt Peyton's b a gal, Selim
Mr P's b a p, Minton
Mr Wilmer's, Suez
Capt Harrison's ch a gal Mutineer
Mr Macpherson's g a gal, Carlton
Do br a p, Magnet
Do ch a p, Mystic

THE CHAMPAGNE STAKES.

H H Aga Khan's g a h, True Blue
Do g a h, St Kildare
Col Macintire's br m b g, The Moore
The Firm's b b m b m, Senora
Mr J Deseraj Ur's ch a h, Premier
Mr Cursetjee's b a c, Sir George
Ali Bin Taleb's ch a c, Fareek
Do ch a c, Nasir
Mr Stewart's ch a h, Red Gold
Mr Wexford's b cb c, Kestrel
Ali Bin Ameer's g a h, Kohinoor
Do b a h, Albert Victor
Mr Framjee Dorabjee's c a h, Dick Turpin
Lieut-Col M Steven's b a h, The Bey
Aga Coochick Shah's b a h, Barnum
Capt Holdsworth's b a h, Speculation
Mr Cooverjee Ardaseer's b e m, Mahitab
Do b a h, Toofan
Do b a h, Robinhood
Mr Cooverjee Ardaseer's c a gal, Briton
Do c cb m, Duchess
Capt Chance's c h e b geld, Music Master
Mr Esau Bin Khaliffa's b a h, Rajeeb
Mr H E A W's g a h, Dameron
Mr Petre's c h c b c, Tamarind, 3 yrs

THE TURF CLUB CUP.

H H Aga Khan's g a h, Venture
Do b a h, Tenebreuse
Do g a h, True Blue
Do g a h, St Kildare
Do b a h, Dutchman
Aga Junghi Shah's b a h, Shabaz
Mr Cursetjee's c h a h, Alert
Abdoola bin Fara's b a h, Merrily
Do c h a h, Artist
Ali bin Taleb's c h a c, Fareek
Do c h a c, Nasir
Mr Stewart's c h a h, Red Gold
Captain Peyton's b a h, Commissioner
Ali bin Ameer's b a gal, Turkish Flag
Do b a h, Albert Victor
Do g a h, Kohinoor
Mr Framjee Dorabjee's c a h, Dick Turpin
Aga Coochick Shah's b a h, Barnum
Capt Holdsworth's b a h, Speculation
Mr S A W's b a h, Victor
Mr Macpherson's ch a h, Claymore
Do b a h, Cavalier
Do br a h, Claverhouse
Do b a h, Cluny
The Desai of Mungsuli's g a h, Soocab
Mr H E A W's g a h, Dameron

THE MERCHANTS' CUP.

H H Aga Khan's ch a h, Sterling
Do g a h, Donovan
Do g a h, St Kildare
Do b a c, Ali Ameer
Aga Junghi Shah's ch a h, Red Jacket
Do g a c, Blue Beard
Mr J Desrat Ur's ch a h, Premier
Abdool bin Fara's b a h, Presentiment
Ali bin Taleb's ch a h, Arrow
Do ch a c, Nasir
Do gr a c, Monsoon
Ali bin Ameer's b a h, Albert Victor
Do b a c, Sir Robert
Do ch a gal, Bombay
Mr Newton's c a h, Regent
Capt Holdsworth's b a b, Speculation
Mr S A W's g a c, Nuserat
Mr Frankland's Prosperity
Mr Cooverjee Ardaseer's b a h, Toofan
Do ch a g, Briton
Do b a h, Robin Hood
Mr Esau bin Khaliffa's b a h, Rajeeb
Do b a gal, Nesand
Mr Macpherson's br a h, Claverhouse
Do b a h, Cavalier
Do b a h, Cluny
Mr H E A W's b a h, Shummer
Do b a h, Arbiter

THE DECCAN HANDICAP.

Aga Junghi Shah's b a p, Success
Mr J Desaraj Ur's g a p, Iron Duke
Mr Cursetjee's ch a p, Express
Do g a p, Haughty Boy
Mr H McMicking's g a p, Ransom
Ali Taleb and Abdoola Fara's b a p, Confederacy
Messrs Raymond and Stewart's g a p, Jem
Major Milton's g a p, Success II
Mr Wexford's b a p, Bunny
Mr P's b a p, Minton
Mr Framjee Dorabjee's b a p, Gazee
Do b a p, Kaitan
Mr S A W's c a p, Zouaf
Aga Z Shah's bk a p, Soldier
Mr Haddon's br a p, Last Straw
Mr Cooverjee Ardaseer's b a p, Chikara
Do b a p, Rangoon
Mr Esau bin Khaliffa's g a p, Sir Frank
Mr Macpherson's br a p, Magnet
Do ch a p, Mystic

PALLUNJEE NUSSERWANJEE,
Assist. Secy. W. I. T. Club,

Poona, 20th May, 1893.

Attention of owners is drawn to rule 75 (1) W. I. T. C. Rules—"The entries must be received at the advertised place on or before the advertised date."

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The steamer Bentola, 1,767 tons, Commander W E Filmer sailed yesterday for Antwerp, with a general cargo.

The steamer Resolve, 2,034 tons, commander S Elcoate, sailed yesterday for Dunkirk, with a general cargo.

The steamer Afrikander, 1,793 tons, commander T C Hubback, cleared yesterday for Hamburg, with a general cargo and 60 deck passengers.

The steamer Safari, 1,432 tons, Commander C Asthausen, arrived in harbour yesterday from Zanzibar (15th May), with a general cargo and the following passengers:—Mr Halin, Mr Smith, Mr Thomson, Mr Reibe, Mr Fathma and 48 deck. The vessel is consigned to Mr F Heyer.

The Italian steamer Singapore, 2,431 tons, Commander O Caneapa, cleared yesterday for Genoa, &c, with a general cargo and the following passengers:—Mr and Mrs Annesby, Mr E Hauser, Col Brown, Mr C Boggiano Mr Andrews, Mr and Mrs Grant, Mr E, Berandey, Mr and Mrs Tivelli, Mr N G Mavcokefale, Mr Branchianible, Mr J Coalson, Rev Francis and 28 deck.

The following is the list of passengers per Italian steamer Singapore, Captain O Campa, sailing to-day, at 8 a. m. from Victoria Dock:—For Genoa—Mr A F Berendes, Mr Andrews, Mr and Mrs Grant, Col Browne, Mr Bianchi Anibale, Mr Ackril, Mr E Hauser, Mr Cesare Boggiang, Major Annesby.—Mrs Annesby, Revd Annibal Francis, Mr J Carlsen—For Suez—2 deck passengers. For Aden—Mr and Mrs Mavrokefalo and 25 deck passengers.

ARRIVAL OF THE CHINA AND AUSTRALIAN MAILS.

The P and O S N Co's steamer Sutlej, 2,103 tons, Commander W D Worcester, arrived in harbrur yesterday from Shanghai (6th May), with Her Majesty's China and Austratian mails, a general cargo and the following passengers:—From Hongkong—Mr J B Moolla. From Sydney—Rev J Gothard, Mr E Bragshaw, Mr Higgins and son, and Mr Gohogan. From Melbourne—Mr Wright. From Colombo—Mr C Walman and Mr A C McDonald. From different ports—four deck.

VESSELS IN DOCKS.—May 29.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Shd.	Vessels.	Ton.	Capt.	Destination.	Date	Agent.
A	Sutlej	2044	Worcester	London	2-6	P & O Co
B	Nedjed	1692	Crawford	Port Said		Ralli Bros.
C	Elba	1498	Cantell	Hull	1-6	C M & Sons
D	K. Arthur	1047	Fairweather	P. Gulf	30-5	B&P S N Co
F	Afrikander	1793	Hebback	Hamburgh	30-5	W&A Graham
G	J Tucker	1657	Vengelly	Odessa	30-5	K Nixon &Co
H	Laju	1246	Reed	Port Said	2-6	J Mackintosh
L	Nyanza	1421	Barton	Zanzibar	4-6	V Ebram
L	Windsor	1798	Raeburn	Trieste, &c	31-5	T Morrisons
M	Aldgate	2208	Chesheri	Hamburgh	2-6	K Nixon&Co
M	Satrunje	547	Ahmed	Marmagoa	30-5	Shprd & Co
P	Skidby	2208	Strachan	Hamburgh	2-6	K Nixon
Q	Bentola	1767	Filmer	Antwerp	29-5	T Morrison
30 ton crane	Safari	1432	Austhavsen	Zanzibar		F Heyer

HARBOUR WALL.

	Vessels.	Ton.	Capt.	Destination.	Date	Agent.
	S.S. Ponani	512	Adam	Bhownagur		Shepherd & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

Shd.	Vessels.	Ton	Capt.	Destination.	Date	Agent
1	Amana	2019	Kilgour	Marseilles	1-6	K Nixon &Co
2	Hispania	2313	Abrey	Liverpool	6-6	W&A Graham
3	Sin'pore	2341	Ottavia	N & Genoa	30-5	F Branchi.
4	Peninsular			China	31-5	P & O S N Co
5	Lombardy	1571	Cole	China		P & O Co
6	Gwalior	1648	Spick	China	2-6	P & O Co
7	Imperator	2348	Bechtinger	Trieste	1-6	A Lloyd's S NCo
8	Emir	2620	Robson	Antwerp	1-6	K Nixon &Co
9	Blackneath	1674	Hall	Genoa	31-5	K Nixon &Co
10	Kt. Companion	2542	Durant	Dunkirk	30-5	K Nixon&Co
11	Paula	285	Prayman	Mauritius		H S Siddick
12	W. Hall	2104	Barkley	Dunkirk		E Bates & Co
13	Imaum	2707	Pemberthy	Antwerp	31-5	E Bates
15	Bombay	2019	Robertson	Antwerp	5-6	J Mackintosh
16	Resolve	2031	Elcoate	Dunkirk		W&A Graham
19	M. Valerie	2044	Metis	Trieste	9-6	A L S N Co

ARRIVALS.

May.	Vessel.	Commander.	From
29	Sutlej s	Worcester	Shanghai, May 26.
	Safari s	Asthausen	Zanzibar, May 15.

DEPARTURES.

May.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
29	Tregenna s	Glasson	Hull.
	Resolve s	Elcoate	Dunkirk.
	Bentola s	Filmer	Antwerp.
	Afrikander s	Hubback	Hamburg.

The following vessels obtained their port clearance yesterday:—
Steamer Afrikander, Hubback, for Hamburg.
" Singapore, Canepa, for Genoo, &c.

The following vessels began to load yesterday:—
Steamer Maria Valerie, for Trieste, Venice, &c.
" Indra, for Dunkirk.
" Peninsular, for China.
" Indra, for Genoa.
" Methley Hall, for Genoa.
" Kerbella, for Calcutta, Rangoon, &c.
" Pemba, for K Coast, Karachi, and Persian Gulf.
" Kapurthala, for K. Coast and Kurrachee.
" King Arthur, for Kurrachee and Persian Gulf.
" Caldy, for Havre, Humburg, &c.
" Sutlej, for London, &c.

KARACHI.

ARRIVALS.

May.	Vessel.	Commander.	
20	Pachumba s	Russell	Bombay via C. Coast.
	Zampa s	Chisholm	Middlesbro.
22	Pemba s	Rothwell	Persian Gulf.
	Kapurthala s	Livingstone	Bombay.

DEPARTURES.

May.	Vessel.	Commander.	
18	Kilwa s	Gimblett	Bombay.
	Karagola s	Robertson	Bombay via C. Coast.
	Java s	Tice	Persian Gulf.
19	Afghan s	Barton	Bombay.
20	Pachumba s	Russell	Bombay via C. Ports.

VESSELS IN HARBOUR.

S. S. Zampa, Chisholm, Pestonji Bhicaji (not known).
" Pemba, Rothwell, M. Mackenzie & Co., for Bombay.
" Kapurthala, Livingstone, M. Mackenzie & Co., for Bombay.

To Darken Grey Hair.—Lockyer's Sulphur Hair Restorer is the quickest, best, safest; cost less; effects more than any other. The colour produced is most natural. Lockyer's Sulphur is the only English Hair Restorer universally sold.

THE WEATHER.

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN AT 8 A. M. ON MONDAY, THE 29TH OF MAY, 1893.

1. The barometric readings are all corrected to Calcutta standard and reduced to the same temperature 32° and also to the sea level
2. The 2nd column under the head "Wind" gives the average motion of the air in miles per hour during the past 24 hours, and is obtained by dividing the total number of miles of wind registered by an anemometer during the previous 24 hours by 24.
3. The temperatures given in the table are of the air in the shade or in a small shed with open sides and a thatched or straw roof. The maximum (max.) and minimum (min.) temperatures are the highest and lowest temperatures during the 24 hours preceding 8 a.m.
4. The humidity is given as a percentage expressing the rates of the actual amount of moisture in the air to the amount required to saturate it.

Stations.	Barometer, 8 A.M.	Wind. Direction.	Wind. Rate per hour.	Temperature in shade. Maximum of past 24 hours.	Temperature in shade. Minimum of past 24 hours.	Humidity, 8 A.M.	Rainfall. Past 24 hours.	Rainfall. Since 1st November to date.	Rainfall. Variation, 1st November to date.
Delhi	29·521	Calm	2	101·0	83·1	50	0·15	6·89	+3·37
Agra	29·590	S E	5	108·5	85·4	53	...	3·55	+1·85
Cawnpore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Allahabad	29·527	W S W	6	108·1	85·2	41	..	3·76	+1·71
Jhansi	29·550	S W	2	107·5	85·7	45	..	3·70	+2·15
Jacobabad	..	...	...	...	...	...	..	..	..
Karachi	29·565	W S W	15	93·0	81·7	76	..	4·26	+2·81
Ajmere	29·554	W	11	101·9	87·0	51	0·02	2·61	+1·02
Deesa	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ahmedabad	29·609	N W	5	103·8	83·1	66	--	3·49	..
Bhuj	29·582	W	29	99·0	79·9	66	..	0·01	..
Rajkot	29·626	W	15	101·9	79·5	64	..	0·00	—0·06
Veraval	29·652	W	8	88·6	82·2	81	..	0·44	..
Neemuch	29·606	S W	12	101·3	81·1	61	..	2·65	+1·28
Indore	29·617	W	4	99·1	77·1	70	..	2·58	+1·00
Saugor	..	...	..	...	..	...	...	..	...
Jubbulpore	...	...	..	..	...	..	..	...	...
Hoshangabad	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Khandwa	29·642	S E	7	97·7	77·3	80	0·1	3·96	+2·13
Raipur	29·638	E N E	4	103·1	80·5	66	...	5·06	+1·61
Nagpur	29·625	Calm	7	101·3	77·6	65	...	8·08	+4·46
Amraoti	29·639	E S E	5	100·6	73·8	85	0·46	8·23	+5·31
Akola	29·618	S W	5	105·7	74·7	91	1·39	9·96	+6·72
Surat	29·642	W N W	F	97·2	82·6	79	...	0·27	—0·25
Malegaon	29·682	W N W	8	93·4	76·1	75	...	3·31	+1·06
Bombay	29·691	S S W	9	86·7	75·3	91	4·97	5·93	+1·45
Poona	29·702	W N W	8	90·0	70·9	92	2·09	5·26	+1·78
Sholapur	29·707	W S W	8	85·7	71·5	91	0·67	8·69	+5·51
Ratnagiri	29·731	E N E	6	80·4	73·9	97	3·59	7·56	+5·92
Belgaum	29·733	W S W	?	72·8	67·3	88	0·87	9·26	+3·47
Goa	29·765	N	8	80·1	74·1	86	1·39	8·46	..
Karwar	29·748	S W	4	80·1	72·6	84	1·81	11·42	+5·17
Mangalore	29·813	S S W	1	83·8	72·9	93	0·32	17·54	+6·77
Calicut	29·855	Calm	6	84·3	75·0	93	0·96	20·88	+3·55
Cochin	29·880	Calm	M	84·8	75·6	90	0·53	30·70	+2·06
Bangalore	29·825	S W	14	85·2	67·5	86	...	5·95	—4·44
Secunderabad	29·687	W S W	12	93·1	73·4	70	...	11·03	+6·64
Masulipatam	29·692	W N W	10	101·7	70·1	73	..	2·48	—8·14
Bellary	29·742	S W	14	91·6	74·9	60	...	2·?5	—2·33
Cuddapah	...	...	..	...	...	..	..	..	..
Madras	29·746	W S W	16	100·3	82·6	47	..	8·11	—18·13
Coimbatore	29·853	S W	7	85·4	72·3	86	..	8·01	—2·65
Trichinopoly	29·789	W S W	11	99·1	79·3	56	..	8·83	—7·48
Negapatam	29·782	S S W	7	100·1	79·3	47	...	15·57	—20·10
Colombo	29·905	S W	10	85·0	80·0	74	..	49·73	—3·92

In column "Wind, rate per hour," L=Light, M=Moderate, F=Fresh, S=Strong, H=Heavy.

SUMMARY.

The barometric changes of the past 24 hours have been moderate or small. Readings are highest in the extreme south and lowest in the extreme north. Gradients are moderately steep. Winds are south-easterly at Agra, Khandwa and Amraoti and south-westerly or north-westerly over the rest of the country. The force has been strong at Bhuj, Rajkot, Bangalore, Secunderabad, Bellary and Madras. This morning the wind velocity was 22 miles an hour at Bhuj, 18 at Rajkot and 16 at Secunderabad. The maximum temperature is from 7° to 17° below the normal at Khandwa, Nagpur, Malegon, Sholapur, Belgaum, Karwar, Secunderabad, Bellary and Coimbatore, and the minimum 5° to 8° below in defect at Karwar, Bombay, Akola Amraoti, Nagpur and Khandwa. The highest temperature in the shade was 108° at Agra and the lowest 67° at Belgaum and Bangalore. Humidity has increased considerably at Bombay, Aurangabad and Sholapur, and the skies are cloudy to overcast almost everywhere. Heavy rain has fallen at Bombay (4.97), Ratnagiri (3.59), Poona (2·09), and over an inch at Karwar (1.81), Goa and Akola (1·39), Aurangabad (1·05), and light to moderate showers at Delhi, Khandwa, Amraoti, Belgaum, Sholapur, Mangalore, Calicut and Cochin. An area of abnormally low pressure lies in the neighbourhood of Bombay and Surat, and heavy rain is probable there. Monsoon weather conditions prevail on the whole of the West Coast from Cochin northwards as far as Surat and rain is to be expected. The atmosphere is damp and very cloudy in the inland stations in the Bombay Presidency and Berar, and rain is probable.

May 28.

With the exception of a brisk to rapid rise at Jacobabad, Saugor, Nagpur, Goa, Karwar, Trichinopoly and Negapatam, the barometer has changed by moderate or small amounts all over the country. Readings are highest in Ceylon and lowest in the extreme north. Gradients are steep. Winds at Goa, Karwar and Bombay show a tendency to cyclonic circulation, while calms and variable breezes prevail elsewhere. The force has been strong at Bhuj, Rajkot, Nagpur, Goa, Bangalore, Bellary, Masulipatam, Madras and Trichinopoly. This morning the wind velocity was 20 miles an hour at Bhuj, 18 at Karachi and Secunderabad, and 16 at Bombay, Raipur and Neemuch. The maximum temperature is from 6° to 11° below the average a Delhi, Jacobabad, Hoshangabad, Malegaon, Sholapur, Belgaum, Mangalore, Cochin and Bellary, and the minimum 5° to 7° in defect at Khandwa, Amraoti, Ratnagiri, Mangalore and Masulipatam. The highest temperature in the shade was 108° at Jacobabad and the lowest 66° at Bangalore. Humidity shows a rise in several places and the skies are cloudy to overcast almost everywhere. Heavy rain has fallen at Karwar (4·04"), Ratnagiri (2·41"), and Mangalore (2·18"), over an inch at Calicut, Goa, Sholapur, Poona and Akola and light to moderate showers at Jacobabad, Indore, Saugor, Jabalpur, Khandwa, Raipur, Malegeon, Bombay, Aurangabad, Belgaum, Cochin, and Colombo. Abnormals indicate the existence of a small depression to the south-weswards of Veraval in the Arabian Sea and the weather on and off the West Coast is unsettled. The baric gradients between Mangalore and Bombay are steep and fresh to strong squally woods with more or less heavy rain are probable on and off that coast. Conditions are favourble for more local showers at the inland stationts in the Bombay Presidency, Berar, Central India and the Central Provinces. As the depression approaches nearer the coast the weather will become more and more unsettled.

W. SUTHERLAND,
For Meteorological Reporter for Western India.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SIMLA, May 29.

Monday's observations show that the barometer has risen in Eastern and Northern India, and fallen in Western India. The rise is rapid in parts of the Punjab and Bengal, elsewhere the changes are small. The Cyclone in Bengal is still drifting eastward, the centre lying between stations Dacca Mymensing, and silchar. The disturbance is filling up and winds and rainfall is lighter. Dacca has received 2·40, silchr 2·56 inches of rain. Monsoon has set in apparently very quietly in the west coastit has now reached Bombay where the rainfall is five inches, Ratnagiri received 3·59, Poona 2·09, Karwar 1·81 inches of rain. The temperature remains abnormally low in almost all parts of India area, and highest maximum recorded 109 degrees at Birsa and Pgra.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY.
Bombay, 8th May, 1893.

Means of observations at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m. and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected 32 deg. Fah.	29·611
Temperature of the Air	81·9
Wet Bulb Thermometer	78·2
Dew Point	77·0
Relative humidity of Air	0·854
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded=10)	10·0
Maximum temperature of air (read at 8 a.m. next day)	86·7
Minimum do. do. (read at 8 a.m.)	79·6
General Directions of wind*	WNW, S, SW, WSW.
Movement of Wind in 24 hours*	2·17
Fall of Rain	3·52
Total fall during month	3·60
" " year	3·76
Additional fall of rain up to 10 a.m. of 29th instant	1·51

* From midnight to midnight.

TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORT.

May 29.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

Great Britain.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey, interrupted. Via Suez, perfect.

Continent of Europe.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey, interrupted. Via Suez, perfect.

America.—Via Brest, perfect. Via Valentia, perfect. Via Direct Cable, perfect.

Australia.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, interrupted.

China.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, interrupted.

Africa.—Via Aden, perfect. Via Cadiz-Teneriffe, perfect. Via Lisbon St. Vincent, perfect.

Amoor route interrupted near Tomsk.
Turkish route interrupted beyond Bagdad.
Route Saigon-Bangkok interrupted.
Cable Santiago-Mole St Nicholas interrupted, this closes the Key West Haiti and Galveston, Jamaica, Haiti routes.
Mauritius mail closes at Zanzibar at noon on the 30th inst.

To Cure Skin Diseases.—Sulpholine Lotions quickly drives away Eruptions, Pimples, Blotches Redness, Eczema, Acne, Disfigurements, Roughness and Scurf, &c., leaving a clear, spotless Skin and beautiful Complexion. Sulpholine is a necessity for the Skin, especially in hot climates. Made in London. Sold everywhere in one Shilling Bottles.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The Scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1; each succeeding line, As. 8. No Trade Advertisements are admitted under this Scale.

DIAMOND RINGS and DIAMOND JEWELLERY.—The Largest Stock of Diamond and other jewellery will be found at MESSRS. MARCKS and Co., Ld., of Bombay and Poona. Their turnover having vastly increased they can sell at LOWER PRICE than other Houses. Inspection invited.

PATENT WOVEN WIRE PILLOWS.—These are recommended as a luxury during the Hot Weather, especially to Homeward Bound Travellers. A fresh supply received by JOHN ROBERTS & Co., Ld., 18, Marine Street.

MAHABLESHWAR DAWK RE-OPENED—Comfortable PHAETON and TONGA DAWKS from WATHAR to MAHABLESHWAR can be obtained at reasonable rates from BURJORJEE PEROSHAW, Diplomaed Dawk Supplier to H. E. the Governor of Bombay and Staff.

TO BE LET.—Newly Repaired and Painted SECOND FLOOR, in Church Gate Street, suitable for Office or Residence. Apply at MORTON, MAJU'S TEA EMPORIUM.

BUYERS of Sewing Machines please demand an affirmative answer from the Seller if the Machine is manufactured by the Singer Company.—THE SINGER MANUFACTURING Co., Bombay.

BEST FRENCH PRUNES.—Both for Dessert and for Stewing. Per lb. As. 8 only. 10 lbs. and over at As. 7 per lb. 2 lbs. Screw Cap Bottles each Re. 1-4. PEARSE and Co., Apollo Street, Bombay.

A LADY desires BOARD OUT of BOMBAY. Moderate Terms. Address "B.," No. 30, care of this Office.

VARIED DISHES prepared daily for Breakfast, Lunch and Dinner, with Puddings, to be had in variety no where except at T. PHILLIMORE and Co., 13, Meadow Street.

BONA-FIDE AUCTION SALE of Mr. C. J. Vernon's Valuable Furniture, Cottage Piano, by Rose, etc., at Elphinstone Circle, opposite Kemp's, THIS DAY, at 2 P. M.

JUST IMPORTED.—Thorough-bred White Bull Terrier BITCH, prize stock. Price Rs. 125. Apply to "D. W.," care of Post Office, Mazagon, Bombay.

DRINK BOVRIL.—It is 50 times more nourishing than Extract of Meat or similar other Beef Tea. Invaluable in Kitchen for enriching Gravies, Soups, &c., Re. 1 per tin. Bovril Wine Rs. 1-8 per Bot. Bovril Biscuits Rs. 1-8 per tin.—BULL & Co., Apollo Bunder.

THE AUREPHONE ORGANS, with 2 music rolls. Rs. 50. Extra music rolls, Rs. 3 each. These are sweet-toned organs.—STEFFENAUER and Co., Fort, Bombay.

REAL EGYPTIAN CIGARETTES, Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 at Rs. 4, 3, 2-8, 2 and 1-8 per 100 respectively. We have been appointed Sole Agents for India, Burmah, and Ceylon for these Celebrated Cigarettes manufactured by Mr. G. Bakirtzi of Egypt of Pure Turkish Tobacco. They have attained the highest reputation in Egypt and other parts of the world, and we doubt not that they will be equally reputed in India and approved generally by those who use them. Arrangements have been made to supply us these Cigarettes fresh every fortnight.—N. B. DANTRA and Co., Church Gate Street, Bombay.

NOW READY.—"The Racing Calendar," the Official Organ of the Western India Turf Club. Published Bi-monthly. Subscription Rs. 12 per annum. W. I. T. Club Rules for 1893, Rs. 2-4.—CAXTON PRINTING WORKS, Bombay.

FOR SALE.—"MACHINERY for GAS ILLUMINATION. For particulars apply to the CHIEF KARBHARI, Wadhwan.

WANTED, an ENGINEER to fit up and work a Ginning Factory. Candidates to apply to H. H. the THAKORE SAHEB of Wadhwan, with testimonials.

TEA.—Our Flowery Orange Pekoe is really the Pick of the Market. It can be returned if not approved. Despatch your orders. You can not be Deceived.—EDWARDS and Co., No. 12, Tamarind Lane, Fort (opposite Sirdar's Mansions).

SHORTHAND and TYPEWRITING.—Ladies and Gentlemen Classes, next Session, 1st July. Apply the BOMBAY TYPE-WRITING Co., Fort.

THE INDIAN RAILWAY GUIDE.—An indispensable book for Travellers in India and the East, contains the Special Time and Fare Tables of all the Indian Railway Companies, the Steamer routes in India, and the Eastern Seas, and other useful information. Price 8 Annas. Coloured Map of India revised from official sources. To be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office and at all Booksellers and Railway Stations.

POONA HOTEL, POONA.—Is a First-class Comfortable and Upper Storied Hotel in Poona. Rooms bright, airy, and commodious. Situated in the central and healthiest part of Poona. Each family has a separate Sitting Room. Terms Moderate.

ESPLANADE HOTEL, ANNEXED APOLLO BUNDER.—QUARTERS AVAILABLE at the above at REDUCED RATES for Monsoon Months. Bar, Smoking, and Billiard Rooms are now open. Apply Manager.

LONAULI HOTEL, near the Station, RE-OPEN, on all sides and under excellent management. Proprietor, SHAPUR BOMON IRANEE.

ILLUMINATIONS FOR FESTIVITIES!!! The Portable ElectricLight Installation of the "Bombay Gazette" has been renewed and enlarged, and is available for lighting up Public Entertainments, Wedding Festivities &c. Apply to the ELECTRICIAN, "Bombay Gazette."

TO CLEAR A CONSIGNMENT.—The following Wines of best qualities can be had very cheap:—Legarde and Co.'s Champaigne, Muscatel and Prunello Wines, Cocoa Bitters, and Chateau Margaux Claret, from JEEJEEBHAI JEHANGEER and Co., Marine Street; also FRASER and Co., CHEMISTS, Sub-Agents, Cowasjee Patel Street, Fort.

WILL FORMS OF DIFFERENT KINDS. Price 8 As. each. Can be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.—APPLICANTS for the Head Mastership of the B. B. and C. I. Railway Company's School, at Parel, are informed that the POST has been FILLED UP.

FELIX CORNAGLIA, Manufacturing Confectioner, Importer of French, English and Italian Stores and Wines. Sweets and Chocolates fresh made always ready. Cakes of every description.—83, Meadows Street, Fort.

MACLEAN'S GUIDE TO BOMBAY—Historical Statistical and Descriptive, contains valuable information. Revised and corrected up to date. Price, Rs. 5, with postage Rs. 5-4. For sale at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

WM. HUTCHINSON and Co., East India Merchants and Agents, undertake all Agency Business. 1, Trafalgar Buildings, Charing Cross, London.

FOR OFFICERS.—Military Brush Cases, Solid Leather, containing two Brushes and Comb, neat and strong, Rs. 9-8; large size, Rs. 12-8 cash or V. P. P.—BADHAM, PILE and Co., Limited.

BOMBAY GAZETTE Bi-Weekly Edition.—Issued on Monday and Thursday, giving all the News and Telegrams up to date. Subscription per Annum, Rs. 12. Half-yearly Rs. 6; Quarterly Rs. 3, to Subscribers in Bombay in the Mofussil postage extra.

ROTHERHAM AND SONS' ENGLISH KEYLESS GOLD and SILVER WATCHES, in hunting, half-hunting and open faced cases, ¾ plate, with compensation Balance, Guaranteed to keep perfect time.—CURSETJEE COWASJEE, G. I. P. Railway Watchmaker, 42 Meadows Street.

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COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

MONDAY EVENING, MAY 29.

No later news by wire calling for notice in this column is to hand since that chronicled in our report under Saturday evening's date.

The Bank of Bombay return for the week ending on Saturday shows the following changes:—

Public Deposits at Head Office	Inc.	Rs. 12,75,503
" " Branches	"	" 7,08,512
Other Deposits	Dec.	" 10,79,126
Government Securities	"	" 1,37,338
Other authorized "	Nil.	Nil.
Loans	Dec.	" 2,09,190
Bills Discounted and purchased	"	" 17,28,942
Balances with other Banks	"	" 86,494
Cash	Inc.	" 29,51,082

Government withdrawals from the Presidency Bank's head office and branches, which materially helped to reduce the Cash Balance in the period covered by the last Return, have been more than replaced during the past week; and the monetary current having, in other directions also, on the whole, been favourable, the Bank's Balance on Saturday evening showed, at 136¼ lakhs, an increase to nearly the extent of the diminution disclosed by the previous Return. The Statement of Affairs issued this afternoon again shows some decrease in Private Deposits, though to a much smaller amount than in the previous one, at 10¾ lakhs; but the most noticeable feature is the continued contraction of demand in connection with export business, as indicated by the further considerable diminution of 17¼ lakhs in Bills Discounted. There was also some decrease in Loans last week, so that a net falling off in trade requirements of some 8¼ lakhs took place, compared with an increase of 14¾ in the week preceding.

COTTON has been taken to a moderate extent here to-day in a quiet market; but prices are all unchanged. Exporters have bought 300 bales of Bijapur Ginned at Rs. 186; and they have contracted for 1,000 bales of Dharwar for June delivery, at Rs. 190, while the Mills have taken 1,400 bales in all, made up of 600 Compta Ginned, at Rs. 190; 300 Bhagalkote, at Rs. 171; 200 Antni, at Rs. 165; and 100 each of Dhulia, at Rs. 163; Khangaum, at Rs. 178½; and Jalgaum, at Rs. 173 per candy.

WHEAT has not been much enquired for by shippers, and only a small business has been reported to-day in a quiet market; but prices are quite unchanged.

SEEDS have also been quiet with a small business passing, and prices of *Rapeseed* have declined one anna per cwt, but other descriptions are unchanged in value. We now quote:—

Linseed	Rs. 7-7-0	to Rs. 7-9-0	per cwt.
Rapeseed, Yellow Guzerat.	" 7-2-0		"
" " Cawnpore.	" 6-11-0	" " 6-12-0	"
" Red "	" 5-15-0	" " 6-0-0	"

The Receipts of Produce into Bombay on Saturday were as follows:—

Cotton	13,448	bales.
Wheat	56,149	cwts.
Linseed	26,997	"
Rapeseed	22,442	"
Gingellyseed	793	"
Poppyseed	1,553	"
Groundnuts	746	"
Castorseed	2,768	"
Rice	10,156	"

FREIGHTS.—The market has been dull to-day; but no fresh business of importance has transpired.

EXCHANGE opened quiet again this morning at 1s. 2 9-16d. and 1s. 2 19-32d. for Bank Telegraphic and Demand, respectively, and remained thereat throughout the day without much enquiry; and for three months' sight Credits we heard of 1s. 2 25-32d. being done for ready Paper, though the general quotation was 1s. 2 13-16d.; also forward Bank Telegraphic, at 1s. 2½d. for July-August transfer, and 1s. 2 7-16d. for December-January; but the business passing has been only on a limited scale either way, and the market closed steady as follows:—

Bank Bills on Demand	1s. 2 19-32d.	per rupee
Do. Telegraphic	1s. 2 9-16d.	"
Do. 3 months' sight.	1s. 2 21-32d.	"
Credits do.	1s 2 25-32d.	"
Francs do.	1·55¼	"

GOVERNMENT PAPER.—With a favourable Bank of Bombay return this market has remained steady to-day at about Saturday evening's quotations, and our closing rates for Fours are 104 9-16 for Money and the settlement, and 104 7-16 for the end of June account.

SHARES may be called stagnant. No fresh business on any line has transpired to-day; and quotations show no movement whatever.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, MAY 27.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed quiet. Surats flat.

Good Dhollera	3 5-8
The Manchester Market has been quiet.	
2¾ per cent. Consols	98¼
3 per cent. Rentes	97¼
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	109¼
4 per cent. Rupee Paper	62 5-8
Bar Silver	37¾

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

PORT SAID, MAY 26.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Almora left here this afternoon.

COLOMBO, MAY 29.

French Mail steamer Natal from China arrived.
Orient steamer Ophir from Suez arrived.

The M. M. Co.'s s. s. La Seyne having left Kurrachee on Monday the 29th inst., at 8 a. m. is expected here early Wednesday morning the 31st inst.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

THE following is the statement of the affairs of the Bank of Bombay for the week ending May 27, as compared with the statement of May 20, 1893:—

LIABILITIES.	May 20. Rs.	May 13. Rs.
Capital	1,00,00,000	100,00,000
Reserve Fund invested in Govt. and other authorized Securities	37,50,000	37,50,000
Public Deposits at Head Office	47,16,984	59,92,487
Do. do. at Branches	42,18,111	49,26,623
Other Deposits	2,91,62,407	280,83,281
Post Bills	19,622	21,680
Cash Credits, undrawn	25,51,330	22,35,851
Rs. ..	5,44,18,454	550,09,922
ASSETS.		
Govt. & other authorized Securities.	65,41,211	64,03,873
Cash Credits on do. do.	85,96,710	83,93,728
Loans do. do. do.	1,32,35,991	130,26,804
Current Accounts overdrawn	..	..
Bills Discounted and purchased	1,47,02,1188	129,73,246
Dead Stock .... Rs. 6,77,820		
Applied in reduction .. ,, 2,85,000	3,92,820	3,92,821
Stamps, &c.	21,369	21,700
Bullion	...	..
Cash Balances with other banks.	2,22,227	1,35,733
Cash and Currency Notes	1,07,05,935	1,36,57,017
Rs –	5,44,18,454	550,09,922

FOREIGN TELEGRAPHIC SERVICE.

LATEST dates of foreign messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m., of the 29th May, 1893.

(Difference in longitude allowed for)

Via.	Latest Date. D.	H.	M.	Time occupied in transmission. Hours.	Minutes.
Turkey	..	...		...	...
Teheran	29	1	30 p.m.	...	32
Suez	29	2	45 p.m.	...	7

Time occupied in the transmission of messages to Bombay during the 24 hours ending 8 p.m., on 29th May, 1895.

	Maximum Time. H.	M.	Minimum. H.	M.
From Calcutta	...	52	...	3
" Kurrachee	...	21	...	1
" Madras	...	27	...	1

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE OF NOTIFYING DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

AMERICA.

BIRTH.

HODGES—April 11, at New York, U S A, widow of the late Edward Hodges, C E, F G S, late Executive Engineer, P W D, of twins (boy and girl).

DEATH.

IVES—April 22, at Elizabeth N. J., (U. S. America), Blanche Elizabeth, the beloved wife of C. H. Ives, and dearly loved daughter of W. Maidment, late Assistant Secretary to Government, Military Department, Bombay.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

HERBERT—May 13, at Kapsi, near Akola, Berar, the wife of E G Herbert, Executive Engineer, of a son.

LEVESON-GOWER—May 19, at Neemuch, the wife of Charles Leveson-Gower, Esq. 1st D C O Bombay Lancers of a daughter.

TONNOCHY—May 13, at Dunga Galli, the wife of Captain V C Tonnochy, 4th Sikhs, of a son.

MARRIAGE.

THOMPSON—BETT'S—May 24th at St Thomas's Church, Calcutta, by the Revd H Gouldsmith, Thomas Moore-Lane Thompson, P W D Bengal, 3rd son of the late Dr William Boxwell Thompson, Madras Medical Service, to Isabel Mary, daughter of the late C G D Betts.

DEATHS.

CONNOLLY—May 25, at Allahabad, Elizabeth Maria, the wife of John A Connolly.

HICKMOTT—May 25, at Lahore, Sophie Violet, the infant daughter of H C W Hickmott.

ROSS—May 19, at Ferozepore, Edward M Ross, 2nd Lieutenant, Seaforth Highlanders.

The Bombay Gazette

TUESDAY, MAY 30, 1893.

THE Dewan of Mysore, Mr. K. S. Iyer, C.S.I., has favoured us with the Report of the Proceedings of the Representative Assembly of Mysore held in October last. There is fair ground for the delay in the publication of the official report of the five-days' session, seeing that the subjects discussed and recommended to the consideration of Government numbered six hundred and eleven, to say nothing of about a hundred and fifty proposals for new works, varying from roads to travellers' bungalows, and from the diversion of jungle streams to the construction of anicuts and the making of bridges. In no Parliament that ever existed have so many subjects been considered in the space of five days. The Mysore Assembly consists of representative ryots and merchants from all taluqs of the State of seven Associations recognised by the Government. This was the second Assembly brought together under the system of election. The number of members was three hundred and thirty-five. The electorate consists of 2,616, of whom 1,039 exercised their franchise. The electoral list is prepared by the Government on the basis of land valuation and the payment of taxes. Two Mysore Planters' Associations were represented by Europeans, as was also the City of Mysore, the Rev. Mr. Haig having been returned for the capital. The proceedings opened in the Durbar Hall on the 4th October, the Dewan presiding; the members of his Highness' Council, the Judges of the Chief Court, and the principal officers of the State were present, as was also the British Resident, Colonel Peacocke, and General Faunce, Commanding the Bangalore District. The Dewan opened the proceedings by an address, in which he gave an account of the financial condition of Mysore and of the important measures undertaken during the year. As it happened, the year was marked by drought, and there was a serious decrease of revenue, amounting to nearly thirty-nine lakhs. But energetic measures had been taken to cope with the distress, and ~~on the~~ whole the Government deserved the congratulations of the European members on the successful administration of the Province. Mysore has the honour of being the second State, Prussia, at the instance of Bismarck being the first, which has ventured upon the experiment of instituting a State Life Insurance Scheme, which came into force at the close of 1891. The Dewan informed the Assembly that a strong committee of officers have been appointed to conduct this business. In the first six months nearly four hundred applications for insurance were received, of which seventy-four were rejected. The policies issued will give an aggregate bonus of three lakhs and-a-half. The premiums paid in are invested in the Savings Bank. Every precaution is being taken to ensure the success of the scheme, which is yet in its infancy, and to prevent loss to the Government. The representative of the Ratepayers' Association of Mysore City thanked the Dewan for the excellent and effective measures taken to meet the distress which had threatened the Province, and asked that the sentiments of gratitude entertained by the people for the good government of the country might be conveyed to the Maharajah. The Dewan's address was read in a Canarese translation for the convenience of the bulk of the members, who are unacquainted with English, and what would be called in England the debate thereon occupied the afternooon.

The next morning the Assembly was up betimes, and at 7-30 a. m. met for the despatch of business. It will be some time before the House of Commons, which has often sat till 7-30 a. m., will consent to begin business at that early hour. The first subject on the list for discussion was the unsatisfactory working of the Coffee Stealing Prevention Act. It was introduced by Mr. Graham Anderson, the representative of the South Mysore planters. The hon. member complained that the police were deficient in energy and intelligence in enforcing the provisions of the Act. Coffee is openly disposed of in small quantities in the various bazaars by persons who own no gardens. No proper books of account are kept by the purchasers, and they make no inquiry of the address or profession of those bringing coffee for sale or barter. Under the law, coffee, after it has left the owner's grounds, should be covered by a pass, giving details as to quantity, ownership, and destination. The police are remiss in demanding these passes. Mr. Anderson desired that detectives should be employed to compare the entries in the books with the stock in hand, and also that the Act should be extended so as to intercept stolen coffee on its way to the Coast. Mr. Scott Skirving, the representative of the North Mysore planters, sustained this representation. The Dewan replied that it would be duly considered, and that after a careful study of the question what is practicable will be done. The second subject had also reference to the grievances of coffee-planters, especially in respect to the fact that the judgments of the Mysore Courts do not run in British territory, although processes emanating from British Courts are allowed to be executed in Mysore. The two planter members, together with Mr. Collins, representing the Colar goldfield, and a native coffee planter urged the fairness of reciprocity in this matter, as without it, it is very difficult to get labourers to fulfil their engagements. It appears that "advance coolies"—who are smart enough to go further and draw wages on account from other planters, and then abscond to British territory—are a great nuisance in the planting districts of Mysore. The native coffee planter informed the Assembly that the courts have no ground for entertaining a suspicion that planters ill-treat labourers, towards whom on the contrary, they show every consideration, advancing money for marriages, and the like. Coolies are always at liberty to leave as soon as the advances they receive are worked out. The Dewan cautiously replied that the provisions of the Act are admittedly defective, and the proposed Amendment of the Act depends upon the decision of the Government of India, which is now awaited. The necessity for reciprocity in the matter of extradition has been brought to the notice of the Government of India. The European members had a very fair innings on the first day on these and other subjects.

The Reverend Member for Mysore City brought up subject number ten, the improvement of the procedure to be followed in the Assembly, and the introduction of the system of voting and registering the voters He proposed that subjects of general interest should be sifted out from those purely-local, and brought up in a fixed order to be discussed and voted upon during the first two or three days. Mr. Haig considered that this procedure would forward the political education of the people and generate unity and national feeling. The Government would still be free to adopt or not the opinions entertained by the vote of the Assembly. Mr. Anderson regretted that an attempt to organise a Standing Committee to represent the absent Assembly had not succeeded. Several native members objected to the English-speaking members having their own way, and imposing a decision by a majority of votes. They preferred to say what they wished to say in the Assembly presided over by the Dewan, to being snubbed by the English-speaking gentlemen in the so-called Standing Committee. It appears that the Committee became unpopular by attempting to cut down the number of petitions, especially those relating to local needs and grievances. It is clear that the more Anglicised members of the Assembly desire to introduce European procedure with a view to giving the chief place on the agenda paper to high politics, while the majority of the members are quite satisfied to talk over with the Dewan the matters in which they and their neighbours are interested. The Dewan pointed out that many of the members do not understand modern methods of conducting discussion, or voting by show of hands and the like. Hard and fast rules would discourage many members. What is wanted is that members should come forward and give expression to their opinions: no votes are required. As the Assembly is consultative only, and the Government necessarily reserves to itself entire freedom of action, voting would clearly be useless for any practical purpose. It is not easy for Europeans to understand how abhorrent to the unsophisticated native mind it would be to have one's proposal rudely voted down by a majority of those whom one hoped to influence in its favour. It would be looked upon as a grievous breach of manners in a member of a native durbar to cast his vote in the teeth of the Maharajah or his Dewan. Such an act of independence might easily be taken for an act of insubordination or a symptom of disaffection.

THE discussion raised in the House of Commons on the Pamirs by Mr. Gibson ~~Bowles, we learn,~~ only excited a small amount of interest outside the rather narrow circle of persons who concern themselves with Central Asian affairs. He stated at the outset that in calling attention to the "persistent witholding" of papers relating to the action of Russia in the region referred to he was animated by no spirit of hostility to the Government. It was not against the Secretary for Foreign Affairs that he made any complaint, but against the system which delivered the Foreign Secretary bound hand and foot into the hands of the Prime Minister and the Permanent Clerk, who was guided and controlled by the requirements of a bureaucracy, "which was not always animated by the supremest wisdom." Mr. Bowles has himself been in a Government office, and perhaps he is still feeling the effects of his association with a wicked bureaucracy. Far be it from us to say that he is not animated by the supremest wisdom, but in the minor matter of accuracy, a thing on which we know all self-respecting bureaucrats pride themselves, he is not immaculate. For example, in the course of his speech, he spoke of Somatash as a town. It is surely straining language to apply that term to the encampment of a nomadic population. The wandering Khirghiz, as is well known, have a decided antipathy to residence in towns. Alluding to Earl Granville's frequently-quoted despatch of 17th October 1872 to Lord Augustus Loftus, which described and defined the territories in the possession of Ameer Sher Ali, Mr. Bowles said that "in the paragraph which assumed to lay down the boundary between Afghanistan and Russia the only essential point, the line of boundary, was omitted." This is an incomplete and imperfect account of the contents of the despatch. It is true that in the description of the Afghan province of Badakshan some words were omitted, and those who have studied this matter are aware that Sir Henry Rawlinson gave the complete passage by restoring the omitted words in the sixth chapter of his book, "England and Russia in the East," published in 1875. But the limits of the other States belonging to Afghanistan were correctly described and defined. Mr. Bowles was equally unfortunate in quoting M. Ximenes's description of the Pamirs, for that gentleman never went near the Pamirs. It is believed that his journey in Central Asia did not extend beyond Tashkend. On his return he no doubt delivered a lecture before the Moscow Geographical Society on his (supposed) visit to the Pamirs, but he drew largely on his imagination for his facts, and he is hardly an authority to be cited in a House of Commons debate. Mr. Bowles argued in favour of the independence of Afghanistan, spoke of China's interest, and urged that if there was to be a Commission it ought to contain representatives of those two countries as well as of Russia and England. His closing remarks must have gladdened the hearts of the Alpheus Cleophas Mortons, for they could not have displayed a greater trust in the ability of Parliament to conduct foreign affairs and a greater distrust of "secret diplomacy." Sir Edward Grey replied, pointing out that it would be inconvenient to present papers just when negotiations were proceeding with Russia. He admitted, however, that an assurance should be given by our rivals that while these negotiations were in progress they would not use the interval for further operations. Such an assurance, if it is worth anything, has, it seems, been furnished. Although a small detachment of Russian troops remain they are not to go out in parties of more than two or three, nor are any active operations to be permitted. Besides this an explicit promise has been made that during the negotiations no further expedition, and no reinforcements, shall be sent to the disputed territory. Sir Edward Grey's appeal to the House against the curiosity of the Dr. Clark of the Conservative party had the desired effect. Mr. Lowther (who, by the way, knows more about the omission from Earl Granville's despatch than his successor apparently does and charitably puts it down to a printer's error) expressed approval of Sir E. Grey's remarks, and after Sir Richard Temple had delivered his usual lecture on the Geography of the Pamirs, the subject dropped.

THE Sirdars of the Deccan have elected as their representative on the enlarged Council Mr. Gunpatrao Damodhar Pense, of the Bombay Civil Service. Mr. Pense is a Poona Brahmin, and joined the service as Probationer under the Statutory rules in 1881. Since then he has served in Ahmednagar, Khandeish, Surat, Satara, and Ratnagiri, as Assistant Collector and Magistrate. He is at present First Assistant Collector at Ratnagiri. Ninety-three Sirdars, including three native ladies, recorded their votes at the election. Mr. Pense obtained forty-four votes, his most formidable competitor, the Chief of Ichalkaranji coming next with thirty-five. Fortunately for Mr. Pense two other Chiefs divided the votes that would otherwise probably have been cast for Ichalkaranji. The young Chief of Kurundwad obtained nine votes, and the Senior Chief five. Apparently the majority of the Sirdars desired to be represented by one of their own body, but the division in their own ranks gave the seat to a distinguished Brahmin, who happens to be also a member of the Civil Service. The Poona Brahmin will, at all events, see that the Government rules, which they wrongly supposed were expressly contrived for keeping them out of the Council, have, the first time they were put in operation, placed a Poona Brahmin in that enviable position. Those who sought to exclude officials from the list of possible candidates for elective seats, lest Government should become too strong on the Council, will regard the election of Mr. Pense with mixed feelings. They will probably come to the conclusion that the rule in question was, after all, a blessing in disguise.

THE adoption of printing and lithography as a trade for the boys at the Bareilly Reformatory School is strongly recommended by the Inspector-General of Prisons. Sir J. W. Tyler is of opinion that it is the most suitable form of inter-mural labour for boys. He believes it would give them an opportunity of earning a livelihood after their career closed in that institution, there being a constant demand for compositors and printers. So far as his observations go undoubtedly the Inspector-General is right. There is always an opening for good and steady men, provided they have been well trained by an experienced hand. But it is very unlikely that the services of such could be obtained unless there were a sufficiently large number of boys to render the employment of a first-rate printer practicable. Then again it must be remembered that the majority of the boys in reformatories are of bad character; while compositors and printers are as a class respectable, of good caste and character. To import amongst them a constant stream of youths from the reformatories would be to degrade the calling, and it is satisfactory to find that the Lieut.-Governor Sir Charles Crosthwaite thinks the introduction of printing and lithography should be postponed, and trusts the Inspector General of Prisons will not lose sight of the ~~fact that many, if not most, of the boys~~ are of the agricultural class, and should be trained and accustomed to hard field labour, so that on their return to their homes they may be welcomed as useful members of the family.

A CORRESPONDENT, writing on Assam affairs in the columns of a contemporary, laments the apparent dilatoriness of the Government of India in erecting a memorial to those massacred at Manipur. During a recent visit there he pathetically remarks, it was sad to see, hard by the gaunt ruins of the Residency, the large grassy mound containing the remains of those who perished in the execution of their duty, unmarked by any stone or monument. Almost two years have passed, but beyond the local authorities building a wall round the cemetery, nothing has been done by way of showing respect to the memories of the unfortunate men who lie within it. The place is kept neat, and the jungle cut, but this is not enough. It is understood, that the matter has quite recently attracted the attention of Government, and the work is likely soon to be carried out. The privately subscribed memorial at Shillong is also said to be well on towards completion.

THE s. s. Assam, with the outward English mails of the 19th instant, left Aden at 1 a.m., yesterday, and may be expected to arrive at Bombay, at 9 a.m., on Saturday next.

A TELEGRAM from the British Agent and Consul-General, Bagdad, dated 28th May, 1893, says:—"There is a suspicion of the existence of cholera in Bussorah and Amarah. Ten days' quarantine at Koot imposed on arrivals from Bussorah."

THE goods traffic on the B. B. and C. I. Railway for the week ending 6th May, 1893, shows an increase on the corresponding week of 1892 of 6,488 maunds and Rs. 50,982 in the earnings.

A CORRESPONDENT of the *Englishman* writes from Hazaribagh that the man-eating tigress which has been a source of terror to the villagers of the district for some time past was killed a few days ago. It had just added another to its long list of victims, and, on returning to the scene of the kill, was cleverly bagged by a local shikari. An aggregate reward of Rs. 750 was offered by Government and the Raja of Padma for its destruction.

SOME misapprehension still seems to exist regarding Mr. Pyne, of Kabul, and his object in visiting India. He is, says the *Pioneer*, in no sense accredited from the Amir, as having a political mission to carry out, and it must be quite obvious that the Government of India could not treat him otherwise than as a simple messenger from his Highness. That has been his status throughout, and it is certainly not likely to be raised in any way.

THE Championship Medal at the Simla Rifle Meeting has been won by that redoubtable shot, Lance-Corporal Viney, of the Wiltshire Regiment. Private Hall, of the Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders, was second. Both fired with the Lee-Metford rifle, using black pellet powder. This is the first occasion on which the Lee-Metford and the Martini-Henry rifles have come into competition under similar conditions, so the result may be looked upon as significant.

SANCTION has been accorded to the laying of a submarine telegraph line from Zanzibar to Mauritius by a special company formed by the Eastern Telegraph Extension Company. It will receive an annual subsidy of £18,000 for twenty years, the English Treasury and the Indian Government each paying £10,000, and Mauritius £8,000. This new cable will not only link up Mauritius with the main telegraph routes existing between Africa, India, and Europe, but will subserve other purposes. Mauritius in case of war between England and any European maritime Power, would be the rendezvous of the British fleet in the Indian Ocean, and hence the necessity of its being in telegraphic communication with the East Coast of Africa and indirectly with India.

TELEGRAMS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

REAPPEARANCE OF THE CHOLERA AT HAMBURG.

LONDON, MAY 29.

Advices from Hamburg state that a death from Asiatic cholera took place there on Saturday last.

CONFERENCE OF AUSTRALIAN PREMIERS.

At a conference held of the Australian premiers yesterday a Resolution was passed in favour of the expediency of a uniform Banking Legislation for all the Australian Colonies so as to compel the Banks to issue and hold Colonial bonds or coin against their note issues which the Government guarantee.

THE IN-COMING MAIL.

ADEN, MAY 29.

The P. and O. S. N. Co.'s s. s. Assam, with the outward English mails of the 19th instant, left here for Bombay, at 1 a.m., to-day, and the s. s. Himalaya, for Colombo and Australia, at the same time.

THE DEATH OT LIEUTENANT DAVISON.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, MAY 29.

Lieutenant Davison, who in 1891 was an officer on the Alichur Pamir, died on the 22nd May at Astor.

FRONTIER NEWS.

Dr. Robertson intended leaving Chitral on May 26. He was expected to reach Gilgit on the 10th June. Lieutenant Napier joined Colonel Yate at Herat on the 17th May. A telegram just received report all quiet at Chilas.

HINDUSTANI REGIMENTS.

Out of 5,500 men who have made their election 5,100 have accepted the transfer to class regiments; and four hundred have declined. These remain in their present corps. One thousand five hundred on leave have not yet made their election.

GOODS TRAFFIC OF INDIA.

The report which will be published on the 7th instant will contain an interesting analysis of the goods traffic of India, showing that three-fifths of the total traffic of India consists in six items only. The wheat fraffic of last year was about 900,000 tons, which though very large falls considerably short of the abnormal traffic of the previous year.

THE KASHMIR RAILWAY.

The Kashmir railway estimate cost 300 lakhs for 200 miles of the line. The scheme will probably be shelved out as various promoters have apparently dropped the idea and the Government has no money.

KIRBY'S SCHEME OF RAILWAYS.

The reply of the Government of India to the Madras Government regarding Kirby's scheme for a railway in Madras has been delayed by the necessity for obtaining the opinion of the Government of Bombay, whose railway interests are likely to be affected by the proposed line.

THE AENG-BURMA RAILWAY.

Mr. Wood's report on the Aeng-Burma Railway scheme is now in press, and will shortly be published.

COLONEL YATE.

(FROM OUR OWN ORRESPONDENT.

ALLAHABAD, MAY 29.

Latest advices from Kara Tapa, in the Kushk Valley, state that Colonel Yate is still awaiting the arrival of his colleague, the Russian Commissioner.

GENERAL LORD CHELMSFORD.

It is understood that General Lord Chelmsford is about to retire from the Army. He would be compulsorily retired next year by age, but on the day after completion of his 66th year on the 31st May, 1893, he is eligible to receive thehighest rate of retired pay of £1,000 per annum The unattached pay of the General is but £800 a year. His lordship will thus be better off by £200 if he leaves the service.

CAPTURE OF DACOITS.

The trial of Durng Singh and his gang of dacoits who were captured on 5th May is now proceeding, in the Session Court, Nowgong. Some other members of the band who escaped on that occasion by having separated from their fellows have since been arrested at Jubbulpore and Amraoti. The Maharaja of Ajaigurh has awarded a village of the value of Rs. 200 a year as a jaghir to the men who gave information that led to the arrest of the dacoits.

A POLITICAL CRISIS.

A political crisis has occurred in the Bhawalpur State. Three Sayad brothers who have long held high office in that State have been dismissed, and given three days to leave the Nawab's territories.

A MEMORIAL.

It is proposed to get up a memorial to the late General Black, Director-General of Railways.

THE BENGAL CLUB DERBY SWEEP.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MAY 29.

Isinglass has been drawn in the Bengal Club Sweep by Professor Slater of the Seebpore Engineering College and the second favorite by Mr. Brock, senior partner, Mackenzie Lyall and Co., auctioneers, Calcutta. The first prize is one lakh and seventy-five thousand rupees.

THE EFFECTS OF THE CYCLONE.

Vessels that are coming in report of the terrible weather most of them had experienced during the cyclone, and all more of less are damaged, and report loss of boats gear and spars.

The French steamer Eridan, which arrived at the port to-day, went through it, and came across the Glengarry which was totally disabled and lying dangerously near the Palmyras Keef. Not a mast was standing, and the decks were swept clear of everything. The crew were collected at the forecastle. Green seas were breaking over the decks. The Captain of the Glengarry, at first reluctant to leave his vessel, asked to be towed to Calcutta, but finding it impracticable he and his crew went aboard the French boat, which at great risk sent boats to their assistance in a tremendous sea. All were saved, and brought up to Calcutta,

The pilot brig Sarsuti went through it all, and for two days all on board expected to go down.

LORD HARRIS AT MIRAJ.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

MIRAJ, MAY 29.

Their Excellencies Lord and Lady Harris passed Miraj by a special train this afternoon. Their excellencies were received at the station by the Chief of Miraj, senior, and the State Karbhari Rao Bahadoor C. S. Chitray and officers of state. The Chief of Miraj, senior, introduced to their Excellencies the Chief of Miraj, junior, and Rao Bahadur Sovani State Karbhari, Miraj, junior. The usual pan-supari and garlands being presented the special train left the station.

THERMOMETER READINGS.

SUNDAY NIGHT, MAY 28.

10 p.m.	77·6

MONDAY, MAY 29.

6 a.m.	76·4
10 a.m.	79·5
2 p.m.	80·8
4 p.m.	80·4

SPORT AND ATHLETICS.

(FROM OUR SPORTING CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, MAY 12.

DAME FORTUNE ON THE TURF.

WHAT a lottery is the Turf? Fortune's wheel gyrates curiously enough in most mundane matters, but on our race-courses the performances of Dame Luck cannot be reconciled. She is a fickle jade, and as "kittle" as any filly that ever bounded o'er the lush grass of a well-kept track. Some men spend their lives in trying to win the Derby or some other of the classic races, and never succeed. Lord George Bentinck was never permitted to secure the blue ribbon of the Turf, but his descendant—a young man like the Duke of Portland—speedily attained the honour, and that twice in consecutive years. The Duke of Beaufort—one of the oldest and most liberal patrons of thoroughbred racing living—has yet to win his first Derby, while men like the late Mr. Abington Baird and Sir James Millar flit across the horizon, as it were, and place their names on the roll of fame at the very first time of asking. And it is just possible that Mr. Abington Baird would again have captured the Derby this season, had he lived, by the aid of Meddler. On the English turf, however, death voids all nominations for such contests as these. Thus the withdrawal of Meddler has possibly cleared the way for Isinglass, an unbeaten colt belonging to another young sportsman. Truly, fortune is fickle. Real sportsmen, who delight in battles royal between great horses, anticipated with pleasure in dreary winter the first meeting of Meddler and Isinglass. Last year, during their two year-old careers, each horse ran thrice and never met his conqueror. Isinglass took the Middle Park Plate and Meddler the Dewhurst Plate, with the inevitable result that their opposition in the Guineas and the Derby was looked forward to with intense interest. Now this trial has been indefinitely postponed, and Isinglass remains the equine hero of the hour. As there is invariably much curiosity about the Derby favourite, I purpose to tell you something about Isinglass, his opulent owner and astute trainer.

A MATUTINAL WALK AND TALK.

Some of my readers may remember that early last autumn I ventured so far as to say that Jewitt's stable probably sheltered the winners of the Middle Park Plate and the Cambridgeshire. I was alluding to Isinglass and Pensioner. This is not an article devoted to vaticination in regard to the turf, but I want to tell you how I came to pen that sentence. I had been at Newmarket to assist at the presentation of 3,000 guineas to England's grand old jockey—Johny Osborne. Rising early the next morning I determined to enjoy a constitutional on the heath. I walked away along the Bury Road out into the country. As I returned I fell in with a horsey man, who had a couple of bull dogs at his heels. I knew he was horsey from his soft cap, his tight trousers, his side whiskers, the bit of straw between his lips, and the ashplant in his hand. He was communicative. He told me how many years he had worked for Jewitt and how much he respected "the Captain." About this time Jewitt's "string" began to file out of the yard of Bedford Cottage. They proceeded to the Severals, where they were assiduously walked. As the animals ambled round, my loquacious acquaintance pointed out Isinglass and Pensioner. He tipped me a wink—a most expressive wink—as he said that Isinglass would win the Middle Park Plate and Pensioner theCambridgeshire. He was very nearly correct, but the peerless La Fleche spoiled the prophecy. Now Isinglass is the most fancied horse for the Derby, and it is exceedingly probable that he will show a clean pair of heels to his antagonists over the Epsom gradients, for there is no doubt that he can come down hill—and this is one of the great requirements for a Derby horse. The only Middle Park Plate winners who have captured the Derby are Lord Hastings's Melton and the Duke of Portland's Donovan.

A LUCKY YOUNG MILLIONAIRE.

A few years ago—a very few years ago—Mr. Harry McCalmont, the owner of Isinglass, had never been heard of by the world at large. Some men are born rich, others achieve riches, and others have riches thrust upon them. Mr. McCalmont was a dashing young lieutenant in a line regiment. One morning he awoke to find himself not merely a millionaire, but the possessor of over three millions of money. This vast sum was, it is said, left him by an "eccentric uncle." Probably Mr. McCalmont would not admit that he was eccentric. However, the rich uncle—it reads almost like a chapter in fiction—ignored the claims of several more immediately and closely related to him, and selected his nephew for benefit under his will. Mr. McCalmont was transferred into a more fashionable battalion, took to yachting, and went on the turf, as it is colloquially expressed. His guide, philosopher, and friend has been Captain Machell—the mentor of so many owners of thoroughbreds. Mr. McCalmont bought a small but select stud. In 1888 he won four races of the aggregate value of £2,939, in 1889 seven races worth £1,819 15s., in 1890 five races producing £928, in 1891 three races which placed £1,073 15s. to his credit, and in 1892 eleven races bringing in £8,197. This is not an overwhelming measure of success, especially when we consider the cost of keeping and training race-horses, in addition to the initial outlay. Still the figures are stimulating, and it is not surprising to learn that Mr. McCalmont purposes racing on a still larger scale.

THE BREEDING OF ISINGLASS.

Like a true, not to say enthusiastic, sportsman, Mr. McCalmont desires to breed his own stock. To breed winners is a worthy ambition. A victor of one's own rearing is always more gratifying than a success obtained by an animal bought either at auction or privately. Hence Mr. McCalmont purchased Cheveley from the Duke of Rutland for £350,000. Cheveley is a charming residence near Newmarket, and has ample paddocks and is in every way suited for stud purposes. Isinglass is the first winner bred at Cheveley. He is by Isonomy—Deadlock, and it is a pity that both the sire and dam are dead. Isonomy, says John Porter, was the best horse he ever trained, and we must not forget that the Master of Kingsclere had Ormonde and Common in his charge. The dam Deadlock actually pulled a cart at one time, so useless was she for racing, and Lord Allington sold her to Captain Machell for twenty guineas, the master of Crichell actually returning a sovereign to the Captain for luck. The coin indeed brought luck, for Captain Machell sold the brood mare to Mr. McCalmont for a "monkey." This twenty-guinea mare was mated with Isonomy, and produced Isinglass. The owner of the Cheveley stud does not believe in racing two-year-olds off their legs, and he only ran Isinglass thrice, as I have already said, in his first season, but still he won £4,577 in stakes, and on his first appearance this year he secured the Two Thousand Guineas. And he is the first Middle Park Plate winner who has fulfilled his early promise in this way since Count Lagrange's Chamant did so in 1877. Mr. McCalmont, who is a widower, will be thirty-one on Derby Day, so that lovers of omens and coincidences are sure to "rush on" to Isinglass. If the son of Isonomy should triumph on the Epsom Downs it will be great fun to wish Mr. McCalmont many happy returns of the day.

THE "GUINEAS" AND DERBY FORM.

It is, however, not an invariable rule that the winner of the Two Thousand Guineas is the victor in the Derby. Five horses have carried off the "triple crown," that is to say, have been hailed as the conquerors in the Two Thousand Guineas, the Derby, and the St. Leger. They are Mr. John Bowes's West Australian in 1853, Comte de Lagrange's Gladiateur in 1865, Sir Richard Sutton's Lord Lyon in 1866, the Duke of Westminstar's Ormonde twenty years after, and Sir Fred. Johnstone's Common in 1891. Mr. McCalmont's horse has the opportunity of doing the same if he is good enough. Exclusive of the "triple crown" heroes, Sir Charles Bunbury's Smolensko (1813), the Duke of Rutland's Cadland (1828), Lord Jersey's Bay Middleton (1836), Mr. Bowes's Cotherstone (1843), Mr. Naylor's Macaroni (1863), Sir Robert Jardine's Pretender (1869), the Duke of Westminster's Shotover (1882), and the Duke of Portland's Ayrshire (1888) have each won the "Guineas" and the Derby.

JAMES JEWITT.

Few people justly appreciate the responsibility resting upon a trainer who has charge of a Derby favourite. It is a most onerous position. James Jewitt, who is preparing Isinglass, is a past master of his craft, and has a comparatively easy horse to manage in Isinglass. He seems to escape the many ills that horse flesh is heir to, and hard galloping grounds do not apparently in the least affect him.

The son of Isonomy was one of the first horses this year to commence his gallops. Indeed, he was so fit and well long before the day of the Two Thousand Guineas that Jewitt could afford to allow the colt a little leisure. And it is best so. He was not, to use a turf euphemism, "cherry ripe" at Newmarket, and good judges have no doubt that he can be brought to the post at Epsom a mass of muscle. The best testimonial to the ability of Jewitt as a trainer of thorough-bred running horses is his long partnership with the dark-visaged, keen-eyed, long-headed James Octavius Machell. Captain Machell knows as much about race-horses as any man living, and he does not dwell in a fool's paradise. Jewitt, clean-shaven, rubicund, and sharp-featured, is himself a well-groomed man. He is as different from the old style of trainers as the old cricketers with silk hats and braces on view are to your modern spic-and-span professional batsman. Jewitt likes to live, as the phrase goes, in style. Indeed, to view the two adjoining residences of master and man at Newmarket one would think that Machell was the trainer and Jewitt the patron. However, a proper pride becomes all of us, and the master of Bedford Cottage—a big cottage by the way—is perfectly right to hold his head high. When a man has seventy or eighty horses to look after, and maybap a string of chargers out in the country at Kentford, to say nothing of all his employes, he cannot afford to be too easy-going. Jewitt was born at West Drayton in 1855, and resided in this village until he was eleven, when it was determined to make a jockey of him, for he bad even at that early age displayed skill in the pigskin. Indeed, he had ridden in a race when his bodily weight was but 3st. 10lbs. He was very apt in the saddle, but, like many another ambitious young horseman, he was quite unable to keep his weight down as much as he desired. In 1870 he was kicked by Perfume at the starting post at Windsor. One of his legs was badly fractured, and the spell of enforced idleness which followed increased his too solid flesh. Still he succeeded in steering to victory horses in several popular handicaps, although he has never had the honour of riding the winner of a really important event such as the Derby. During the latter part of his apprenticeship he was employed by Captain Machell, but he was compelled to give up flat-racing owing to his rapid growth and development. Still towards the latter end of 1875 Captain Machell bought the farm at Kentford and put Jewitt in charge of his chasers. Jewitt enjoyed cross-country work and himself rede many of his horses in their gallops. In March, 1876, Chandos, with Jewitt in the saddle, was the fovourite for the Grand National Steeplechase, but the winner was forthcoming in Regal (5yrs., 11st. 3lbs.), with Joseph Cannon up. Regal was also prepared by Jewitt, and was generally thought to be the inferior of Chandos. However, he started at a long price and won well enough. For five years Jewitt trained and rode chasers with success. In 1880 he removed to Bedford Cottage, and has been associated with all the Captain's coups, and has prepared an extraordinary number of winners on the flat, in addition to Seaman, the victor in the Grand National of 1882. It would be wearisome indeed to tell of his many triumphs, or the well-known thoroughbreds he has had in his charge. We may, however, recall the fact that he trained Harvester for Sir John Willoughby when he ran his dead heat for the Derby with St. Gatien, and it was a rare feat, for Harvester was not too sound in his legs. He prepared the Chopette colt, afterwards named Crafton, when that horse ran such a sensational race for the Guineas with the bad-tempered Paradox, who only gained the judge's award by a head. Better than all these, however, were the achievements of Seabreeze, who was looked after by Jewitt. This charming filly carried off the Oaks, the Coronation Stakes at Ascot, the St. Leger, and the Lancashire Plate for Lord Calthorpe. From all this it is clear that Jewitt knows his business, and the general public may rest assured that Isinglass will lack for nothing at Bedford Cottage. Jewitt trains for Lord Calthorpe, Captain Machell, Mr. J. B. Leigh, Mr. Warren de la Rue, Mr. C. J. Blake, Mr. McCalmont, and General Owen Williams. Not one of these gentlemen has ever won the Derby, but Mr. McCalmont is, I trow, about to bring additional honour to the stable.

PROFESSIONAL FOOTBALL IN SCOTLAND.

The Scottish Football Association has at last recognised and legalised professionalism. This is the most important decision which has been arrived at in the world of football since the English Association took that step some years ago. One can only regret that the Scottish authorities did not sooner come into line with England. Open and controlled professionalism is infinitely preferable to a secret and uncontrolled system of paying players. As I once heard Mr. Molyneux, the secretary of Everton, remark, he much preferred to pass a player his money over the table instead of under it. A veiled professional has the club in his power. The secretary who can be straightforward is the master of the situation. There is no doubt whatever that professionalism has existed in Scotland for years, with the result that the clubs have been corrupt, and the so-called amateurs have been the rulers of football across the Tweed. Now all this is to end. Scotchmen are to be honest once again, and we all know that honesty is by far the best policy. But this is not all. By allowing the Scottish clubs to employ professionals—openly and avowedly—surely the supply of Caledonian hirelings for English organisations is cut off. At any rate there can neither be the same necessity nor temptation for Scotch players to come south. They have now no excuses to hie to 'foreign lands" in pursuit of "fortune's slidd'ry ba'," as Burns has it. What I cannot for the life of me understand is why the Scottish Association did not protect themselves in this manner from the English poachers years ago. Although Scotchmen came to Darwen and the Blackburn Rovers so far back as 1878, the importation of players to England did not actually begin until 1883. Nicholas John Ross, the famous Preston full back, arrived in that Lancashire town on July 17, 1883. So rapid, however, was the movement, that by the ensuing October there were nine Scotch footballers at Preston. In 1884 the Scottish Football Association actually published a black list, giving the names of fifty-five men whom they regarded as outlaws and banished from the playing areas of Scotland. Since then some hundreds and hundreds of men have been "procured" for England, and the Scotch Association has virtually remained inactive. Now, however, the braw young men in the Land o'Cakes will have every inducement to stay at home. The result will be that English League clubs will probably turn their attention to English young men of muscle and ability. Surely, the success of Wolverhampton Wanderers should encourage the cultivation of native talent. This will, probably, do more for football in England than anyone dreams of. I should much like to see the League competition confined to English players.

THE IN-COMING MAIL.

THE P. and O. steamer Assam, with the English mails of the 19th inst, left Aden at 1 o'clock yesterday morning, and may be expected to arrive in Bombay harbour, at 9 a. m., on Saturday. The Assam, which communicated at Aden with the Himalaya, brings the following passengers:—

From London.—Miss C. A. Firbank, Dr. P. Ukarji, Mr D. Francis, Capt. and Mrs. E. A. Gott, infant, and nurse, Miss Wigglesworth, Mrs. Abraham, Mr. R. Cleminson, and Mr. J. E. Ingham.

From Brindisi.—Mr. W. L. Strange, Mr. Waegelin, Mr. H. G. Gell, and Dr. Burke.

For Madras.—Mr. F. A. David.

AMERICAN writers are struck with the coincidence that in the summer of 1893, when some of the best players of England and France are coming to their side of the Atlantic, the first American theatre will be established in London. More than this, the foremost dramatic company of the United States—that organized and controlled by Mr. Augustin Daly—will spend the greater part of the Columbian year in our midst. Mr. E. A. Dithmar, in writing on this subject in *The Century*, observes that the establishment of an American theatre in London was inevitable, and that Mr. Daly was the manager to achieve this result. For a quarter of a century he has been the leading manager in New York, and his company have appeared here in old and new comedy for five seasons since 1884. It was the increasing success of these experimental visits that led to the building of his handsome and commodious theatre in Cranbourne-street, which is now rapidly approaching completion.

THE COMING MONSOON.

WEATHER AT SEA.

IT appears from the report made by the Captains of the several vessels that came into the Bombay harbour yesterday and on Sunday last, that the weather at sea is at present a little rough. Some vessels seem to have experienced very fair weather, whilst others experienced rather rough weather. Most of the vessels that arrived in the Bombay harbour during the past two days, met with more or less rain at sea, and they also report that monsoon has burst over several ports they visited.

The P. and O. Co.'s steamer Sutlej, which arrived yesterday from Shanghai, experienced strong S.-W. monsoon between Penang and Colombo, with high sea. From Colombo to Ratnagiri experienced fresh west to W.-N.-W. winds, with very high west and south-westerly, and violent squalls of wind, and rain, and thick weather. From Ratnagiri to Bombay moderate westerly winds with very high swell with frequent rain squalls.

The steamer Kapurthala, which arrived here on the 28th inst., from Karachi, experienced moderate south-westerly swell and high surf during the voyage. The steamer Maria Valerie, which also arrived here on the 28th inst., from Kobe, experienced very thick weather and rain along the coast. The steamer Safari, which arrived here yesterday from Zanzibar, experienced very strong monsoon.

WEATHER IN BOMBAY.

The downpour, which began on Sunday night, continued the whole up yesterday by fits and starts, but apparently this rain is not the burst of the monsoon, which is expected to blow over Bombay about the 15th of June. The rainfall registered at Colaba up till yesterday evening was 3 inches and 76 cents; at the Esplanade 2 inches and 45 cents; at the Fort 2 inches and 11 cents; and at Byculla 2 inchest and 14 cents.

RAINFALL IN BOMBAY.

	Byculla.		Espl'de.		Fort.		Colaba.	
	In.	Cts.	In.	Cts.	In.	Cts.	In.	Cts.
Previously registered....	0	72	0	00	0	03	0	24
Monday, 29..................	1	42	2	45	2	08	3	52
Total..	2	14	2	45	2	11	3	76

Rainfall at Byculla registered from 6 p.m. to 6 p.m.; at the Esplanade and Fort from 8 a.m. to 8 a.m.; and at Colaba from 6 a.m. to 6 a.m.

THE ENLARGED COUNCILS AND REPRESENTATION.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—With reference to the exclusion of the Central Division and your observations in your issue of the 27th instant anent the memorial of the Poona Sarvajanik Sabha, allow me to make a brief statement of suggestions, which, I think, will remove all ground for misapprehensions in regard to the position of some persons who seem to misunderstand the objects of framing the regulations of the Government of India, according to which the Bombay Government passed the subsidiary rules, which are the basis of a vehement controversy between the Government and the public since the promulgation of the rules alluded to above. The main contention of the Sabha is not so much for a seat in the Council as for the privilege of having some voice in recommending a member for nomination by Government. My suggestion is very simple and practicable; and it will, I believe, if carried out, satisfy all the demands of the Central Division. I would amalgamate the Municipalities of any three districts of the Central Division (say, Poona, Khandeish, and Nasik) with those of the six districts of the Northern Division and incorporate the Local Boards of the remaining three districts of the said Division with those of all the districts of the Southern Division. This is calculated, in my opinion, to insure the recognition of the right of representation of the Central Division without in any way disturbing the distribution of seats of the additional members of the Council.

As to the appointment of additional seats you observe that a ninth seat cannot possibly be allotted to the Central Division owing to the restrictions of the regulations of the Government of India, and that as Government intend nominating, exclusive of the Advocate-General, not more than nine officials, the demand of the Central Division can not be satisfied, and that so long as Messrs. Udaram, Wadia, and Runchodlal do not vacate their seats the appeal of the Central Divison is of no avail. You have also observed that the Viceroy would say that as the rules were made with the approval of the State Secretary nothing would be done in the matter. What I understand of the intention of Government is that no effect would be given to any amended rules without the sanction of the State Secretary. Besides the Government of India have, I think, placed no restrictions upon the discretion of the Bombay Government. With regard to the number of additional seats I would venture that you appear to misconceive the declaration of Government in regard to their intention of apportioning the additional seats of the Council. That, inclusive of the Advocate-General, twenty-one additional members will be nominated is the assurance given by Government, and you appear to labour under the impression that twenty additional seats are to be allocated. If your understanding be assumed to be correct, Khan Bahadur Dorabji's nomination seems to be an anomaly unless it is presumed that the number of additional seats is limited to twenty-one. This appears to me to be a problem not easy of solution, and I shall feel highly obliged if you will kindly explain this anomaly and remove the misunderstanding, if there be any, with regard to the allocation of additional seats in the Council.—Yours, &c.,

V. H. KARANDIKAR.

Poona, May 28.

THE HIGH COURT COMPOUND.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—It is very good of your correspondent "Barrister," to sympathise with the poor jurors by suggesting a raised paved footpath from the roadway to the door, opposite Treacher and Company's shop. I presume, however, he is not aware of the fact that the High Court Building is not provided with rain-water pipes or gutters, and that the accumulations of rain on the roofs find its way down the sides of the building, which forms a series of elegant cascades for an hour or so after a good shower has fallen. Consequently if any one wished to get out by the end doors he would have to make a rush for the middle of the road-way so as to avoid a shower of dirty water. Another objection to a footpath here would be to seriously inconvenience the carriages, for it would prevent them drawing up close to the door as at present. It was expressly with that object that the grass plots were removed and the ground metalled some years ago. I would rather suggest a footpath to the porch following the contour of the lawn on the left. This would run clear of the building projections, and would be of more infinite value to the public, as a larger section of the people enter and leave by the porch, and there would be no inconvenience to the carriages.—Yours, &c.,

May 29. ANOTHER BARRISTER.

VETERINARY GRADUATES.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—In your leader of the 25th instant regarding an outbreak of disease amongst the horses of the Sultan of Zanzibar, you make a slight error in stating that "there seems to be a lack of openings for graduates." Such is not the case, there is no lack of opening for graduates who take an interest in the practical part of their profession, *i.e.*, the practical man. In fact, there were more vacancies last year than I could find graduates to fill, and the same has taken place this year the second of my stewardship in the capacity of Principal of the Bombay Veterinary College.—Yours, &c.,

JAS. MILLS, V. Capt.,
A. V. D.

THE British residents in Trieste are desirous of erecting in that important port a residential Sailors' Home. To this would be attached an office where seamen could be engaged by masters, and where advances could be made instead of at the crimp shops, the evils of which are well known. For local reasons it is deemed necessary to purchase a site which will cost, it is estimated, 800*l*. This, it is stated by our Consul, Mr. Haggard, is already covered by the generosity of two English residents, but a further some of 1,600*l*. is needed for the building. Mr. Haggard states that as soon as the establishment is in working order, it is confidently expected that it can be made to pay its way, as is the case with the Sailors' Home at Marseilles. Messrs. Woodhead, of Charing-cross, have undertaken to receive subscriptions on behalf of the Trieste Sailors' Room Committee.

BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

THE following are excerpts from the minutes of the trustees' meeting of 23rd instant:—

Read letter from Messrs. Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co., Agents, British India Steam Navigation Company, dated 17th May 1893, stating that the S. S. "Pachumba," which arrived on the 13th May, brought 24 cows and 7 calves from Kurrachi for transhipment to Colombo, but by mistake no notice was given and the animals were landed on the Victoria Dock wall, incurring a wharfage charge of Rs. 1-12-0 per cow and annas 10 per calf, and that they have now to be reshipped from the Dock wall; and requesting that, under the circumstances, the Trustees will make a special charge for landing and reshipping as in the case of cargo for transhipment. Read report by the Docks Superintendent, No. 1811, dated 18th May 1893, stating that livestock hitherto has never been treated as transhipment cargo because, when animals come into the Dock by any vessel, they invariably pass out into the town as there is no place within Dock limits to stable them, but from what he knows of the circumstances it is obvious that a mistake has been made in this case; and recommending that the charge be reduced to one-half Import and Export wharfage under items A and B 233 of the Dock Scale of Rates.

Resolution.—As a special case half Import and half Export charges should be levied, subject to the approval of Government.

Read letter from the Honorary Secretary, Royal Bombay Yacht Club, asking that the Trustees will extend the time for the acceptance of a lease of a portion of a plot of land opposite the present Club House, and the term attached to it as communicated in their Secretary's letter, No. 1227, dated 10th April 1893, until October 14th, as the Committee of the Club find it impossible to make plans and estimates in detail for submission to the Club, without which it makes it out of their power to accept the offer of the Trustees; and inquiring on what terms the whole plot in question would be leased to the Club; and in the event of this being accepted whether the conditions in their Secretary's letter, No. 492, dated 11th February 1893, concerning the remainder of the Club property, would hold good; also whether, in the event of the whole plot being taken up, the Trustees would object to a suitable building being erected in the centre; and if the frontage facing S. S. E. of the plot is preferred to that originally proposed, whether this land could be leased on the same terms and whether the Yacht Club will be permitted to sublet. Read proceedings of the Land Committee recommending—(*a*) that the Trustees should agree not to entertain offers for a *portion* of either frontage while this matter is under the consideration of the Yacht Club Committee or until 14th October 1893, but should decline to bind themselves to refuse offers should any be made either for the whole plot or for the whole of either the East (S. S. E.) or North (E. N. E.) frontage; (*b*) that it should also be pointed out that the Trustees have made no offer but have merely intimated the terms on which they are prepared to receive offers for the site in question; (*c*) rents of various plots specified. (*d*) that the frontages to the Apollo Bunder, Lansdowne and Adams Roads (S. S. E.) would have to be arcaded, for which half-rates would be charged; (*e*) that the terms laid down in Trustees' letter No. 492, dated 11th February 1893, as regards the remainder of the Club property would hold good; (*f*) that the Trustees should not object to a suitable building being erected in the centre; (*g*) that the frontage to Adams Road facing S. S. E. might be leased at the same rates as those quoted for the frontage facing E. N. E. to Apollo Bunder Road, but the Trustees are not prepared to say what depth could be allowed; and (*h*) that as regards sub-letting the Club Committee should be referred to the clause against assignment without consent; that there would be no objection to sub-letting in any other form or to assignment with consent which would ordinarily be granted if the Trustees were satisfied with the position of the assignee.

Resolution—A reply should be sent in the terms proposed by the Land Committee.

Read letter from the Traffic Manager, No. 22-7482, dated 23rd March 1893, stating that the recent extension of the Sassoon Dock South Reclamation has very greatly improved the neighbourhood and it is quite probable that in a short time enquiry for the land as leasholds for good buildings will be made more particularly if roads are provided and plots laid out on a convenient plan; suggesting that the Engineer be asked to submit a scheme for opening out the place and that meanwhile no more land be let out in the neighbourhood for temporary occupation. Read letter from the Engineer, No. 828-90, dated 7th April 1893, submitting a scheme 3791 for the completion of the reclamation to the Harbour frontage on the lines approved in 1876. Read letter from the Acting Engineer, No. 1230-90, dated 22nd May 1893, reporting that before the monsoons set in it will be necessary to cut a channel through the new reclamation from the outlet of the present storm-water drain; and requesting sanction to an expenditure of Rs. 100 to meet the demand as it is not considered necessary to undergo the expense of putting in a pipe drain which would not be required when the proposed new storm-water drain is put in. Read proceedings of the Land Committee, recommending that the Engineer should be asked to furnish an estimate of the cost of completing the part colored green on the tracing and of making roads surrounding it and the piece previously reclaimed, and that the work might either be carried out now or provided in the Budget of 1894-95 and on its completion the sites might be sold by auction on lease for building purposes, but meanwhile the land might be let on temporary occupancy as at present.

Resolution Approved. Sanction is given to an expenditure of Rs. 100 in cutting a channel through the reclamation in extension of the storm-water drain.

Read letter addressed by the Port Officer, No. 2804-S, dated 11th May 1893, to Government, proposing that a syrang should be entertained for a time on the Port staff to instruct tindals of Native Craft in the regulations for preventing collisions at sea and in the use of side-lights, &c., half of the syrang's wages and boat-hire, estimated at Rs. 100 a month, to be charged to the Survey Fund and half to the Port Fund. Read letter from the Port Officer, No. 2806-S, dated 11th May 1893, requesting that the Trustees will support the proposals made in his letter to Government.

RESOLUTION.—Government should be informed that the Trustees concur in the recommendations of the Port Officer and will be prepared to pay a moiety of the syrang's wages and boat-hire estimated at Rs. 100 per mensem for the time that his services may be required, which the Trustees would suggest might, in the first instance, be limited to one year.

Read letter from the Engineer, No. 1201-24, dated 18th May 1893, forwarding plans and estimates marked A, B and C for the construction of a short road in extension eastwards of the Connaught Road to meet the proposed north and south road north of Ghorupdev Hill. Estimate A—Cost, if constructed of rubble packing 4" thick covered by 4" of metal and consolidated with gadda, the footpaths to be provided with a blue stone Khanky curb, Rs. 2,922-2-0. Estimate B—Cost, if made to Municipal requirement of 6" rubble packing and 9" of road metal consolidated with gadda, with a slope of 1 in 36 from the centre to the sides, with blue stone water-tables 1½' in width and 6" thick set on a bed of lime concrete, and also a blue stone curb 15" deep and 6" set in mortar, and the footpaths of moorum well rolled and consolidated with ½" gadda, Rs. 6,834-4. Estimate C.—Cost of a storm-water drain of stoneware pipes, 12" diameter, with manholes, &c., Rs. 4,127-9-0. And recommending that as this road joins two roads that are or will be municipal roads, it should be made to Municipal requirements (Estimate B), as by so doing Rs. 1,137, the estimated annual cost of maintenance and lighting will be saved. Read letter from the Traffic Manager, No. 22-1013, dated 23rd May 1893.

Resolution.—The proposed road in extension of Connaught Road (Scheme II in Trustees' Resolution No. 134), estimated to cost Rs. 6,834 is sanctioned, subject to the slight alteration in alignment as shown by dotted lines in plans Nos. 3557-D and 3858-K2. 2. No sewers nor storm-water drains should be provided at present but an undertaking may be given to the Municipal Commissioner to construct them hereafter when required. 3. The Trustees would suggest for the consideration of the Engineers whether it would not be advisable to continue the inner line of the north footpaths of the Connaught Road along the inner line of the north footpath of the proposed Ghorupdev Cross Road.

Read letter from the Port Officer, No. 1525-2, dated 20th May 1893, forwarding copy of a letter from the Engineer, and stating that the repairs to the Tug "Princess" will cost Rs. 3,464, exclusive of Docking charges, and recommending that this amount be defrayed from the depreciation fund and the Docking charges which are not expected to exceed one thousand rupees, from the Budget Grant of Rs. 2,500, thus leaving Rs. 1,500 in hand for future contingencies during the current year. Read letter from the Engineer, No. 1208-10 dated 19th May 1893, to the Port Officer, saying that the estimated cost of repairs required to the Tug "Princess" is Rs. 3,464, exclusive of Docking charges and it includes a few items not mentioned in the Surveyor's report, but considered absolutely necessary by the Mechanical Superintendent and recommended by him.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

Read letter from the Secretary, Chamber of Commerce dated 19th May 1893, intimating that Mr. W. R. Macdonell of the firm of Messrs. Wallace & Co. has been elected a member of the Board of Trustees to act during the absence of Mr. A. F. Beaufort on leave.

Resolution.—To be recorded.

Resolution.—On the motion of the Chairman, Mr. W. R. Macdonell was appointed a member of the Finance and Establishment and Bunders Committees.

Read letter from the Port Officer, No. 1547-44, dated 22nd May 1893, reporting that Mr. Richard James Rickford, Master of the B. I. S. N. Company's coasting steamers, has been examined and found competent to perform the duties of a special pilot for coasting steamers; and recommending that Government be requested to publish the usual notification.

Resolution.—Government should be addressed in the usual terms.

The following papers were laid on the table:—

PILOTAGE STATEMENT.

	For week ending 19th May. 1893.	For week ending 19th May, 1892.
Vessels piloted into harbour..	31	33
" out of " ..	20	30
" transported	23	25
" attended	2	2.
" warped	1	None.

STATEMENT OF VESSELS USING TRUSTEES' DOCKS.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessels entered	16	5
" left	9	9
" remaining in dock	16	11

VICTORIA DOCK.

Vessels entered	9	8
" left	4	12
" remaining in dock......	17	11

MEREWETHER DRY DOCK.

For week to 20th May 1893.

	Gross Tonnnge.	Period of occupation including Sundays, and holidays.
S. s. Somali now (Illcafaee)...	3·2	1 day.
S. s. Vindobona..........	4,351	1 "
H. B. Mudlark } Docked at one time.	304	2 days.
Tug Princess } Docked at one time.	193	2 "

THE RAILWAY TO SIMLA.

ONE effect of a railway extension to Simla, says the *Pioneer*, would probably be the diversion of a portion of the Central Asian trade with India, and not impossibly a codsiderable development of that trade. The Lahaulis are notoriously the most enterprising of the traders between this country and Thibet, the Pawindahs of this part of our frontier—and the most important and popular of the trade routes is at present over the Bara Lacha and Rohtang Passes, via Lahaul to the Kulu Valley. From Sultanpur in Kulu the trade mainly distributes itself by routes via Mandi and Una to Hoshiarpur and the railway at Jullundur; to a less extent by Kangra and Dera-Gopipur to Amritsar; a still smaller portion taking the Kangra Valley road to the railway at Pathankote. Other portions find a way to the Hindustan and Thibet road by Ranipur in the Bushahir State—a considerable trade centre, but greatly handicapped for want of a bridge over the Sutlej—by the Luri opposite Komarsen, by Sunni and by Belaspur. The extension of a line from Kalka would make Simla, even by existing routes, a long way the nearest point at which any of this traffic could get in touch with railway communication. It would only remain to construct the proposed pack road from Largi in Kulu, through Mandi and Suket to Sunni on the Sutlej, to give the Simla route an enormous advantage over any other outlet. From Sultanpur to Simla by such a road is almost a straight line, while it would be only half the distance from Sultanpur to Jullundur. The main road of the Valley already passes through Largi, the Sutlej is crossed by an iron bridge at Sunni and a preliminary examination has shown that a pack road could be made over comparatively low hills without any difficulty, and at small cost. Its construction would be amply justified in the interests of the Kulu Valley alone, as it would bring the fruit and other produce 45 miles nearer the Simla market—the prospect of a cheaper and more plentiful supply of Kulu fruit should certainly be sufficient to excite the interests of Simla—and it would provide another road open all the year round. For a good part of the year the route via the Dulch is the only certain one open, and this year, we believe the Bhubhu and Jalauri Passes were more or less under snow in the middle of May. There is no reason therefore to wait for the railway extension before pressing the claims of the road. Given both, and we should possess a direct route diverging very little from a bee-line from Leh to Delhi. If it could then be brought home to the management that the way to develop traffic, even on a mountain railway, is not by imposing prohibitive rates, we may safely assume the greatly improved facilities would in the usual course be followed by an increased trade. It is not at present very clear how much nearer Mr. Gilchrist's survey will bring us to direct railway communication with Simla. It is probably not so much the want of more surveys as of a more settled exchange that has hitherto delayed execution of the work, but improved communication with the summer headquaters of Government is every year becoming more imperatively necessary. The crowded state of the cart-road with traffic of all sorts is notorious, and at times this traffic becomes congested to an almost dangerous extent. It is more or less a subject for wonder how, under present arrangment, the wants of Simla are supplied at all. To all appearance there is a wild confusion of strings of carts and camels, bullock trains and tongas swarming up the narrow track from Kalka at the beginning of the season, filling every halting place to overflowing, jammed in any corner that happens to be a few feet wider than the rest, the heavy traffic blocked at every turn till the passenger traffic of the day time is sufficiently diminished to enable it to creep up another stage. Only the proverbial patience of the bullock and his driver would enable cart traffic to progress at all. Even the patience of these is at times nearly exhausted, for to the difficulties of progress have to be added a system of petty worries, and, what in practice, amounts to a series of small but vexatious tolls to which cartmen are subjected by the underlings of the Hill States through which the road passes. For, as many people will doubtless be surprised to learn, although the road was made and is entirely maintained by the Public Works Department, it is not under the jurisdiction of any British department at all, but each of the Hill Ranas is supposed to exercise jurisdiction over the section lying within his State. The opportunities enjoyed by the State underlings under such a system may be easily imagined. Does an unfortunate cartman halt at the wrong place, or as is constantly the case, arrive to find himself crowded out of the extremely limited camping grounds, he is at the mercy of the first jack-in-office, sometimes even of a jack who is not in office but who is sharp enough to levy the "dishonest penny" from a simple man in a difficulty. It is not therefore to be wondered at that the Simla road is an unpopular journey for carriers generally and that grain in the bazaars there is dear. The first improvement that is wanted is to at least double the number of halting places for cart and camel traffic, and the next that the Government should, as in the case of railways, acquire jurisdiction over the whole road, and place the traffic regulation in the hands of its own officers. A third facility hardly less important is to have an alternative line of communication. How serious any breaks may be in the single line on which the whole of Simla depends we had evidence last year, when after the extensive slips at the sixth and seventh miles from Kalka the place was within measurable distance of a grain famine. The seventh mile slip is perhaps in its way only less formidable than the "Mud gorge" difficulty, and though everything that engineering skill can suggest will doubtless be done to ensure a sound road, occasional interruptions to traffic during the rains is a contingency that must be faced for some years. Failing the railway, the best temporary arrangement for meeting this would be the improvement of the old road by Kasauli and Subathu, with its branches to Dharmpur and Solan. A moderate outlay would convert this into an excellent pack road, though a part of it has, we believe, been for some time left to the tender mercies of the Hill States, and has consequently fallen into disrepair. The question of its improvement is understood to be under the consideration of the Punjab Government, and in the interests of Simla, we would venture to suggest the sooner this consideration leads to action the better. If by improvement of the gradients the alternative route could be made suitable for camels, not only would the congested traffic on the cart road be greatly relieved, but the price of grain and supplies generally in the Simla market would be greatly reduced.

THE fresh outbreak, writes the *Pioneer*, in the Hazarajat will, perhaps, convince those who advocated compliance with the Amir's wish to visit England that his Highness would never dare to leave his kingdom for any length of time even if sanction had been accorded to such a step. Last year's campaign against the Hazaras was brought to a close by the approach of winter, the Afghan troops having gained a partial success in the Oruzghan Valley, but not having succeeded by any means in quelling the insurrection as a whole. Now the guerilla warfare is breaking out afresh, and for the next few months we shall probably be treated to the old stories of desperate conflicts, with no results; of marching and counter-marching by the Afghan commanders; and of raids by the tribesmen upon convoys and detachments. The Amir will certainly have no desire to visit Europe while this new campaign is going on, and he must be shrewd enough to see that his dynasty would be endangered by his absence even for a few months from the country. When he has quite subdued the Hazaras he may think seriously of renewing his request to visit England, but for the present he must have enough work in his hands to cause him to remain in the neighbourhood of Kabul

NEWS OF THE DAY.

THE barque Rydalmere disappeared during the cyclone at Diamond Harbour. Her whereabouts are unknown. Her agents profess no anxiety with regard to her safety.

THE Government having called upon the Agent and Manager of the Madras Railway for a financial comparison between the present mode of lighting carriages on the Madras Railway and the proposed Pintsch's gas-system, the Agent has replied that there will probably be an annual saving of Rs. 5,000 by the introduction of the gas.

As there appears to be some misapprehension in the matter, it is notified that the Mysore aud Bangalore Races for 1893 will be run under the old Western India Turf Club Rules.

THE movements of the Native Troops in Burma recently ordered on account of the rains in that country and the proper housing of the troops, has been taking place since the 9th instant, and will be completed by the end of the current month.

THE Native College, Berhampore, Ganjam District, will henceforward be known as the "Kallikot College," the Rajah of Kallikot having very handsomely endowed the same. He has also, we hear, opened schools for girls and boys at Kallikot and Atagada.

AN additional grant of Rs. 60,000 has been provided in the current year's estimates to meet the extra expenditure likely to be incurred on account of the despatch of the first military column to take part in the operations in the Kachin country.

A CURIOUS feature of the last agricultural returns is an attempt to record the numbers of stock of all kinds. Excluding Bengal and parts of other provinces, for which figures are not available, it seems that there are in India some sixty-six million cattle, including buffaloes, and over eleven million ploughs. About half the cattle may reasonably be looked upon as available for ploughing, so that we have something like one plough and three plough animals to every twenty people in India. The figures, of course, are mere guesses, but provided that they are guesses made by competent district officers, and have not merely been evolved from the inner consciences of office Babus to satisfy the insatiable hunger of the administration for statistics, they should prove a valuable indication of the condition of the people. Next to the land itself, his plough and his cattle are the most important property which the cultivator possesses.

THE Lahore paper says official intelligence confirms its transfrontier news published about a week ago, that the Amir has concentrated large forces upon the Hazarajat, and severe fighting is apprehended. Troops have been collected from Turkestan, Kandahar, Ghazni, and Kabul.

KHAGAN Valley news states that the section of the 23rd Pioneers encamped at Hawai are now employed in improving the road back again towards Balakot, whence they advance towards Parrus. The Khagan Valley road to Jurid will be proceeded with immediately.

THE *Pioneer* have received news confirming its statement that no formal mission bearing ceremonial presents will be despatched by land from Burma to China. The mission, when sent, will probably go by sea from Rangoon with Pekin as its object.

THE reception of Lieutenant-Colonel Yate at Herat was even more cordial than was expected writes the *Pioneer*. The Amir's officials have loyally carried out his Highness's orders that the British officers should be received with marked distinction at all important halting places.

THE Lahore paper says we regret to find that cattle-disease in the Kangra District, after having practically all but disappeared in epidemic form, is again on the increase. During the week ending 20th May, 77 fresh seizures and 44 deaths were reported. The total of the four preceding weeks was only 75 cases and 52 deaths, the figures for one week, that ending 6th May, being as low as 7 fresh cases and 6 deaths. In the absence of skilled diagnosis it is impossible to account for this sudden outbreak, as the weather for the week ending 20th May was warm and settled, and therefore favourable to the recovery of sickly animals.

THE Gilgit Commissariat transport under Captain Yielding have been doing excellent work during the cold weather in preparation for the opening of the passes, says the Lahore paper. They have collected 5,400 ponies in Kashmir itself for work on the Gilgit road this summer, and have got together from the Valley over 30,000 maunds of stores for despatch to the Gilgit District this year. They commence despatches on the 1st June, and by taking advantage of heavy frosts and crossing the Kamri Pass at night, the Kashmir carriers hope to get to Bunji without much difficulty, and long before the highest pass would be sufficiently clear of snow to admit of Punjabi carriers getting across it. Each Kashmir pony carries a 2½ maund load, against, maunds carried by Punjabi mules and ponies, and as it is not customary to give such animals grain on the Gilgit road, except where grass is unprocurable and the wants of their drivers are very simple also, the advantages of using local carriage, as much as possible, are obvious both on grounds of economy and efficiency. Hitherto the bar to its extensive employment has been that many of the men would not engage to go beyond Bunji, but after the good pay and fair treatment of last year Captain Yielding has succeeded in inducing the Kashmiris to agree to make two trips to Gilgit and one trip to Bunji this summer, and has engaged 2,000 more ponies in Kashmir itself than he was able to obtain last year from the Valley.

A MEETING of subscribers to the Mofussil Nursing Association was held on Friday last at the Frere Hall, Karachi. The chair was taken by Mr. H. E. M. James, Commissioner in Sind, who was supported by Brigadier-General Boyce Combe, Colonel Crawford, Collector of Karachi, Mr. James Currie, Chairman Chamber of Commerce, and other leading official and non-official residents. Dr. Bainbridge, the Civil Surgeon, who is honorary secretary, read a statement of the condition of the Karachi branch, and explained how a nurse had been obtained, mainly through the liberal aid of the Commissioner, and was now working at Karachi. It was decided, after a long discussion, to appoint a committee to aid the honorary secretary. The following gentlemen were chosen and consented to act :—Brigade-Surgeon Lieutenant Colonel Wilson ; Rev. F. B. Sandberg, Chaplain ; Captain Bonham Cartet, R.E. ; and Mr. T. Beaumont. The committee was empowered to add to their number and to invite one or more ladies to act with them. The general opinion seemed to be that the nurse should be asked to devote any time when she is not engaged in nursing work to superintend European patients at the civil hospital, but it was stated by Dr. Bainbridge that this was impossible, as there was no accommodation for the nurse and no fitting accommodation for such patients. This association is a branch of the one long in existence at Poona.

AN interesting little village was "inaugurated" on the 3rd instant, near Ostia, about twenty miles from Rome. The village consists of about fifty commodious wooden cottages that hold fifty working families. They belong to the "Workman's Society," formed of about 2,500 members, who some years ago made a project for the reclamation of swampy land, and, helped by capital granted from the Government, the Royal Exchequer, and the banks, commenced the work of draining about a million acres lying nearly three feet below the level of the sea. During the first year the colony paid an enormous tribute to fever, many men, women, and children being killed by their mortal enemy, the malaria. Only three hundred acres have emerged, and yield good fruit, while the drainage goes on vigorously in the unreclaimed and much larger portion. The agricultural colony of Ostia is conducted on communal principles. Its members resort to the social magazines for all that they need, paying by coupons and counters that form the current coin of the colony. There are coupons for five francs of work, and counters worth from one to five sous. The parish priest and the doctor are also workmen according to their ability.

A RAWALPINDI correspondent writes that for the past week the heat has been abnormal there, the thermometer registering 90° in the shade and 130° exposed. This culminated in a thunderstorm, accompanied with rain, last night about 10 o'clock, continuing on in showers till ten o'clock, to-day. There is an appreciable reduction in the temperature, but it is still July heat, and the station is emptying fast. Sixteen tongas are being run daily, but the scare of last year has not been forgotten in Murree, and the majority wing their flight to Kashmir. The present severe weather is generally accepted as indicative of a healthy season, and the hospital registers so far bear out this view. The prompt action taken by Veterinary Captain Cooper to suppress glanders on the route to Kashmir has led to an abatement of the disease, and in a short time it will be completely stamped out.

SOME eighteen years ago Mr. Redgrave, as well as Mr. Rickards, late Inspector of Factories, giving evidence before the Factory and Workshops Commission, declared that the dreadful disease known as "necrosis," or the eating away of the jaw from the effects of phosphorous in match factories, had entirely disappeared. From inquiries into the lucifer match manufacture, however, recently instituted by Mr. Sprague Oram, our principal Inspector of Factories, cases of necrosis have been brought to light which, in this gentleman's opinion, prove the necessity of adopting every reasonable means for getting rid of this fearful malady. Mr. Oram believes that the disease is not widespread. It is, however, so fearful that the victims are not to be found in any hospital, but are immediately removed from work and attended by the firms' medical advisers, and supported at the expense of the firms. Hence, we are reminded that, in an ordinary inspection of these works, the Government inspectors or others would not come across any cases.

THE Morning Star mission vessel reached Honolulu just before the mail steamer Alameda sailed with a story of suffering and endurance on the ocean, which has probably never been paralleled. A family party of four natives of Tapituea, one of the Gilbert group, comprising a father, two sons, and a daughter, went out fishing from that island in a canoe one night. The wind came on to blow hard, and the canoe drifted out of sight of the island. Day followed night and night the day, but the canoe and its occupants were every hour carried further from the home beach. Their sufferings were intense. They had neither food nor water in the frail shell, while for forty days they drifted over the trackless waste of water. Three or four were alive, when at the expiration of that terrible forty days, the canoe was beached at Ocean Island, and one of the boys had perished since.

THE United States Musical Mutual Protective Union have, in all seriousness, and apparently without the least intention of reducing the operation of the Labour Importation Laws to absurdity, been doing their best to prevent the Imperial German infantry and cavalry bands from entering the United States, on the ground that they are contract labourers. The secretary of this organization has expressed the extraordinary opinion that there were among these visitors only three artists as far as he knew—Paderewski, Patti, and Nikisch. The rest were in his opinion labourers. Fortunately the authorities decided that the Emperor William's musicians are artists, and admitted them.

DURING the year 1892 the Hydrographic Department received information concerning the discovery of 132 rocks and shoals dangerous to navigation, many of them being small pinnacles rising up from deep water, which are always difficult to detect. Of these, 20 rocks were reported by H.M. surveying vessels ; 16 by other of H.M. ships ; 9 by various British and foreign vessels ; 17 were discovered by vessels striking on them ; and 70 were reported by Colonial and Foreign Governments. From this, says the Hydrographer, in his report just issued, it will be seen that the number of dangerous rocks and shoals annually discovered is increasing instead of decreasing. In the previous year they amounted to 121, and in 1890 to only 75. According to the Hydrographer's Report, after the survey of the River Deben, on the way back to Sheerness, an examination was made of the depths on Singles Patch in the Duke of Edinburgh Channel, which showed that there was a decrease of three feet in the depth since last it was sounded in April 1891. The gradual but steady growth of this shallow patch in the centre of the deep-water channel into the Thames is a matter of close concern with the interests of the port of London. Whether the channel will be finally reclosed, or whether the shoal will be arrested in its concretion, time only can show.

THE arguments in the Behring Sea Arbitration Court continue to drag their cumbrous length along, comparatively small attention being paid to them by the London Press. Mr. Carter, having brought his address, which took eight days to deliver, to a close, Mr. Coudert, the third counsel for the United States, proceeded to set forth at further length the claims of the United States to the seals, and the necessity which existed for the suppression of pelagic sealing. In closing the United States case, on May 9, Mr. Coudert pointed out that the race of seals had disappeared at different points, such as the coast and islands of Chili, the Falkland Islands, Australia, New Zealand, and the western seaboard of Africa, because no supervision was exercised for the protection of the females. Counsel also maintained that the number of animals destroyed by pelagic sealing has double the number calculated from the quantity of skins procured as from 25 to 50 per cent. of the animals wounded in pursuit went to the bottom. He dwelt on the urgency of a solution based on justice and humanity, and declared, finally, that the United States would oppose all claims to indirect or remote damages. The President complimented him on his arguments. During the day a return was distributed by the American agent showing the number of seals taken at sea and on the Pribiloff Islands. In 1890, 21,238 seals were taken on these islands, and 51,655 seals were taken at sea. In 1891 12,071 were killed on the islands, and 68,000 at sea ; whilst in 1892 the islands accounted for 75,000, the numbers killed at sea being 75,395. Sir C. Russell opened the case for Great Britain on May 10. He contended that the rights transferred by Russia to the United States in the sale of Alaska included no rights over the sea. As to the charge that pelagic sealing involved cruelty, he retorted that nothing could be more cruel than the manner in which the males were driven inland on the Prybiloff Islands, in order to be slaughtered.

MR. G. A. SALA has given us an extremely interesting personal reminiscence in the *Daily Telegraph*. During his teens, Mr. Sala "had been sent to Paris to be educated in a great public school ; and when (he writes) at the expiration of two years I returned to my native country, I was sent to a Pestalozzian school at Turnham-green to learn English, a language which I am still attentively studying, but in which I fear that I have made but scant progress during the last fifty years or so. Leaving school, it appeared to my parent, my friends, and to some extent to myself that I ought to follow the profession of an artist. I say to some extent ; since although I was passionately fond of drawing and had had a thorough grounding in practical geometry in France, I was painfully aware of one fact, which seemed to have been overlooked by the kind mother and kindred who so cordially admired the pen-and-ink drawings, principally caricatures, which I was continually scrawling ; the fact in question was that I had been blind in childhood, and that although I recovered my sight under homœopathic treatment, I only got back one completely valid eye. The other was and still remains a "duffer," wandering about on its own account and persistently refusing to do any tangible work, that is to say, to distinguish anything in the field of vision beyond the light of a very bright lamp or candle, or a large sheet of blank paper ; the rest being mainly chaotic for. If I had been wholly blind of one eye, my prospects as an artist would have been much brighter, since I believe there are a considerable number of wall-eyed painters and draughtsmen who have done very well with their abilities, but I was so unfortunate as to have an eye and a quarter, and that unwonted addition of twenty-five per cent., to monocular vision simply incapacitated me from drawing anything symmetrically. I was never able to strike a circle with a free hand, or to draw a perpendicular or a horizontal line without the aid of a T square ; nor can I ever succeed in making one side of a bottle, or a vase, or a basin like the other side."

MUTUAL PROVIDENT SOCIETY.

THE seventh ordinary general meeting of the Mutual Provident Society, Limited, was held at the registered office of the society, in Hummum Street, at 3 p.m., on Saturday last, the 27th instant. Mr. E. R. Smetham, the chairman of the society, presided : there were also present forty-one members. Mr. Succaram Dhondev Thorat proposed that the directors' report and audited accounts made up to the 28th day of February, 1893, be passed and adopted. The report is as follows :—

The directors of the society again have the pleasure to lay before the members their seventh annual report for the year ending the 28th February, 1893. The society still continues to gain in popularity with the public, and it is gratifying to note the amount of interest which the members show in the working of the society generally, and the directors wish to strongly urge on the present members to induce their friends to join the society and thus to promote its interests. The directors feel sure that the society can and ought to be strongly recommended, and the mere fact of its rates being lower than those of other insurance institutions should in itself recommend the society to the general public. The secretaries and managers have prepared a series of tables which are included in the report and which will allow members and those interested to compare our rates of death calls with the premia charged by the most flourishing of life offices transacting business in India. The progressive increase in the numbers of new members admitted since the establishment of the society has been as follows :—In the 1st year 140 members were enrolled, 2nd year 136, 3rd year 361, 4th year 482, 5th year 289, 6th year 239, 7th year 255, total 1,902. Since the last report, as will be seen from the above table, 255 new members have been admitted to the society and of these 32 were females. During the year under review 104 members have been struck off the rolls ; 31 owing to death and 73 for having failed to pay their death calls. A few of these latter have rejoined the society as new members. The present number of members on the rolls in different classes of the society since its formation is as under :—Original members—1st class 502, 2nd class 125, 3rd class 309, 4th class 243, 5th class 286, 6th class 437, total 1,902. Ceased members have failed to pay death calls from the commencement of the society : 1st class 63, 2nd class 10, 3rd class 38, 4th class 25, 5th class 44, 6th class 46, total 226 ; deceased members having failed to pay death calls from the commencement of the society : 1st class 27, 2nd class 8, 3rd class 18, 4th class 10, 5th class 12, 6th class 22, total 97 ; actual members on 28th February, 1893, 1st class 412, 2nd class 107, 3rd class 253, 4th class 208, 5th class 230, 6th class 369, total 1,579. We are sorry to have to report that so many have ceased being members, but we can only conclude that many have joined the society after seeing its actual advantages, but have unfortunately joined a more expensive class than they have been able to afford and have thus been obliged to discontinue their subscriptions and so have been struck off the rolls. From the accounts which have been duly audited, as per copies hereunto annexed, the balance-sheets being marked A, and the revenue account B, it will be clearly seen that the financial position of the society is highly satisfactory. The revenue account shews a credit balance of Rs. 20,714-15-2 and that the net surplus earned after discharging all the current working expenses of the society for the year was Rs. 7,894-0-11 as against Rs. 6,840-13-7 for the previous year. Out of deposit calls held for members at the time of their joining the society, credit will have to be given to such of the members as have been on the rolls of the society six years, except such as have been credited during the year under review. The accounts show a sum of Rs. 20,079-8-4 as fixed annual deposits at the various banks viz. :—National Bank Rs. 5,500, Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China Rs. 5,500, Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Rs. 5,500, New Oriental Bank Rs. 3,579-8-4, total Rs. 20,079-8-4, and the cash balance at the Banks and on hand amounts to Rs. 15,346-11-9, of these, however, Rs. 5,569-1-5 are locked up in the New Oriental Bank, and it is expected that only about one-half of that sum will be recovered. Regarding the disposal of surplus fund the secretaries and managers having communicated with some home actuaries and consulted an actuary in Bombay find that it is necessary to prepare various elaborate statistics of the different ages and contributions of members in each class, also of deaths in various classes at different ages, &c., and as this involves not only a great deal of manual labour but delay and expense, and even then it is considered doubtful with the uncertainty of the number of members in the society, and the payments of calls being fixed by the number of deaths and not by a fixed monthly sum, that a method can be well devised limiting the membership payments to a certain number of years only. It has therefore been decided to distribute Rs. 16,000 amongst the members in proportion to the contributions made by them to the society, carry Rs. 2,000 to the reserve fund write Rs. 1,000 off as bad debts against the amount due by the New Oriental Bank and the balance to be carried over to the next year. Appendix C gives a list of all members on the roll of the society on the 28th February, 1893 ; and Appendices D & E respectively give the certificate numbers of ceased and dead members from the commencement of the society. Appendix F gives a summary of amounts paid by the society during the year and also amounts still due by the society to nominees of deceased members, and which said amounts will be paid when collected and the claims passed as being in order. It also shows the amounts which deceased members have had to pay in order that their nominees should become entitled to those amounts. Appendices G H & I show what has actually been paid by members, of the different classes at various ages during the year, the amounts which would have fallen due to members of the various classes had they died on the 28th February, 1893, and the advantages to be gained by joining the Mutual Provident Society instead of any other office. The auditors have audited the accounts and certified to them as correct as required by the provisions of the Companies Act. Under the provisions of articles of association all the present directors and the auditors retire but are eligible for re-election.

Mr. Gunputrao Krishnarao seconded the proposition.

The report was adopted.

It was then proposed by Mr. Godhino and seconded by Mr. Moreshwar Sitaram Ranee that the present directors Mr. E. R. Smetham, Dr. J. Gerson Da Cunha, Khan Bahadur Byramjee Dadabhoy, and Mr. W. T. Lidbetter, be re-elected directors of the society for the ensuing year.

An amendment was however proposed by Mr. Gunpatrao Krishnarao and seconded by Mr. Vaman Bhickaji to the effect that Mr. Janardhan Gopal's name be inserted instead of Khan Bahadur Byramjee Dadabhoy's.

Mr. Godhino altered his proposition and proposed that the five gentlemen, whose names had been mentioned, should all be elected as directors for the ensuing year, this was seconded by Mr. D'Mello and carried unanimously. Messrs. Waman Bhickajee Gokale and Godhino were then appointed auditors for the ensuing year at a remuneration of Rs. 50 year.

Mr. Smetham then explained that it was proposed to distribute Rs. 16,000 of the accumulated surplus to the members in proportion to the amounts paid by members to the society.

It was then proposed by Khan Bahadur Byramjee Dadabhoy and seconded by Mr. Saccaram Dhondev Thorat, that the surplus amounting to Rs. 16,000 and which the directors propose should be distributed amongst the members should be divided amongst them in proportion to the amounts which they had paid, and that Messrs. Lidbetter and Co. should be asked to apportion the same without referring the matter to an home actuary, and that Messrs. Lidbetter and Co. be allowed an extra commission of five per cent. on the amount thus distributed, in consideration of the extra and tedious work involved.

A vote of thanks to the directors, secretaries, and managers, and officers of the society was then proposed and carried, and after passing a vote of thanks to the chairman the meeting separated.

RECENTLY the women of several Vienna factories where cottons are starched went on strike. Five hundred of them, a correspondent says, held a meeting to consider their attitude, and encourage each other in carrying the strike to a successful end. The principal grievance is the temperature at which the work has to be done and the long hours, from twelve to fourteen per day, payment being a penny an hour. One woman was shown who had worked in such a factory twenty-three years, and had never been paid more than fourteen pence a day. Another woman said, "Look at me. I am twenty-six years old. Do I not look forty?" The chorus of five hundred cried, "Yes, or older." Dr. Adler, the workman's advocate, ended by saying that he wished to see them photographed as they sat there, so that in a hundred years philanthropists might see under what inhuman conditions the women of our day were made to live.

THE ALBION MILK AND SULPHUR SOAP—Pure, Mild, and Emollient—This essentially complexion Soap is most agreeable and beneficial in use, especially where the skin is sensitive, or has become roughened by exposure on land or sea. It never irritates, and hence with its soothing and pleasantly purifying tendency is particularly valuable in hot climates. A luxury for the Toilet and the Bath. Indispensable for Children. Creamy lather. Delicately perfumed. Sold by all Chemists, Stores, &c.

BOMBAY-MADRAS CRICKET MATCH.

SECOND DAY.

At the close of Tuesday's play Madras had made 19 for the loss of one wicket, R. Kindersley and McFarlan being the not-outs. There was a temporary break in the weather last evening, and the sun shone brightly this morning upon the soaking pitch. All the water had been got rid of and sawdust sprinkled on the very damp places, and by 10-30 the ground was in a playable state. McFarlan and Kindersley went to the wickets at 10-40, Barton began the bowling from the Pavilion end and sent down a maiden, and Raikes, trundling from the far end, did likewise. At first the play was very slow, both batsmen keeping well on the defensive and making but singles, the field being placed well out. After some 15 minutes of this sort of play Kindersley scored a couple off Raikes and then drove him to long field for 3. Going over the other side he put Barton in the slips for 2 and 30 went up. McFarlan added a couple off Raikes and made a good bit to long off for 4 and then got him to leg for 3, and 40 was telegraphed. Barton sent down a maiden. Greig relieved Raikes, and Kindersley drove him twice to long on for 2 each time. Singles came steadily and McFarlan sent up the half century with a pretty cut off Barton for 2. Kindersley hit Greig to leg for 2 and McFarlan cut the left-hander for 3. Greig's next over was a maiden, the new bowler appearing to get plenty of work on his balls. Barton was put away for a single and then Kindersley, who had been playing with great care and judgment, was bowled off his pads by a breaking ball from Greig. Score—57-2-22. Sewell joined McFarlan and the field prepared for a lively time of it ; but this was not to be, and much regret was felt by the home team when, one run later, a ball from Greig took McFarlan's middle stump. The Madras Captain showed good form, his innings of 32 runs being free from mistakes and an invaluable contribution at a time when runs were badly wanted. Greig credited himself with two maidens, in both of which there were wickets. E. Kindersley filled the vacancy. Sewell cut Barton for 2 twice in succession and E. Kindersley added a 3 off the far end bowler. 60 up. Barton sent down a maiden and Kindersley cut Greig for 2 and Sewell hit him to leg for a couple, but attempting a hard drive off an over-pitched ball from the left-hand bowler he returned the ball very hard to Barton, who caught it with one hand. Score—76-4-9. Firth replaced Sewell but soon lost Kindersley, who was clean bowled by Raikes, who had just relieved Greig, with an awful break. Fellowes-Wilson followed in. Firth cut Barton nicely for 3, and 80 appeared on the board. Fellowes-Wilson, of whom a good deal was expected, ran out to meet one of Barton's short pitched balls, missed it, and was promptly stumped by Sprott. This batsman thus earned the unenviable "pair of spectacles." Score—81-6-0. Wolfe-Murray filled the breach and whereas, at the commencement of the innings, it was thought that a draw was being played for, it was now evident that every endeavour was being made to avert the single innings disaster. Wolfe-Murray drove Barton to long on for 2 and Firth sent Raikes to the leg boundary. After a slight interruption owing to the rain, the game was resumed and Firth, lifting one of Raikes' slows, was smartly caught by Greig, who was in the far field in the direction of mid on, near the ropes. Another shower of rain necessitated a second adjournment to the tents, and when the field was taken again, a large amount of sawdust had to be used on the puddly ground. Newbury came in and soon added a single off Barton. 90 up. Wolfe-Murray hit Raikes to leg for 2 and Barton for 3. Three maidens were then sent down. The century was reached by a leg hit by Newbury for 3 off Raikes. One run later Newbury was stumped by Sprott. Score—101-8-6. Symonds partnered Wolfe-Murray and both men hit out boldly. Wolfe-Murray secured a couple off Raikes, and Symonds added 2 off the same bowler with a pretty cut. He then put Raikes away to the boundary amid applause and drove him to long on for 2. Wolfe-Murray now put Barton beyond the ropes, and the fallen hopes of Madras began to rise. Singles were frequently scored and 120 went up with both men still together. Symonds sent Raikes to square leg for 4. The slow bowler in the next ball sent down a lob ; Symonds ran out to punish it, but missed it and was stumped by Sprott. With the departure of Symonds the innings virtually closed, for Boome was soon caught by Luard close to the ropes. The innings thus closed for 132 runs, leaving the visitors victorious by an innings and 33 runs. Barton bowled unchanged to-day, securing 4 wickets for 57 runs. Raikes and Greig were the other bowlers, taking 4 wickets for 56 runs and 2 wickets for 18 runs respectively.

The defeat of the Madras team was complete, but it was rather an empty one as the home team was, as I have said before, not a representative one. However, the Bombay players deserve all praise for their easy victory. In all departments of the game they showed up well. Sprott behind the wicket was invaluable, and his fine innings was the subject of much admiration. Trask at mid off, Luard and Greig in the long field, Clark at point, and Poore at cover point fielded excellently. In regard to the bowling, Barton and Raikes were always on the wicket and their balls were most puzzling. They are both good head bowlers, who put plenty of break on their balls and vary their pace and pitch with great judgment, and on a wet wicket are most deadly. Their Excellencies Lord and Lady Harris and H. E. Lord Wenlock were again amongst the spectators. Appended are the details of the whole match :—

BOMBAY.

1st Innings.

Trask, c Firth, b Boome	2
Troupe, l-b-w, b Sewell	18
Greig, c Wolfe-Murray, b Boome	23
Poore, b Hazelton	5
Luard, c and b Boome	24
Sprott, not out	91
Nownham, b Firth	0
Barton, st Newbury, b Boome	7
Baker, c Newbury, b Symonds	16
Clark, b Hazelton	34
Raikes, l-b-w, b Sewell	8
Extras	18
Total	251

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

	B.	R.	M.	W.
E H Boome	110	60	2	4
E H D Sewell*	160	88	4	2
E H Hazelton	110	45	2	2
J T F Wilson	9	18	0	0
R E Firth	15	7	0	1
A P Symonds	5	14	0	1

* bowled a wide.

MADRAS.

1st Innings.		2nd Innings.	
Macfarlane, b Barton	6	b Greig	32
Hazelton, c Clark, b Barton	7	st Sprott, b Barton	4
R Kindersley, b Raikes	7	b Greig	22
Sewell, c Sprott, b Clark	40	c and b Barton	9
E Kindersley, st Sprott, b Barton	2	b Raikes	11
Fellowes-Wilson, b Barton	0	st Sprott, b Barton	0
Firth, c Sprott, b Barton	11	c Greig, b Raikes	7
Wolfe-Murray, st Sprott, b Barton	0	not out	21
Newbury, b Raikes	5	st Sprott, b Barton	6
Symonds, b Barton	6	st Sprott, b Raikes	13
Boome, not out	0	c Luard, b Raikes	3
Extras	2	Extras	1
Total	86	Total	132

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

	1st Innings.				2nd Innings.			
	B.	R.	M.	W.	B.	R.	M.	W.
Barton	112	40	3	7	190	57	12	4
E B Raikes	60	14	6	2	141	56	9	4
F J Clark	41	11	0	1	...	..	..	..
Newnham	19	2	0	0	..	..	...	...
J G Greig	...	...	...	..	45	18	3	2

—*Madras Mail.*

MILITARY NEWS.

LIEUTENANT C. N. BAKER, 2nd Bengal Infantry, has been appointed to the Military Accounts Department.

LIEUTENANT N. A. MACDONALD, 14th Sikhs, has been appointed Assistant Recruiting Officer, Sikh District.

THE one year's leave out of India granted to Major R. R. N. Sturt, 2nd Punjab Infantry, has been cancelled.

THE appointment of Lieutenant L. L. Maxwell, 2nd Bengal Lancers, to the 9th Bengal Lancers, has been cancelled.

CAPTAIN R. E. S. TAYLOR, 38th Dogras, has been appointed to officiate as a Cantonment Magistrate in the N.-W. P. and Oudh.

LIEUTENANT J. F. WHYTE, 4th Sikh Infantry, has been appointed to officiate as a Political Assistant, 3rd class, and has been attached to the Foreign Department.

COLONEL G. W. N. ROGERS, Commanding 2nd Battalion, Royal Irish Regiment, will be placed on half-pay on 23rd July 1893, and he has been permitted to proceed home on or after that date.

THE undermentioned officers have been granted leave of absence :—Major J. R. Povah, 2nd Battalion, Royal Dublin Fusiliers, on private affairs in India, from 23rd March 1893, pending his promotion to a half-pay Lieutenant-Coloneley. Lieutenant J. S. Kenball, 27th Punjab Infantry, five months to Simla, to study the native languages. Captain R. T. Crowther, District Recruiting Officer, Amritsar, 60 days to Simla, private affairs.

The following appointments have been made :—1st Punjab Infantry.—Lieutenant H. C. Sandford to be Wing Officer. 8th Bengal Cavalry.—Captain W. M. Carpendale to be 3rd Squadron Commander, sub pro tem. Lieutenant C. I. Wimberley to be 4th Squadron Commander sub pro tem, 4th Infantry Hyderabad Contingent.—Lieutenant P. N. Leslie, from Derbyshire Regiment, to be Officiating Wing Officer, on probation. 24th Madras Infantry.—Lieutenant A. C. Gabbett, from Derbyshire Regiment, to be Officiating Wing Officer, on probation. 17th Madras Infantry.—Lieutenant F. W. Thomas, from Manchester Regiment, to be Officiating Wing Officer, on probation.

THE GOLD RESERVE INVADED.

UNDER this heading a New York contemporary publishes the following :—New York, April 21.—The upper crust of the 100,000,000 dollars gold reserve has been removed. The financial world stood by and witnessed the going of it, and yet to-night in this financial center no quakings of the earth are felt, and the folks who are most interested are wondering why there has been no crash of worlds nor wreck of spheres. Indeed, some financiers are looking into each other's face. and ejaculating as to whether they have been fanatics or uncannily superstitious.

The engagement of gold for export from here on steamers sailing to-morrow and Tuesday amount to 6,175,000 dollars, and from Boston 750 000 dollars. There was much diversity of opinion in the financial community during the day over Secretary Carlisle's statement. In the main the judgment was unfavorable, and this, to no small extent, because of the ambiguity of his language.

On the stock market accumulating "bull rumors" from Washington diverted practically all attention from the Secretary's circular ; but the sterling exchange merket opened in utter confusion, reflecting a very unusual occurrence, a scare among regular remitters against foreign credits. The demand for sterling bills, this time proceeding from bankers who were doubtful about the gold payment for Treasury notes, and anxious to anticipate their payments, was so heavy as to force up sterling rates to the highest figure touched since the panic of 1884. Over six millions in gold was thus engaged for export by to-morrow's steamers, with orders unusually widely distributed.

FOREIGN LENDERS UNEASY.

In the midst of this turmoil foreign lenders of money called in numerous loans, and these notes being drawn with the gold clause, payment in specie, in at least one case, was demanded and obtained. Not unnaturally the call money market tightened under the withdrawal, and the stock operators lending their usual assistance, money rates were bid up on exchange.

The treasury notes presented at the Sub-Treasury were promptly redeemed in gold. There was, moreover, a clear statement in several quarters of the vexed gold clause in time notes. The older trust companies and many banks, which are to some extent lenders on time, made positive statements to-day that they were making no stipulation of gold payment. Foreign bankers, with one or two trust companies, are steadily insisting on this clause and are resisted by borrowers.

Borrowers on call to-day were able to secure accommodation early in the day at 5 to 6 per cent, but those who delayed supplying their wants were forced to pay 10 to 12 per cent. The posted rates for sterling exchange were raised to 4 dollars 88½ and 4 dollars 91½, and there was little disposition to draw. The situation improved late in the day. Money was in better supply toward the close, and went as low as 4 per cent.

A BIG LOSS OF GOLD.

According to the Sub-Treasurer's figures the net loss of gold to the Treasury to-day was 4,600,000 dollars, of which all but 20,000 dollars was for export. Secretary Carlisle estimated this morning that he had 885,000 dollars free gold in the Treasury. If he received none to-day from sources outside of New York the Treasury free gold is all gone and the 100,000,000 dollars reserve is reduced to 96,285,000 dollars. This is the first time since the resumption of specie payments that the reserve has been cut into, counting in subsidiary coin as part of the available funds of the Treasury. A difference of opinion exists as to whether subsidiary coin should be thus counted ; if not, then the reserve has been encroached upon seven times previous to now.

Just before the Sub-Treasury closed this afternoon it was reported that the officials had been notified of a demand to be made to-morrow for four millions gold for shipment on Tuesday, and there was an additional report that was not verified that two millions more would be taken on Monday.

Of late it has been a favourite superstition that if the reserve dropped below the limit the result would be disastrous not only to values, but also to the mercantile community. The fact that the shock has been comparatively slight has caused an easier feeling about the future, although there would doubtless not be any surprise if the movements in stocks, well as in the money and sterling exchange markets, were erratic for some time.

Manager Sherer, of the Clearing House, said with regard to the gold situation : "I do not think any action is necessary, as no artificial restriction that could be placed upon the export of gold would mend matters in the least, or check the outflow. We are simply coming to a silver basis in the natural course of events, and if the present mode of financiering continues we will soon have no gold in the country, but will have plenty of silver."

Washington, April 21.—At the Cabinet meeting, this morning, at which all the members of the Cabinet were present, with the exception of Secretaries Herbert and Smith, the financial situation, it is understood, was almost the exclusive topic of discussion. The meeting lasted for two hours and a half, and was the longest session of the Cabinet since the new Administration came into power. When the Treasury Department closed its doors this afternoon, the gold reserve of 100,000,000 dollars had been invaded to the extent of 2,500,000 dollars to 3,000,000 dollars.

When the day opened there was in the Treasury 185,000 dollars of free gold. This amount was increased by gold offers from the West aggregating about 1,250,000 dollars. The large shipment of gold from New York cut this down to such an extent that when the Cabinet met Secretary Carlisle found the orders for gold up to that time, about 1 o'clock, had wiped out the free gold and invaded the gold reserve to the extent of 2,557,000 dollars. As far as it can be officially ascertained this is the amount taken out of the gold reserve to-day for export to-morrow, although it is unofficially stated that 700,000 dollars in gold, exclusive of that taken out at New York, had been withdrawn from the Sub-Treasury at Boston for export to Canada. If so, this would leave the gold reserve invaded to the extent of 4,000,000 dollars, or the total gold in the Treasury at 96,000,000 dollars. It is believed this invasion is but temporary, and that within a few days the depleted reserve will be restored to its original figure, 100,000,000 dollars.

While nothing official in the shape of an order can be obtained here as to the decision of the Treasury Department in regard to the payment in gold of treasury notes of 1890, the fact that these notes are being paid in gold upon presentation proves conclusively that they will be redeemed as heretofore. The construction placed upon Secretary Carlisle's statement given to the press last night was that when he reached the limit of the gold reserve he would exercise his discretion and pay this class of notes when presented for redemption in silver. To this extent only are occurrences of to-day a surprise.

It is the opinion of some of the most conservative financiers in Treasury circles that this action of the Government in continuing to pay the notes of 1890 in gold must inevitably lead in the near future to a bond issue, as the rate of exchange is the highest that it has been for eight years and would of itself, were there no extraneous causes, lead to a large export of gold simply for commercial purposes. It is calculated that the gold shippers at the present rate of exchange, make 5 cents on every 20 dollars of gold exported, and with the balance of trade largely against us and likely to continue so, the rate of exchange will also probably remain high and gold shipments continue for some time to come, or until the balance of trade changes in our favour.

It can be stated with positiveness that there was no disagreement on the financial situation between the President and Secretary Carlisle or among the members of the Cabinet.

A *Standard* correspondent supplies material for a marked contrast between English and German policy in Nyassaland. Maj. Wissmann, it seems, who has passed through the Portuguese and British regions in order to reach the north-eastern end of Lake Nyassa, which is in the German protectorate, will ensure a strong position for the German force on the north-eastern shore of the lake, so as to hold in check the Arab traffic where the ferry crosses it, and control the slave transport and gun running which hitherto has done infinite harm. No mention is made (up to March 8) of any progress on the part of the British gun-boats constructed for Lake Nyassa, and supposed to join in operations such as those which marked the beneficient activity of Maj. Wismann. The British have been known on the lake for over thirty years ; the Germans for not as many months. We have had our Consuls robbed on one side of the lake, stripped and tide up naked on the other. We have had Capt. Maguire defeated and shot whilst in command of a Government expedition, and we have also suffered a miserable repulse at the south end of the lake. The so-called sieges of the Arabs at Karongas by British non-military forces were concluded by peace-at-any-price terms offered by ourselves, and altogether the impressions left on the native mind are not those which are good nor those which are kind. Where the British Queen ends and Premier Rhodes begins in the constitution of authority is a puzzle which the colonists continue to pore over upon their rapidly increasing plantations. As yet, nobody can define the sway of the one or the other. For the Germans there are no such disadvantages. Their first appearance before the slave traders is with power in lieu of atempting feebleness."

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MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—MAY 29.

Wathen, Captain, Bengal, 5th Lancers, to join from Aldershot.

MAY 28.

Baker, Captain, Bombay, Durham L I, on duty, from Mhow, Luard, Lieut, Bombay, Durham L I, on leave, from Mhow. Younger, Surg-Capt, Bombay, I M S, off leave, from Matheran.

DEPARTURES.—MAY 29.

Wathen, Captain, Bengal, 5th Lancers, to join to Meerut. Burrows, Captain, Bengal, R A, on leave, to Bareilly. Jervis, Surgeon-Major, Bombay, 7th Bo Infy, to rejoin, to Raipur.

Younger, Surgeon-Capt, Bombay, I M S, on duty, to Baroda.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY MAJOR G. W. ROUGHTON. COMMANDING B. V. A.

Bombay, 30th May.

1. Leave of absence from the 26th instant to the 30th September next has been granted to Gunner, R F Goode.

By Order,
(Sd.) J. SANDERS SLATER, Lieut.,
Acting Adjt., B. V. A.

PROVINCIAL GAZETTES.

(*Calcutta Gazette.*)

Mr S L Maddock, Offg Jt-Magte and Depy Collr, is posted to the head-quarters station of the Balasore district, on being relieved of his present duties as Asst Sett Officer in Orissa.

Mr D B Allen, Offg Magte and Collr, Midnapore, is allowed leave for 6 months.

Mr L P Shirres, Jt-Magte and Depy Collr, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Magte and Collr of Midnapore, on being relieved of his present appointment as Offg Jr Secy to the Board of Revenue.

The Rev S.G Sandberg, Chaplain of St Thomas's Church, Calcutta, is allowed leave for 3 months.

Dr J L Hendley, Offg Civil Medical Officer, Mymensingh, is appointed to be Civil Medical Officer of the Serampore subdivision of the district of Hooghly, from date on which Dr R A Barker retires from service.

Dr P A Rigby, Civil Medical Officer of Rungpur, is allowed privilege leave for 3 months.

(*Assam Gazette.*)

Dr A Fermie, L R C P and S of Edinburgh and L E P and S of Glasgow, whose services have been placed temporarily at the disposal of the Chief Commr of Assam, is appointed to officiate as Civil Medical Officer of the Kamrup district until further orders, from date of taking over charge from Surgn-Major J W U Macnamara, M D.

Surgn-Maj J W U Macnamara, M D, Civil Surgn, Kamrup, on being relieved by Dr A Fermie, is transferred to the Darrang District.

Surgn-Major S Borah, M B, Civil Surg, Darrang, on being relieved by Surgn-Maj J W U Macnamara, M D, is transferred to the Sibsagar District.

Dr H A Maclood, M B, C M, Offg Civil Medical Officer, Sibsagar, on being relieved by Surgn-Major, S Borah, M B, is transferred to Tura and appointed to officiate temporarily as Civil Medical Officer of the Garo Hills district, from date of taking over charge from Dr P M Gupta.

(*N-W Provinces and Oudh Gazette.*)

Mr Saiyid Husain, Tahsildar, Jhansi district, to officiate as a Depy Collr, and to be posted to the Gorakhpur District.

The following Offg Asst Dist Supdts of Police are confirmed as Asst Dist Supdts of Police, 2nd grade :—Messrs C H Gordon, R A'C Beadon, and R C Bramley.

The Honble the Chancellor is pleased to appoint the Right Rev the Lord Bishop of Lucknow to be a Fellow of the Allahabad University.

Saiyid Zamin Ali, Tahsildar, Jhansi district, to officiate as a Deppy Collr, and to be posted to Cawnpore district.

Mr C H Gordon, Offg Dist Supdt of Police, Muttra, on being relieved by Mr J N Sharpe, to officiate as Dist Supdt of Police, Muzafarnagar, during the absence on leave of Mr R J M Pocock, or until further orders.

Mr B C Dale, Offg Asst Dist Supdt of Police, from Moradabad to NainiTal.

Mr E L L Garstin, Dist Supdt of Police, from Partabgarh to Azamgarh

Mr L H Turner, Asst Magte and Collr, Bulandshahr, to Naini Tal, as Asst Commr.

(*Punjab Gazette.*)

HOME DEPARTMENT.

Mr W C Renouf, Assistant Commissioner, in charge of the Attock Sub-Division of the Rawalpindi District, is placed in charge of the Murree Sub-Division of that district.

Lieutenant M W Douglas, Assistant Commissioner, is transferred to the Gurdaspur District and placed in charge of the Dalhousie Sub-Division.

Captain C S DeButts Martindale, Officiating Deputy Commissioner, Jullundur, is transferred in the same capacity to Ferozepore, where he assumed charge of his duties.

Mr T Troward, Divisional Judge, is transferred from Amritsar to Jhelum, where he assumed charge of his duties.

Mr J C Silcock, Deputy Commissioner, resumed charge of the Jhelum District.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Mr J M Taylor, Assistant Engineer, is posted to the Dera Ismail Khan Division.

Mr J H A Bowden, Executive Engineer, has been transferred from the Umballa to the Jullundur Provincial Division.

IRRIGATION BRANCH.

Mr R P Russell, Assistant Engineer, 1st grade, is transferred from the 5th Division, Chenab Canal, to the 2nd Division, Chenab Canal.

Mr R Cannell, Assistant Engineer, 2nd grade, is transferred from the 3rd Division, Bari Doab Canal, to the 2nd Division, Chenab Canal.

Mr R W Rowland, Assistant Engineer, 1st grade, is transferred from the 5th Division, Chenab Canal, to the Ludhiana Division, Sirhind Canal.

DAILY EXPORTS.—MAY 29.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Hispania s—103 bales cotton, Lyon and Co ; 100 bales wool, G Toolsidas ; 159 cwts coir yarn, L Maneckchund ; 4,000 cwts wheat, Sanday and Co.

FOR LONDON.

Sutlej s—22½ cwts mother-of-pearl shells, N Mianee ; 10 bales hides, O H Hassum ; 6,000 cwts wheat, David Sassoon and Co ; 70 bales hemp, V Gopal ; 38 bales skins and hides, W and A Graham and Co ; 12 bales skins, E Latham and Co ; 16 cwts fishmaws and 50 cwts cuttlefish, R Fazul ; 3¾ cwts cardimumseed, 4 cwts nutmegs, and 21 cwts rampatree, R Visram ; 5 cases cupala, and 27 cwts ramputree, M L Assoo ; 16 cwts ramputree, Shewjee and Buxey ; 260 cwts gum, H Virdzar ; 37 cwts gum, A Jaffer ; 130 cwts gum, T Jamnadas ; 200 cwts gum, J Malsee ; 56 cwts gum, J Dewji 105 cwts gum, L Luddha ; 1 parcel rugs, M S Kheswalla.

FOR HAMBURG.

Aldgate s—200 cwts weedseed, Volkart Bros ; 110 bales cotton, Killick Nixon and Co ; 220 bales cotton, A Blascheck and Co ; 110 bales cotton, D S Moodeliar and Co ; 110 bales cotton, E Spinner and Co.

FOR ANTWERP.

Emir s—75 cwts gum, J Premji ; 2,000 cwts rapeseed, F Fischer and Co.

Bombay s—2,000 cwts rapeseed, Nansee Khairaz and Co ; 1,150 bales cotton, Gaddum Bythell and Co ; 600 cwts myrabollams, Volkart Bros.

Bentol s—4,500 cwts rapessed and 3,000 cwts linseed, E D Sassoon and Co.

Imaum s—2,000 linseed, Finlay Muir and Co ; 1,991 cwts rapeseed, F Fischer and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Amana s—4 cwts wheat, Ralli Bros ; 648 cwts wheat, and 600 cwts gingellyseed, E D Sassoon and Co.

Hispanias—112 cwts coir yan L Maneckchund.

FOR GENOA.

Methley Hall s—3,000 cwts linseed and 1,000 cwts groundnuts, R Kaderbhoy ; 3,053 cwts linseed, Ralli Brothers ; 1,001 linseed, Volkart Brothers ; 1,000 cwts linseed and 12,000 cwts rapeseed, Killick Nixon and Co ; 100 bales cotton, Ritchie Stewart land Co ; 150 bales cotton, Glade and Co ; 600 bales cotton, E Spinner and Co.

Idar Hall s—2,000 cwts linseed, R Kaderbhoy.

FOR ODESSA.

James Tucker s—329 cwts myrabollams, W Girtler.

FOR TRIESTE.

Imperator s—22 cwts coir mattings, Alex Mckenzie.

Maria Valerio s—880 bales cotton, Prier de Saone ahd Co.

FOR VENICE.

Maria Valerie s—4,002 cwts castorseed, Tyabjee and Co ; 1,040 cwts castorseed, R Kaderbhoy.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Indra s—4,000 cwts linseed and 5,850 cwts poppyseed, E D Sassoon and Co.

Kt Companion s—2,001 cwts linseed, A Ally Mahomed and Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Gwalior s—160 cwts myrabolams, 4 cwts fish maws 49 cwts Kismis, 97 cwts fennelseed and 9 cwts gallounts, Quan Loun Eaoo 38 cwts shark fins, M Mooraj ; 118 cwts cloves and 34½ olibanum, N Mianee ; 50 cwts cloves, A H Cumrooddin and Co ; 100 bales twist, S N Talati and Co ; 150 bales twist, Tata and Co ; 100 bales twist, Sassoon J David and Co ; 500 cwts onion, The Onion Co ; 12 cwts horns, and 20 cwts moyeteeth, M Dawoodbhoy.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Peninsular s—140 cwts sandlewood, V Javer ; 177 cwts sandlewood, E Hormusjee ; 125 bales twist, The Union Mills, Ld ; 200 bales twist, David Sassoon and Co ; 400 bales twist, Killick Nixon and Co ; 50 bales twist, The Khatao Makanji S and W Co ; 5 bales twist, The Bombay United S and W Co ; 125 bales twist, Tata and Co ; 155 bales twist, and 45 bales piece-goods, E D Sassoon and Co.

FOR KOBE.

Peninsular s—300 bales cotton, Volkart Brothers.

FOR CALCUTTA.

Kerbella s—109 bales cotton, R Luchmandas.

KARACHI EXPORTS AND IMPORTS.

(FROM 16TH TO 22ND MAY.)

EXPORTS.

Chanda s, (Bombay)—861 cwts cotton unpressed, and 411 cwts rapeseed, &c.

Java s, (Bombay)—100 bales cotton, and 1,025 cwts cotton unpressed.

Karagola s, (Bombay)—1,136 cwts cotton unpressed, 52 cwts wool unpressed, 1,002 cwts wheat, 78 cwts barley, and 250 corges skins.

Deepdale s, (Bombay)—3,061 cwts cotton unpressed, 60 cwts wool unpressed, 2,000 cwts rapeseed, &c., and 184 cwts wheat.

Kapurthala s, (Bombay)—393 cwts cotton unpressed, 2,000 cwts rapeseed, &c., 145 corges skins, and 8 corges hides.

IMPORTS.

Ehrenfels s, (Antwerp and Hamburg)—1 cwt iron bar, rods, &c., and 3 cwts steel.

Locksley Hall s, (Liverpool)—150 pieces white goods (foreign.)

Deepdale s, (London)—11 pieces prints (foreign.)

Gutenfels s, (Hamburg and Antwerp)—1 cwt iron bar, rods, &c

City of Venice s, (Liverpool via Bombay)—196 pieces prints (foreign.)

Karagola s, (Bombay)—42 cwts yellow metal.

Pachumba s, (Bombay)—1 cwt spelter.

Kapurthala s, (Bombay)—4,688 pieces grey goods (foreign) 11,252 pieces grey goods (Indian), 9,521 pieces white goods (foreign), 3,863 pieces prints (foreign), 299 pieces prints (Indian), 700 lbs grey yarns (foreign), 7,300 lbs grey yarns (Indian), 6,200 lbs T red and dyed yarns (foreign), 400 lbs T red and dyed yarns (Indian), 52 cwts copper, and 2 cwts yellow metal.

Afghan s, (London)—72 pieces white goods foreign), 35 pieces prints (foreign), 101 cwts iron bar, rods, &c., 800 cwts steel, and 8 cwts spelter.

Karagola s, (Bombay)—5,525 pieces grey goods (foreign), 5,775 pieces grey goods (Indian), 9,770 pieces white goods (foreign), 18,089 pieces prints (foreign), 2,000 lbs grey yarns (foreign), 15 cwts iron bar, rods, &c., and 6 cwts steel.

ECHOES OF SCIENCE.

AN interesting geological find has been made by Professor G. Zumoffen, of the University of Beyrout, in the grotto of Antelias, in the Lebanon. Antelias is a small Maronite village about five miles north-east of Beyrout, and near it, in a rocky gorge, there is a spring which forms the fountain-head of the Nahr Antelias river flowing into the Mediterranean. In a grotto near the spring Professor Zumoffen has unearthed a number of human bones, along with flint implements and the bones of animals. The cave is nearly 200 feet long, and varies in width from 45 to 15 feet, with a height of 20 to 25 feet.

It consists of an inner and an outer chamber joined by a narrow passage, but the fossils were all found in the front or outer chamber. The floor of the latter was a conglomerate of bony fragments, sea and land shells, flints and cinders. Under this on the surface of the soil he found traces of the hearth with fragments of bones, flints, pottery, and basaltic implements such as hammer heads. Below the surface of the soil he found clay, mixed with charcoal and cinders, and lower still, at a depth of 3ft. 6in., the remains of bones, mingled with flints and stones.

The human bones were scattered among the other debris, and the animal bones were so much broken up that it is difficult to tell their species. The implements were chiefly knives, graters and saws of flint, beautifully worked, and deer-horn or bone tools. Evidently the cave men of Antelias were hunters and their ordinary game was deer; but they were fond of molluscs and the marrow of ox bones, while fragments of human bones broken up like those of the animals, and striated as with flint weapons, appears to imply that they were canibals. Among the animals of the cave, according to Professor C. von Fritsch, were the Bos priscus, Urses aretos, Felis pardus, Sus scropha, Cervus elaphus, and other kinds of deer.

The French metre is expressed in terms of the length of a quadrant of the earth's surface, but Arago, the illustrious philosopher, regretted that it had not been determined in terms of the wave length of light. This has now been done by M. Michelson at the International Bureau of Weights and Measures, Severes. By a method based on "interference fringes," he has measured the wave lengths of different lights, and compared them with the length of the standard metre. Operating in particular with the red ray of incandescent cadmium he finds the standard metre to be correct to a demi-micron, that is to say, one five-millionth, which is about the nearest approximation to absolute accuracy that can be attained.

MM. Brown Sequard and d'Arsonval have furnished more than 1,200 French doctors with their organic liquids for hypodermic injection, and the results of application have surpassed their hopes. Above all the treatment has been successful in locomotor ataxy. Of 342 cases, 314 have been much improved or entirely cured. Pulmonary tuberculosis, superficial cancer, and trembling palsy have also been ameliorated, and a large number of cases cured.

The old plan of making theatrical lightning was to flash lycopodium powder behind a zig-zag linecut in the scenery. The new method of M. Trouve consists in moving a long bamboo rod up and down in a zig-zag direction and flashing a small electric incandescent lamp attached to the end of the rod. The flashing is done by starting and stopping the current with a commutator controlled by the foot. The sound of the wind in a storm is imitated by means of a double-action pump and two sirens, and that of hail by throwing coarse sand against a screen of osiers.

M. Marey, the well-known experimentalist, by means of photography, has been studying the interior movements of liquids by emmersing silver balls in them of the same specific gravity as the liquid, and photographing their movements by electric light. His results so far confirm the established facts of hydraulics.

Salmon from California have been successfully acclimatised on the lakes of the Marne and Saone Canal at Nievre, France. The salmon have not only been caught in the lake itself, but in the trubutary streams, where they doubtless went to spawn.

The beaver was once widely spread in Europe. In the 12th century it still existed in Great Britain, and to this day it is found in Scandinavia, Germany, on the Danube in a reservation, in the Urals, on the Caspian, and in France on the Rhone, especially near Arles, Beaucaire, and in the Camargne between the Grand Rhone and the Petit-Rhone, where some 80 or 100 form a kind of colony. Unfortunately the beaver is not protected in France, where a skin fetches 15frs., and hence it is in danger of extermination there at the hands of poachers. Naturalists will view their extinction with regret, especially as the Rhone beaver is a larger and finer animal than the American.

The beaver formerly existed all over North America, and is still found in California, Mexico, Oregon, the Rocky Mountains, and British territory. It is the national emblem of Canada, and is the totem of many Indian tribes. It appears from Mr. Martin's recent work "Castorologia, or "The history and traditions of the Canadian beaver," that many published accounts of its habits are more or less fabulous. The beaver generally works alone, and his hut is not a rounded dome plastered with mud, but a formless pile of branches and billets of wood, cut down by himself. A kind of canal is formed between the huts and the shore, as the animal moves more easily in water than on dry land. The Marquis of Lorne has seen a small island with beaver huts on it divided by a canal.

The venerable land turtle of Mauritius, to which we recently drew attention in this column, has been carefully weighed and measured. His circumference lengthwise is about 8ft., and his carapace is about 4ft. 3in. long and 4ft. 4in. wide, while his weight is about 350lbs. The weighing was rather a difficult operation, as he had to be turned over on his back and slung with ropes to a pole, then carried on the shoulders of several men to the weighing scales. The animal is the last survivor of the old race of giant land turtles in Mauritius.

Professor Morris Jastrow, junr, has recently urged the historical and comparative study of religions as a branch of study in universities and similar schools; but he is somewhat behind with his suggestion as far as Europe is at least concerned. There is more novelty in the remark of Dr. Brinton to the effect that such a study should be pursued in connection with the ethnic relations and characteristics of different races. For instance, the so-called Aryans, using the word in its broadest sense to denominate the European white race and its branches in Asia, were emancipated from the principle of local worship, to which the Semites adhered so tenaciously.

Herr Schlegel, interpreter to the Dutch Government at Batavia, showed in 1869 that many of our indoor games, such as dominoes, chess, tric-trac, baccarat, and lansquenet, have come from China, and are very old, running back two or three thousand years B. C. Dr. Ernest Martin has also shown recently that the Chinese game of kouengen is the same as that played in France at the beginning of this century under the name of diable. Two small flat circular boxes or drums are connected by a stem after the manner of two wheels and their axle. There is a hole in each drum. The performer then takes a kind of small skipping rope by the handles as if he were going to skip, and the double drum is placed on it, the cord passing under the axle. By raising and lowering his hands the double drum is caused to roll on the cord, and, acquiring a high velocity, gives out a musical note by the passage of air through the holes in the drums.

Professor Gustave Schlegel, of the University of Leyden, has recently shown that the Wen-chin or tattooed people, mentioned by the old Chinese historians as living 7,000 li north-east of Japan, were inhabitants of Ouroup, one of the Kurile Islands. Tattooing was, however, common at this time (500 A.D.) in that part of the world from Yeddo to Greenland. Professor Schlegel also maintains that Japan was formerly occupied by the small men of the Tungusic stock. No doubt the Japanese, like every other important people, are a very mixed race. Their traditions bring the true Japanese, or later immigrants, from the south, but it seldom or never happens that the earlier inhabitants of a country are wholly expelled or exterminated by successful invaders.

Mr. ROBERT F. HORTON has already gathered together into a volume (Fisher Unwin) his Yale "Lectures on Preaching," with a preface in which he declares his belief that the general contempt into which preaching has fallen on this side of the Atlantic, where the Established Church promises ere long to thrust the sermon into a corner, or even outside the precincts of its sacerdotal shrines, and where the other Churches are strongly tempted to secularise the pulpit, is due to the decay of that conception of preaching which is presented in these addresses. The lecturer's aim, he tells us, has been to show that preaching "must be the deliverance of a word of God received immediately from God." "Speaking as a man," says Mr. Horton, in his parting word, to his audience of the Yale Divinity School, "with all the limitations of human insight and judgment, I cannot but inquire, if the Prophets are to come to the world again, why not from this Western Hemisphere of buoyant hope and quickening impulse? and if from America, why not from this old and consecrated college?"

NOTICES.

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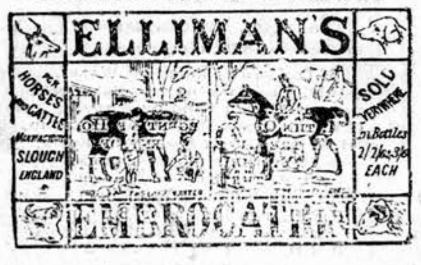

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SIRS,—Elliman's Royal Embrocation is used in my stables; I think it very useful.
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SIR,—ELLIMAN'S Royal Embrocation is used in my stables, and I consider it *indispensable* in any stable, but especially in the stable of a Master of Hounds.
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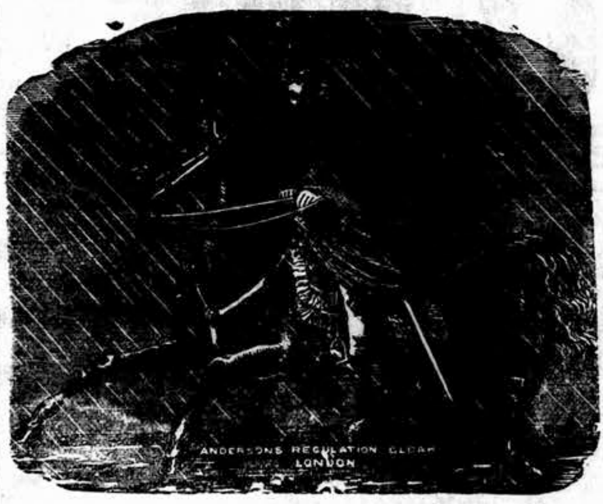

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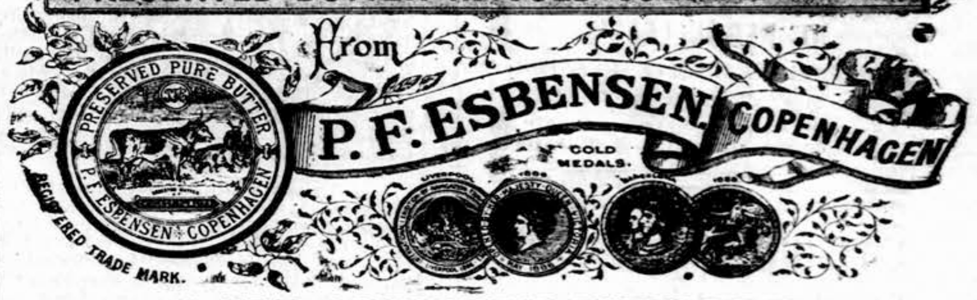

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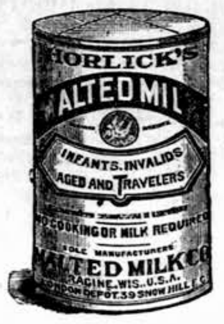
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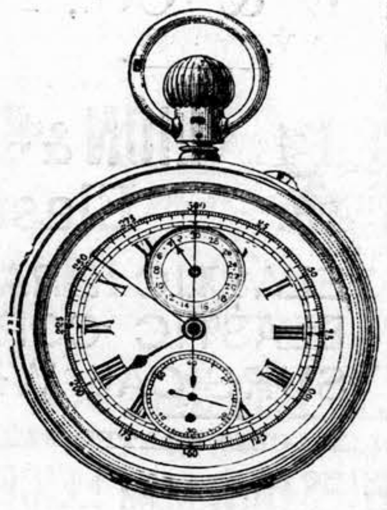

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These Illustrations are but poor representations of our Crystal Front Chronograph Watches, in Gold, Silver, or Nickel-silver cases, the movements of which are of a first rate—and of the following description : Keyless, lever escapement, compensated balances wheel, Palladium Brequet hair spring (which *never* rusts,) five pairs of Jewel holes, bold figures and hands, medium size, dome of same metal as case, a very strong and accurate watch of our own make, bearing our name on dial and works, air-tight case, warranted to go for five years *without cleaning.*

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In Silver Plain Case...	„ 90
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SO THE COMING PEN WILL BE A FOUNTAIN PEN!

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IT IS THE CROWN FOUNTAIN PEN!

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WORLD FAMED

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WORKS : MANCHESTER.

FORTIFY THE SYSTEM.

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ESSENCE OR FLUID EXTRACT OF

RED JAMAICA SARSAPARILLA

Is the only Preparation recognized by the Faculty as a wonderful

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INDISPENSABLE TO THOSE WHO VALUE HEALTH.

RELIABLE EVIDENCE OF SUPERIORITY.

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and HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS The

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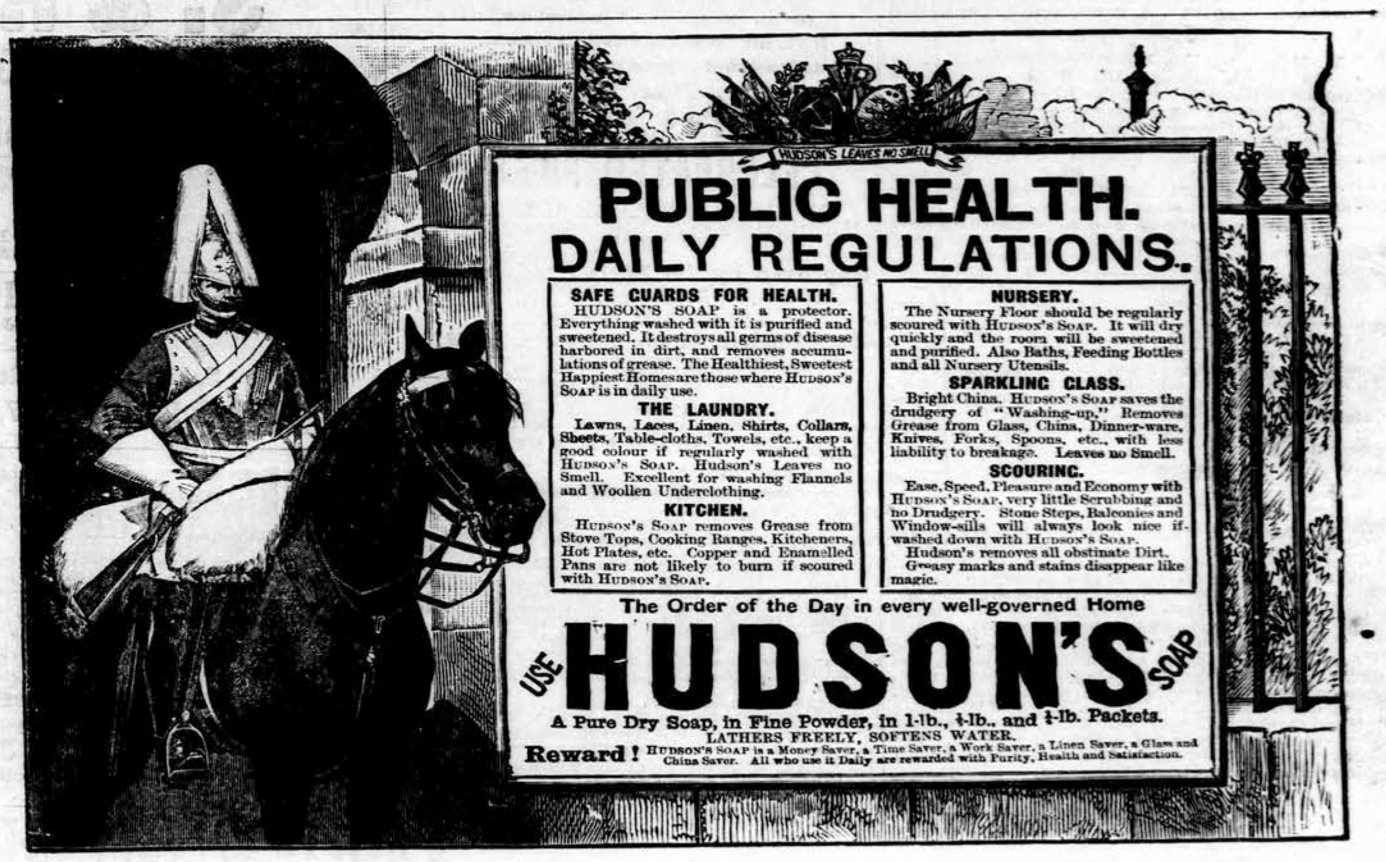

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A Pure Dry Soap, in Fine Powder, in 1-lb., ½-lb., and ¼-lb. Packets.

LATHERS FREELY, SOFTENS WATER.

Reward! HUDSON'S SOAP is a Money Saver, a Time Saver, a Work Saver, a Linen Saver, a Glass and China Saver. All who use it Daily are rewarded with Purity, Health and Satisfaction.

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HUDSON'S SOAP for Washing-up. Hudson's is as good for Plates, Dishes, Knives, Forks, &c. as for Washing Clothes. Hudson's leaves no smell.

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LE DANSK TRADE MARK

Margarine Mixture.

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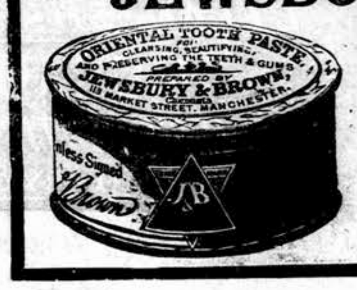

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ORIENTAL TOOTH PASTE.

White, Sound Teeth, Healthy Gums, and Pleasant Breath to Old Age.

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Very Old Special Scotch Whisky

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